

EDUS301214-N



# **Engineering Data**

# Installation

RWEYQ-PTJU 3 phase 208/230V, 60Hz

RWEYQ-PYDN 3 phase 460V, 60Hz



# Installation of Outside Units

Cen	ter of Gravity	2
Insta	allation Manual	3
2.1	RWEYQ-PTJU/RWEYQ-PYDN	3
2.2	RWEYQ-PTJU (In case of manufacturing code: RWEYQ-PTJU9)	27
Instr	uctions for Antifreeze Usage	49
REF	NET Pipe System	50
4.1	Layout Example	50
4.2	Max. Refrigerant Piping Length	52
4.3	Field Refrigerant Piping	53
4.4	REFNET Joints and Headers	54
REF	NET Joint and Header	56
5.1	REFNET Joint (Branch Kit)	56
5.2	REFNET Header (Branch Kit)	64
5.3	Outside Unit Multi Connection Piping Kit	72
Field	Setting	80
6.1	RWEYQ-PTJU/RWEYQ-PYDN	80
6.2	RWEYQ-PTJU (In case of manufacturing code: RWEYQ-PTJU9)	87
	Cent Insta 2.1 2.2 Instr REF 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 REF 5.1 5.2 5.3 Field 6.1 6.2	Center of Gravity Installation Manual 2.1 RWEYQ-PTJU/RWEYQ-PYDN 2.2 RWEYQ-PTJU (In case of manufacturing code: RWEYQ-PTJU9) Instructions for Antifreeze Usage REFNET Pipe System 4.1 Layout Example 4.2 Max. Refrigerant Piping Length 4.3 Field Refrigerant Piping 4.4 REFNET Joints and Headers REFNET Joint and Header 5.1 REFNET Joint (Branch Kit) 5.2 REFNET Header (Branch Kit) 5.3 Outside Unit Multi Connection Piping Kit Field Setting 6.1 RWEYQ-PTJU/RWEYQ-PYDN. 6.2 RWEYQ-PTJU (In case of manufacturing code: RWEYQ-PTJU9)

# 1. Center of Gravity

# RWEYQ72PTJU / RWEYQ84PTJU

Unit: in. (mm)



C: 4D066040

# RWEYQ72PYDN/RWEYQ84PYDN

Unit: in. (mm)



4D079929

# 2. Installation Manual

# 2.1 RWEYQ-PTJU/RWEYQ-PYDN



figure 8

figure 9

<RWEYQ-PYDN>

F1

11





figure 10

<RWEYQ-PYDN>





<RWEYQ-PTJU>



figure 11



2 # F1F2 F1F2 F1F2 F1F2 F1F2 F1F2 F1F2

figure 13

figure 14

figure 12







figure 23

[Heat pump system]



[Heat recovery system]



figure 24



# **1. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

Read these **SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS for Installation** carefully before installing an air conditioner or heat pump. After completing the installation, make sure that the unit operates properly during the startup operation.

Instruct the customer on how to operate and maintain the unit. Inform customers that they should store this Installation Manual with the Operation Manual for future reference.

Always use a licensed installer or contractor to install this product. Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire, or explosion.

Meanings of DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE Symbols:

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.
Indicates situations that may result in equipment or property-damage accidents only.

- —/! DANGER -
- Refrigerant gas is heavier than air and replaces oxygen. A massive leak will result in oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphyxiation hazard will result in serious injury or death.
- Do not ground units to water pipes, gas pipes, telephone wires, or lightning rods as incomplete grounding will result a severe shock hazard resulting in severe injury or death. Additionally, grounding to gas pipes will result a gas leak and potential explosion resulting in severe injury or death.
- If refrigerant gas leaks during installation, ventilate the area immediately. Refrigerant gas will result in producing toxic gas if it comes into contact with fire. Exposure to this gas will result in severe injury or death.
- After completing the installation work, check that the refrigerant gas does not leak throughout the system.
- Do not install unit in an area where flammable materials are present due to risk of explosions that will result in serious injury or death.
- Safely dispose all packing and transportation materials in accordance with federal/state/local laws or ordinances. Packing materials such as nails and other metal or wood parts, including plastic packing materials used for transportation will result in injuries or death by suffocation.
- Only qualified personnel must carry out the installation work. Installation must be done in accordance with this

installation manual. Improper installation could result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.

- When installing the unit in a small room, take measures to keep the refrigerant concentration from exceeding allowable safety limits. Excessive refrigerant leaks, in the event of an accident in a closed ambient space, could result in oxygen deficiency.
- Use only specified accessories and parts for installation work. Failure to use specified parts could result in water leakage, electric shocks, fire, or the unit falling.
- Install the air conditioner or heat pump on a foundation strong enough that it can withstand the weight of the unit. A foundation of insufficient strength could result in the unit falling and causing injuries.
- Take into account strong winds, typhoons, or earthquakes when installing. Improper installation could result in the unit falling and causing accidents.
- Make sure that a separate power supply circuit is provided for this unit and that all electrical work is carried out by qualified personnel according to local. state, and national regulations. An insufficient power supply capacity or improper electrical construction could result in electric shocks or fire.
- Make sure that all wiring is secured, that specified wires are used, and that no external forces act on the terminal connections or wires. Improper connections or installation could result in fire.
- When wiring, position the wires so that the terminal box lid can be securely fastened. Improper positioning of the terminal box lid could result in electric shocks, fire, or the terminals overheating.
- · Before touching electrical parts, turn off the unit.
- This equipment can be installed with a Ground-Fault Circuit Breaker (GFCI). Although this is a recognized measure for additional protection, with the earthing system in North America, a dedicated GFCI is not necessary.
- Securely fasten the unit terminal cover (panel). If the terminal cover/panel is not installed properly, dust or water may enter the condenser unit and could result in fire or electric shock.
- When installing or relocating the system, keep the refrigerant circuit free from substances other than the specified refrigerant (R-410A) such as air. Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit could result in abnormal pressure rise or rupture, resulting in injury.
- Do not change the setting of the protection devices. If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or

parts other than those specified by Daikin are used, fire or explosion could result.

- Do not touch the switch with wet fingers. Touching a switch with wet fingers may result in electric shock.
- Do not allow children to play on or around the unit or it may result in injury.
- The heat exchanger fins are sharp enough to cut, and may result in injury if improperly used. To avoid injury wear gloves or cover the fins while working around them.
- Do not touch the refrigerant pipes during and immediately after operation as the refrigerant pipes may be hot or cold, depending on the condition of the refrigerant flowing through the refrigerant piping, compressor, and other refrigerant cycle parts. It may result in your hands getting burns or frostbite if you touch the refrigerant pipes. To avoid injury, give the pipes time to return to normal temperature or, if you must touch them, be sure to wear proper gloves.
- Install drain piping to proper drainage. Improper drain piping may result in water leakage and property damage.
- Insulate piping to prevent condensation.
- Be careful when transporting the product.
- Do not turn off the power immediately after stopping operation. Always wait for at least 5 minutes before turning off the power. Otherwise, water leakage may result.
- Do not use a charging cylinder. Using a charging cylinder may cause the refrigerant to deteriorate.
- Refrigerant R-410A in the system must be kept clean, dry, and tight.
  - (a) Clean and Dry -- Foreign materials (including mineral oils such as SUNISO oil or moisture) should be prevented from getting into the system.
  - (b) Tight -- R-410A does not contain any chlorine, does not destroy the ozone layer, and does not reduce the earth's protection again harmful ultraviolet radiation. R-410A can contribute to the greenhouse effect if it is released. Therefore take proper measures to check for the tightness of the refrigerant piping installation. Read the chapter *Refrigerant Piping* and follow the procedures.
- Since R-410A is a blend, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state. If the refrigerant is charged in a state of gas, its composition can change and the system will not work properly.

- The indoor unit is for R-410A. See the catalog for indoor models that can be connected. Normal operation is not possible when connected to other units.
- Remote controller (wireless kit) transmitting distance can be shorter than expected in rooms with electronic fluorescent lamps (inverter or rapid start types). Install the indoor unit far away from fluorescent lamps as much as possible.
- Indoor units are for indoor installation only. Outdoor units can be installed either outdoors or indoors. This unit is for indoor use.
- Do not install the air conditioner or heat pump in the following locations:
  - (a) Where a mineral oil mist or oil spray or vapor is produced, for example, in a kitchen.
     Plastic parts may deteriorate and fall off and thus may result in
  - water leakage.
    (b) Where corrosive gas, such as sulfurous acid gas, is produced.
    Corroding copper pipes or soldered parts may result in refrigerant leakage.
  - (c) Near machinery emitting electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the operation of the control system and cause the unit to malfunction.
  - (d) Where flammable gas may leak, where there is carbon fiber, or ignitable dust suspension in the air, or where volatile flammables such as thinner or gasoline are handled. Operating the unit in such conditions may result in a fire.
- Take adequate measures to prevent the condenser unit from being used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals making contact with electrical parts may result in malfunctions, smoke, or fire. Instruct the customer to keep the area around the unit clean.
- Install the power supply and control wires for the indoor and outdoor units at least 3.5 feet away from televisions or radios to prevent image interference or noise. Depending on the radio waves, a distance of 3.5 feet may not be sufficient to eliminate the noise.
- Dismantling the unit, treatment of the refrigerant, oil and additional parts must be done in accordance with the relevant local, state, and national regulations.
- Do not use the following tools that are used with conventional refrigerants: gauge manifold, charge hose, gas leak detector, reverse flow check valve, refrigerant charge base, vacuum gauge, or refrigerant recovery equipment.
- If the conventional refrigerant and refrigerator oil are mixed in R-410A, the refrigerant may result in deterioration.
- This air conditioner or heat pump is an appliance that should not be accessible to the general public.
- As design pressure is 478 psi, the wall thickness of field-installed pipes should be selected in accordance with the relevant local, state, and national regulations.

#### INTRODUCTION 2.

This installation manual concerns VRV inverters of the Daikin RWEYQ-P series. These units are designed for indoor installation and used for cooling and heat pump applications.

The RWEYQ-P units can be combined with Daikin VRV series indoor units for air conditioning purposes.

The present installation manual describes the procedures for unpacking, installing and connecting the RWEYQ-P units. Installation of the indoor units is not described in this manual. Always refer to the installation manual supplied with these units for their installation.

#### 2-1 Combination

The indoor units can be installed in the following range.

Always use appropriate indoor units compatible with R410A. To learn which models of indoor units are compatible with R410A, refer to the product catalogs.

Total capacity/quantity of indoor units

( <b>O</b>	for the second	
(Outside unit)	(lotal capacity index of indoor units)	(Iotal quantity of indoor units)
RWEYQ72PY	′DN/TJU 36 ~ 93.5	12 units
RWEYQ84PY	′DN/TJU 42 ~ 109	14 units
RWEYQ144P	YDN/TJU 72 ~ 187	20 units
RWEYQ168P	YDN/TJU 84 ~ 218	20 units
RWEYQ216P	YDN/TJU 108 ~ 280	22 units
RWEYQ252P	YDN/TJU 126 ~ 327.5	32 units

#### 2-2 Standard operation limit

The figures below assume following operating conditions for indoor and outside units:



# $\langle In \mbox{ case of antifreeze usage} \rangle$



Range for operation

77777 Range for pull down operation

Range for warming up operation 

- Operation range of water flow rate is 13.2~39.6 gpm. (21.2~39.5 gpm) in case of antifreeze usage.)
- The unit is designed for the following operation range: Entering water temperature: 67~95°F Water flow rate: 16 gpm or more
- Can be expanded down to 14°F in heating and 27°F in cooling. Application rules apply; contact your local Daikin Sales off for design assistance. Prior Daikin dealer consulation is necessary for heat source equipment. Hold ambient temperature at 35~104°F
- Heat-release from the unit: 2420 Btu. It is therefore recommended to always ventilate the room.

#### 2-3 Standard supplied accessories

Make sure that the following accessories are included. (Check by removing the front panel.)





- Clamp (A)
- Clamp (B)
- · Conduit mounting plate
- 2. Accessory pipes
- For discharge gas
- For suction gas (1) • For suction gas (2)

#### 

The accessory pipe for discharge gas is used for the heat recovery system. (Not used for the heat pump system.)

#### 2-4 Option accessories

To install the above outside units, the following optional parts are also required.

Refrigerant branching kit

(For R410A only: Always use an appropriate kit dedicated for your system.)

#### (Heat pump system)

REFNET header	KHRP26M22H9	KHRP26M33H9	KHRP26M72H9	KHRP26M73HU9		
REFNET joint	KHRP26A22T9	KHRP26A33T9	KHRP26M72TU9	KHRP26M73TU9		

(Heat recovery system ..... For 3-tube piping)

REFNET header		KHRP25M33H9	KHRP25M72H9	KHRP25M73HU9
REFNET joint	KHRP25A22T9	KHRP25A33T9	KHRP25M72TU9	KHRP25M73TU9

#### (Heat recovery system ..... For 2-tube piping)

REFNET header KHRP26M22H9 KHRP26M33H9 KHRP26M72H9 KHRP26M73HU9 REFNET joint KHRP26A22T9 KHRP26A33T9 KHRP26M72TU9 KHRP26M73TU9 Outside unit multi connection piping kit

(For R410A only: Always use an appropriate kit dedicated for your system.)

Number of outside units connected	2 units	3 units
Heat pump system	BHFP22MA56U	BHFP22MA84U
Heat recovery system	BHFP26MA56U	BHFP26MA84U

\* To select an optimum kit, refer to "9. REFRIGERANT PIPING"

## 2-5 Technical specifications (1)

General		RWEYQ72PYDN/TJU	RWEYQ84PYDN/TJU
Nominal cooling capacity (2)	(MBH)	72	84
Nominal heating capacity (3)	(MBH)	81	94.5
Nominal input cooling / heating (4)	(kW)	4.20 / 4.00	5.60 / 5.40
Dimensions HxWxD	(inch)	39-3/8×30-3	3/4×21-11/16
Weight (YDN/TJU)	(lbs)	343/330	343/330
Connections			
refrigerant liquid pipe	(inch)	3/8	3/8
refrigerant gas pipe	(inch)	3/4	7/8
refrigerant discharge gas pipe (5)	(inch)	5/8	3/4
Water piping connections			
Inlet pipe	(inch)	1-1/4FPT female Thread	1-1/4FPT female Thread
Outlet pipe	(inch)	1-1/4FPT female Thread	1-1/4FPT female Thread
Drain pipe	(inch)	1/2FPS female Thread	1/2FPS female Thread

General		RWEYQ144PYDN/TJU	RWEYQ168PYDN/TJU
Nominal cooling capacity (2)	(MBH)	144	168
Nominal heating capacity (3)	(MBH)	162	189
Nominal input cooling / heating (4)	(kW)	8.40 / 8.00	11.20 / 10.80
Dimensions HxWxD	(inch)	(39-3/8×30-3/4	4×21-11/16)×2
Weight (YDN/TJU)	(lbs)	343×2/330×2	343×2/330×2
Connections			
refrigerant liquid pipe	(inch)	1/2	5/8
refrigerant gas pipe	(inch)	1-1/8	1-1/8
refrigerant discharge gas pipe (5)	(inch)	7/8	7/8
Water piping connections			
Inlet pipe	(inch)	(1-1/4FPT)×2 female Thread	(1-1/4FPT)×2 female Thread
Outlet pipe	(inch)	(1-1/4FPT)×2 female Thread	(1-1/4FPT)×2 female Thread
Drain pipe	(inch)	(1/2FPS)×2 female Thread	(1/2FPS)×2 female Thread

General		RWEYQ216PYDN/TJU	RWEYQ252PYDN/TJU
Nominal cooling capacity (2)	(MBH)	216	252
Nominal heating capacity (3)	(MBH)	243	283.5
Nominal input cooling / heating (4)	(kW)	12.60 / 12.00	16.80 / 16.20
Dimensions HxWxD	(inch)	(39-3/8×30-3/4	4×21-11/16)×3
Weight (YDN/TJU)	(lbs)	343×3/330×3	343×3/330×3
Connections			
refrigerant liquid pipe	(inch)	5/8	3/4
refrigerant gas pipe	(inch)	1-1/8	1-1/4
refrigerant discharge gas pipe (5)	(inch)	1	1-1/8
Water piping connections			
Inlet pipe	(inch)	(1-1/4FPT)×3 female Thread	(1-1/4FPT)×3 female Thread
Outlet pipe	(inch)	(1-1/4FPT)×3 female Thread	(1-1/4FPT)×3 female Thread
Drain pipe	(inch)	(1/2FPS)×3 female Thread	(1/2FPS)×3 female Thread

(1) Refer to the engineering data book for the complete list of specifications.

• •	0 0	
(2)	The normal cooling capacities	are based on:
	-Indoor temperature:	80°FDB / 67°FWB
	-Entering water temperature:	85°F
	-Leaving water temperature:	95°F
	-Equivalent pipe length:	25 ft
	-Level difference:	0 ft
(3)	The normal heating capacities	are based on:
	-Indoor temperature:	70°FDB / 60°FWB
	· · · · · · · · · ·	

-Entering water temperature: 70°F -Equivalent pipe length: 25 ft -Level difference: 0 ft

(4) The nominal input includes total input of the unit: compressor and control circuit.

(5) In case of heat recovery system

Compressor		RWEYQ72PYDN/TJU	RWEYQ84PYDN/TJU
Oil type		Synthetic (ether) oil	Synthetic (ether) oil
Crankcase heater	(W)	33	33
Refrigerant type		R410A	R410A
Refrigerant charge	(lbs)	9.9	11.5
Compressor		RWEYQ144PYDN/TJU	RWEYQ168PYDN/TJU
Oil type		Synthetic (ether) oil	Synthetic (ether) oil
Crankcase heater	(W)	(33)×2	(33)×2
Refrigerant type		R410A	R410A
Refrigerant charge	(lbs)	(9.9)×2	(11.5)×2
Compressor		RWEYQ216PYDN/TJU	RWEYQ252PYDN/TJU
Oil type		Synthetic (ether) oil	Synthetic (ether) oil
Crankcase heater	(W)	(33)×3	(33)×3
Refrigerant type		R410A	R410A

(9.9)×3

(11.5)×3

## 2-6 Electrical specifications

(lbs)

Refrigerant charge

Model		RWEYQ72PYDN	RWEYQ84PYDN
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	460	460
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	15	15
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	460	460
Nominal running current	(A)	5.3	7.0

Model		RWEYQ144PYDN	RWETQ168PTDN
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	460	460
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	(15)×2	(15)×2
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	460	460
Nominal running current	(A)	(5.3)×2	(7.0)×2

Model		RWEYQ216PYDN	RWEYQ252PYDN
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	460	460
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	(15)×3	(15)×3
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	460	460
Nominal running current	(A)	(5.3)×3	(7.0)×3

Frequenc

Nominal running curren

Voltage

Model		RWEYQ72PTJU	RWEYQ84PTJU
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208/230	208/230
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	40	40
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208/230	208/230
Nominal running current	(A)	11.6	15.4
Model		RWEYQ144PTJU	RWEYQ168PTJU
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208/230	208/230
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	(40)×2	(40)×2
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208/230	208/230
Nominal running current	(A)	(11.6)×2	(15.4)×2
Model		RWEYQ216PTJU	RWEYQ252PTJU
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208/230	208/230
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	(40)×3	(40)×3
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3

(Hz)

(V)

(A)

60

208/230

(11.6)×3

60

208/230

(15.4)×3

## 3. SELECTION OF LOCATION

This unit does not have specifications for outdoor installation. The unit must be installed indoors (example: machine room, ...). Paying attention to the conditions mentioned below, select the place for installation with a prior approval of customer.

- 1. The foundation is strong enough to support the weight of the unit and the floor is flat to prevent vibration and noise generation.
- 2. Consider the space required for refrigerant piping work when installing. Refer to [Necessary Space].
- 3. There is no danger of fire due to leakage of inflammable gas.
- 4. The piping length between the outside unit and the indoor unit may
- not exceed the allowable piping length. "9. REFRIGERANT PIPING". 5. Locations where the noise of the unit operating will not disturb
- nearby houses, etc.
- 6. Locations with airflow and ventilation holes capable of dissipating heat from the machine and where the ambient temperature around the outside unit is between 35 and 104°F and the humidity does not exceed 80%. Consider condensate drain of condenser unit.

#### [Necessary Space]

- When installing, secure the space mentioned below without fail. (Refer to figure 2)
  - 1. In case of a single installation [inch.]
  - 2. In case of series installations [inch.]
  - З. Top view
  - Side view
     Outside unit

  - 6. Service Space (front side)
  - Service Space (back side) 7.
  - 8. Space for installing water piping
  - \*Secure an enough space for removing the front panel. 9. Ventilation Space

  - \*above the area (::::::) of the outside unit. Secure spaces in the front, back and top sides as same as 10. the case of single installation.

#### /!\ DANGER

- · Do not install unit in an area where flammable materials are present due to risk of explosion resulting in serious injury or death.
- Refrigerant is heavier than air and replaces oxygen. A massive leak could lead to oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphyxiation hazard could occur leading to serious injury or death. Refer to the chapter "Caution for refrigerant leaks"

#### /!\ NOTE

1. An inverter air conditioner may cause electronic noise generated from AM broadcasting. Examine where to install the main air conditioner and electric wires, keeping proper distances away from stereo equipment, personal computers, etc. (Refer to figure 3)

- 1. Indoor unit
- 2. Branch switch, overcurrent breaker
- 3. Remote controller Cool/Heat selector 4.
- 5. Personal computer or radio

If the electric wave of AM broadcasting is particularly weak, keep distances of 10 ft or more and use conduit tubes for power supply and transmission wiring.

#### 2. Water quality

Water containing high level of foreign materials may cause the corrosion of heat exchanger and piping or scale accumulation. Use water satisfying "7-4 Water quality"

#### 3. Cooling tower

Use a closed type cooling tower without fail. (Open type tower cannot be used.)

Strainer

Install a strainer (50 mesh or more) without fail at the inlet of water piping. (If sands, wastes, rust particles, etc. are mixed in the water circulation system, damage to the plate-type heat exchanger may be caused by the corrosion of metal materials and clogging of the heat exchanger.

# 

- Do not install in the following locations.
- Locations such as kitchens which contain a lot of mineral oil or steam in the atmosphere or where oil may splatter on the unit.
- Resin parts may deteriorate, causing the unit to fall or leak. Locations where sulfurous acids and other corrosive gases may be
- present in the atmosphere. Copper piping and soldered joints may corrode, causing refrigerant
- to leak Locations where equipment that produces electromagnetic waves is found.

The electromagnetic waves may cause the control system to malfunction, preventing normal operation.

#### INSPECTING AND HANDLING THE UNIT 4.

At delivery, the package should be checked and any damage should be reported immediately to the carrier claims agent.

When handling the unit, take into account the following:

- 1. Fragile, handle the unit with care.
- 11 Keep the unit upright in order to avoid compressor damage.
- 2. Choose the path along which the unit is to be brought in ahead of
- time 3. In order to prevent any damage to the unit during installation, use slings (cloth) or patch plates and lift the unit referring to figure 4.
- Lift the unit preferably with a crane and 2 belts of at least 27 ft long.
- 5. When lifting the unit with a crane, always use protectors to prevent belt damage and pay attention to the position of the unit's center of gravity.
- 6. Be sure use the standard supplied accessories and dedicated parts as installation parts.
  - (Refer to figure 4)
  - 1. Patch plates or clothes
  - 2. Belt sling
- Use belt sling of 13/16" width or less which adequately bears the weight of the product.

#### 5. UNPACKING AND PLACING THE UNIT

- · Make sure the area around the machine drains properly by setting up drainage grooves around the foundation.
- Make sure the unit is installed level on a sufficiently strong base to prevent vibration and noise.
- Secure the unit to its base using foundation bolts. (Use four commercially available M12-type foundation bolts, nuts, and washers.)
- The foundation bolts should be inserted 13/16".
- Fix 4 foundation bolts.
- Support the unit with the foundation which is larger than the hatched area shown in figure 5.
  - (Refer to figure 5)
  - 1. Front side
  - Position of foundation bolts 2.
  - 3. Hole for a foundation bolt
  - (\u00f611/16" holes at 4 corners)
  - Avoid such a foundation where the unit is supported by 4 corner points.
- NOTE
- When installing the unit closely contacting the wall for any unavoidable reason, arrange so that no vibration from the unit may be transmitted to the wall surface by insulating the vibration using cushions, etc.

- If the unit is to be installed on a roof, check the strength of the roof and its drainage facilities first.
- Make sure the area around the machine drains properly by setting up drainage grooves around the foundation. (Condensate water is sometimes discharged from the outside unit
- when it is running.)
- Use a nut with a resin clip plate to protect the nut tightening part from rusting.



#### WATER PIPING WORK 6.

- The water pressure resistance of water piping of this outside unit is 285 psia
- The connection port for water piping is located in the front. The connection ports for drain piping are located in the front and back. When using the back port, change the cast iron plug from the back to the front and securely close it.
- Because of indoor use, carry out piping work in such a way no water may drop on the outer plate.
- The lateral protruding section of the drain piping should be short (within 15-3/4) and installed in a downward direction. The diameter of drain pipe should be the same as the diameter of unit connection (1/2) or more.
- The diameter of water pipe should be the same as the diameter of unit connection (1-1/4) or more.
- Install an air purge valve in the midway of the water piping to prevent cavitation.
- After completing the drain piping work, make sure that the water runs smoothly without any clogging by dust.
- Do not connect the drain outlet to the water outlet.
- Install a strainer (50 mesh or more) in the inlet of water piping within a distance of 4.9 ft from the outside unit. (If sand, waste or rust particles are mixed in the water circulation
- system, metal materials will become corrosive.) Install insulation on the inlet/outlet of water piping to prevent condensation and freezing.

At installing insulation on water in/outlet pipe, use Polyurethane form thickness 3/16 in. for insulation of water piping socket on heat exchanger

- Install insulation up to the base of heat exchanger as shown in the figure 6.
- Install a gate valve for chemical cleaning in an easy position to handle
- Use water pipes in compliance with the local and national codes.
- Run the water pump to flush inside of water piping.
  - Then, clean the strainer.
- If there is a possibility of freezing, take measures to prevent freezing. Tighten securely the connection of water piping and socket with

tightening torque of 220 ft-lbf or less. (If a large torque is applied, the unit may be damaged.)

(Refer to figure 6)

ဖံ

3/1

- Air purge
- 2. Outlet of water
- з. Inlet of water
- Gate valve Water piping socket Water piping 4. 5.
- 6.
- 7. Insulation
- 8. Heat exchanger 9
- Strainer 10.
- Drain valve Connection port to draining piping 11.
- Insulation cover 12.
- 13. 3-1/8 in. or less
- 14. Insulation of water piping socket
- 15. Drain piping

## 7. HANDLING OF THE BRAZED PLATE-TYPE HEAT EXCHANGER

## CAUTION

A brazed plate-type heat exchanger is used for this unit. Because its structure is different from a conventional type heat exchanger, it must be handled in a different manner.

#### 7-1 When designing the equipment

- 1. Install a strainer (50 mesh or more) at the water inlet side adjacent to the outside unit in order to prevent any foreign materials such as dust, sand, etc. from entering
- 2. Depending on the water quality, scale may stick to the plate-type heat exchanger. In order to remove scale, it is necessary to use chemicals to clean it at regular intervals. To this end, install a gate valve in the water piping. Set up a piping connection port on the piping between this gate valve and the outside unit for cleaning by chemicals
- 3. For the purpose of cleaning and water drain-off from the outside unit (water draining during a long period of non-use in winter, draining upon starting of season-off), install an "air discharge valve" and a "water draining plug" at the inlet/outlet ports of water piping. In addi-tion, install an "automatic air discharging valve" at the top of riser pip-ing or at the top of a portion where air tends to stay.
- 4. Independent of the piping inlet of the outside unit, install a cleanable strainer at a portion close to the pump piping inlet.
- 5. Carry out complete cooling/thermal insulation of water piping and outdoor dehumidification. If complete cooling or thermal insulation has not been carried out, any damage may be caused during severe winter due to freezing, in addition to thermal loss.
- 6. When you stop operation during night or winter, it is necessary to take measures to prevent water-related circuits from natural freezing in the area the ambient temperature drops below 32°F (by water drain off, keeping the circulation pump running, warming up by a heater, etc.) Freezing of water related circuits may result in any damage to the plate-type heat exchanger. Therefore, take appropriate measures depending on the circumstances of use.
  - (Refer to figure 7)
  - Example of piping 1.
  - 2. Water inlet pipinc
  - Strainer
  - 2. 3. 4. Air discharge valve (for joint use with cleaning port)
  - 5. Cleaning device
  - 6. Strainer for pump 7. Automatic air discharge valve
  - 8. Water outlet piping
  - Joint use with water draining plug 9.
  - Plate-type heat exchanger 10.
  - 11. Outside unit

#### 7-2 Before starting a test run

- 1. Before starting a test run, please make sure that the piping work has been carried out in a proper manner. Especially, make sure that the strainer, air discharge valve, automatic water supply valve, expansion tank and cistern are positioned at their places correctly.
- 2. After water has been completely filled in, first run the pump only, and then make sure that no air has been caught in the water circulation system and that the water flow rate is correct. If any air has been caught or the flow rate is not enough, the plate-type heat exchanger may freeze. Measure any water pressure loss before and after the outside unit and make sure that the flow rate is as designed. In case of any abnormality, stop the test run immediately and carry out trouble shooting to resolve the trouble.
- 3. Following the installation manual, carry out a test run of the outside unit.
- 4. After the test run has been completed, inspect the strainer at the inlet piping of the outside unit. Clean it if it is dirty.

#### 7-3 Daily service and maintenance

1. Management of water quality

The plate-type heat exchanger has a structure that does not permit dismantling and cleaning, or replacing any parts. Please pay attention carefully to the quality of water to be used for the plate-type heat exchanger in order to prevent corrosion and sticking of scale. The water to be used for the plate-type heat exchanger should have at least the quality as specified in the table below.

When using any corrosion prevention agent, scale depressant agent, etc., such agent should have no corrosive features against stainless steel and copper.

- 2. Management of condenser water flow rate
  - If the condenser water flow rate is not enough, it will result in freezing damage to the plate-type heat exchanger. Check for any clogging of the strainer, any air being caught, any reduction in the flow rate due to failure of the circulation pump by measuring the temperature and pressure differences at the inlet and outlet ports of the plate-type heat exchanger. If the aged difference in the temperature or pressure has increased beyond the proper range, the flow rate should have decreased. Stop the operation and remove the cause before restarting the operation.
- 3. Steps to be taken if a freeze-protection device is activated If the freeze-protection device is activated during operation, be sure to remove the cause before restarting the operation. If the freeze protection device has been once activated, a partial freezing has already occurred. If you restart the operation without removing the cause, the plate-type heat exchanger will be closed and the ice cannot be melted, and in addition, the freezing process will be repeated, resulting in any damage to the plate-type heat exchanger, and this can lead to refrigerant leaking or water entering the refrigerant circuit

#### 7-4 Water guality

#### Water quality standards for condenser water, hot water and makeup water (4) (6)

Cooling water system (3)		Hot water system (2)		Tondonov (1)		
	Circulatio	on system	Hot water system (2)		rendency (1)	
Item (5)	Circulation water	Makeup water	Circulation water (68°F ~ 140°F) Makeup water		Corrosion	Scale
		Stand	ard items			
pH (77°F)	6.5 to 8.2	6.0 to 8.0	7.0 to 8.0	7.0 to 8.0	0	0
Electrical Conductivity (mS/ft)(77°F)	Less than 24.4	Less than 9.1	Less than 9.1	Less than 9.1	0	0
Chloride ions (mgcl7/L)	Less than 200	Less than 50	Less than 50	Less than 50	0	
Sulfate ions (mgSO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> /L)	Less than 200	Less than 50	Less than 50	Less than 50	0	
Acid consumption (pH4.8) (mgCaCO <sub>3</sub> /L)	Less than 100	Less than 50	Less than 50	Less than 50		0
Total hardness (mgCaCO <sub>3</sub> /L)	Less than 200	Less than 70	Less than 70	Less than 70		0
Calcium hardness (mgCaCO3/L)	Less than 150	Less than 50	Less than 50	Less than 50		0
Ionic-state silica (mgSiO <sub>2</sub> /L)	Less than 50	Less than 30	Less than 30	Less than 30		0
		Refere	nce items			
Iron (mgFe/L)	Less than 1.0	Less than 0.3	Less than 1.0	Less than 0.3	0	0
Copper (mgCu/L)	Less than 0.3	Less than 0.1	Less than 1.0	Less than 0.1	0	
Sulfate ion (mgS <sup>2·</sup> /L)	Shall not be detected	Shall not be detected	Shall not be detected	Shall not be detected	0	
Ammonium ion (mgNH4 <sup>+</sup> /L)	Less than 1.0	Less than 0.1	Less than 0.3	Less than 0.1	0	
Residual chlorine (mgCl/L)	Less than 0.3	Less than 0.3	Less than 0.25	Less than 0.3	0	
Free carbon dioxide (mgCO <sub>2</sub> /L)	Less than 4.0	Less than 4.0	Less than 0.4	Less than 4.0	0	
Stability index	6.0 to 7.0	_	_	_	0	0

[NOTES]

- (1) The circle marks in the columns for corrosion or scale to develop.
  (2) Corrosion has a tendency to occur when water temperature is high (104°F or more), and if metals with no protective coating whatsoever are directly exposed to water, it would be a good idea to take effective measures against corrosion such as adding a corrosion inhibitor or deterioration treatment.
- (3) In a condenser water circuit that uses a closed cooling tower, the closed circuit circulating water and makeup water must satisfy its water quality standards for the hot water system, and passing water and makeup water must satisfy those for the circulation type cooling water system.
- (4) The supply water must be clean tap water, industrial water or clean underground water.
- Do not use purified or softened water. (5) The fifteen items in the table above represent typical causes of cor-
- rosion and scale.
- (6) Once-through water may cause corrosion.
- Do not use once-through water.

#### 7-5 Maintenance of plate-type heat exchanger

The performance of a plate-type heat exchanger may decline due to scale accumulation. It may be damaged by freezing due to the drop of flow rate. For this reason, it is necessary to carry out programmed maintenances at a regular interval in order to prevent the scale from being generated.

- 1. Before entering the season for use, carry out the following inspections:
  - 1) Conduct a water quality test and make sure that it is within the standard.
  - 2) Clean the strainer.
  - 3) Make sure that the flow rate is correct.
  - Make sure that the operational conditions (pressure, flow rate, outlet temperature, etc.) are normal.
- Because the plate-type heat exchanger has a structure which does not permit disassembling and cleaning, follow the following procedures for cleaning:
  - For maintenance purposes it is required to provide for a connection port on the water inlet and on the water outlet. You must connect a circulation pump in between these 2 connection ports when cleaning the plate-type heat exchanger with chemicals.

For cleaning the scale in the plate-type heat exchanger it is recommended to use a solution with 5% diluted formic, citric, oxalic, acetic or phosphoric acid.

Never use hydrochloric, sulfuric or nitric acid because such solutions have a strong corrosive feature.

- Make sure to provide for a stop valve in front of that inlet water pipe connection port and for a stop valve after the outlet water pipe connection port.
- 3) Connect the piping for circulation of cleaning chemicals to the inlet and outlet piping of plate-type heat exchanger. Fill the cleaning solution of 122 - 144°F for a while in the plate-type heat exchanger. Then, circulate the cleaning solution by a pump for 2-5 hours.

The time for cleaning depends on the temperature of cleaning solution or the degree of scale accumulation. Therefore, please watch the change of the dirtiness (color) of cleaning solution to determine the level of removal of scale.

- 4) After circulating the cleaning solution, discharge the solution from the plate-type heat exchanger, fill the heat exchanger with a solution of 1-2% sodium hydroxide (NaOH) or sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>). Circulate this solution for 15-20 minutes for neutralization purpose.
- After the process of neutralization has been completed, rinse the inner part of the plate-type heat exchanger with care using fresh and clean water.
- 6) When using any cleaning agent sold in the market, check in advance that such agent has no corrosive features against stainless steel and copper.
- 7) For details of cleaning method, ask the manufacturer of related cleaning agent.
- After cleaning has been completed, make sure that the unit can be operated in a normal fashion.

## 8. FIELD WIRING

#### 

- All field wiring and components must be installed by a licensed electrician and must comply with relevant local and national regulations.
   The field wiring must be carried out in accordance with the wiring
- The field wiring must be carried out in accordance with the wiring diagrams and the instructions given below.
- Be sure to use a dedicated power supply circuit. Never use a power supply shared by another appliance.
- Do not operate until refrigerant piping work is completed. (If operated before complete the piping work, the compressor may be broken down.)
- Never remove thermistor, sensor or etc. when connecting power supply and transmission wiring.
- (If operated with thermistor, sensor or etc. removed, the compressor may be broken down.)
- Be sure to install a ground fault circuit interrupter.
   (This unit uses an inverter, so install a ground fault circuit interrupter that is capable of handling high harmonics in order to prevent malfunctioning of a ground fault circuit interrupter itself.)
- functioning of a ground fault circuit interrupter itself.)This product have reversed phase protection detector only works when the product started up.
- Replace two of the three phases (L1, L2, and L3) during reversephase protection circuit operation.
   Reversed phase detection is not performed while the product is
- Do not run the unit by short cutting the protection device (S1PH).
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power supply goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.
- · Attach the power supply wiring securely.

#### 8-1 Optional parts

#### Cool/Heat selector

- S1S ...... Selector switch (fan, cool/heat)
- S2S ..... Selector switch (cool/heat)

#### 

- Use copper conductors only.
- When using the adaptor for sequential start, refer to chapter "Examples".
- For transmission wiring to outside-outside transmission F1-F2, outside-indoor transmission F1-F2, refer to chapter "Examples".
- For transmission wiring to the central remote controller, refer to the installation manual of the central remote controller.
- Use insulated wire for the power supply.

#### 8-2 Power supply circuit and wire requirements

A power supply circuit (see table below) must be provided for connection of the unit. This circuit must be protected with the required safety devices, i.e. a main switch, a slow blow fuse on each phase and a ground fault circuit interrupter.

	Phase and frequency	Voltage	Minimum circuit amp.	Recommended fuses	Transmission wiring selection
RWEYQ72/84PYDN	φ3, 60 Hz	460 V	10.2 A	15 A	AWG18-16
RWEYQ144/168PYDN	φ3, 60 Hz	460 V	10.2+10.2 A	15+15 A	AWG18-16
RWEYQ216/252PYDN	φ3, 60 Hz	460 V	10.2+10.2+10.2 A	15+15+15 A	AWG18-16
RWEYQ72/84PTJU	φ3, 60 Hz	208/230 V	22.4 A	40 A	AWG18-16
RWEYQ144/168PTJU	φ3, 60 Hz	208/230 V	22.4+22.4 A	40+40 A	AWG18-16
RWEYQ216/252PTJU	φ3, 60 Hz	208/230 V	22.4+22.4+22.4 A	40+40+40 A	AWG18-16

#### 

- Select the power supply wire in accordance with relevant local and national regulations.
  - Wire size must comply with the applicable local and national code.
- Specifications for local power supply and branch wiring are in compliance with local code.

#### 8-3 General

- Make sure to connect the power supply wire to the power supply terminal block and to clamp it as shown in figure 8, chapter "Field wiring connection"
- As this unit is equipped with an inverter, installing a phase advancing capacitor will not only reduce the power factor improvement effect but also may cause the capacitor to overheat due to high-frequency
- waves. Therefore, never install a phase advancing capacitor. Keep power supply imbalance within 2% of the supply rating
- 1. Large imbalance will shorten the life of the smoothing capacitor.
- 2. As a protective measure, the product will stop operating and an error indication will be made, when power supply imbalance
- exceeds 4% of the supply rating.Follow the "electrical wiring diagram" when carrying out any electrical wiring.
- Only proceed with wiring work after blocking off all power supply Always ground wires. (In accordance with national regulations of the
- pertinent country.) This unit uses an inverter, and therefore generates noise, which will have to be reduced to avoid interfering with other devices. The outer casing of the product may take on an electrical charge due to leaked electrical current, which will have to be discharged with the ground
- This unit has a negative phase protection circuit. (If it operates, only operate the unit after correcting the wiring.)

# WARNING -

Do not ground units to gas pipes, sewage pipes, lightning rods, or telephone ground wires because incomplete grounding could cause a severe shock hazard resulting in severe injury or death. **Gas pipes:** can explode or catch fire if there is a gas leak. **Sewage pipes:** no grounding effect is possible if hard plastic piping is used

Telephone ground wires and lightning rods: dangerous when struck by lightning due to an abnormal rise in electrical potential in the grounding.

#### 8-4 Examples

System example (Refer to figure 8)

- Field power supply 1.
  - Main switch 2.
  - 3. Disconnect switch Fuse
  - 4. 5. Ground fault circuit interrupter
  - Remote controller 6.
  - Outside unit
  - 8. Branch Selector unit
- Indoor unit 10.
  - Cool/Heat selector power supply wiring (sheathed wire) transmission wiring (sheathed wire)

- Use a conduit for the power supply wiring. Outside the unit, make sure the low-voltage electric wiring (i.e. for the remote controller, transmission, etc.) and the high-voltage electric wir-ing do not pass near each other, keeping them at least 5 in. apart. Proximity may cause electrical interference, malfunctions, and breakage.
- Be sure to connect the power supply wiring to the power supply ter-minal block and secure it as described in **Field wiring connection**.
- Transmission wiring should be secured as described in Field wiring connection.
- Secure the wiring with the accessory clamps so that it does not touch the piping. Make sure the wiring and the control box cover do not stick up above
- the structure, and close the cover firmly.

#### /! WARNING

Never connect power supply wiring to the terminal block for remote controller wiring as this could damage the entire system.

# Picking power supply and transmission wiring (Refer to figure 9)

- Power supply wiring and wiring for pump operation 1. (High voltage)
- 2. Transmission wiring
- (Low voltage)
- Set apart 3.

Connect the wire to the terminal block on PC board with care since too much pressure may cause breakage of the PC board. Field wiring connection: transmission wiring, interlock circuit, pump

operation output and Cool/Heat selector

Power supply and transmission wiring: Connect it using conduit mounting plates.



#### [In case of single outside unit]

### (Refer to figure 10)

- 1. Cool/Heat selector
- Outside unit PC board (A1P) 2.
- Take care of the polarity з.
- Use the conductor of sheathed wire (2 wire) (no polarity) 4 Terminal board (field supply)
- 5.
- 6. Indoor unit
- Never connect the power supply wire.
- Branch Selector unit A 8.
- Branch Selector unit B 9.
- 10. Last Branch Selector unit
- 11. Cool-only unit 12. ABC I/P PC board (A5P)

### [In case of multiple outside units]

- (Refer to figure 11)
- 1. Unit A (Master unit)
- Unit B
- Unit C
- TO IN/D UNIT
- 5. TO OUT/D UNIT
- TO MULTI UNIT 6.
- To Cool/Heat selector (only Heat pump system) 7.
- To indoor unit 8.
- 9. To other systems
- · The transmission wiring between the outside units in the same pipe line must be connected to the Q1/Q2 (Out Multi) terminals. Connecting the wires to the (Out-Out) terminals results in system
- malfunction. The wiring for the other pipe line must be connected to the F1/F2
- (Out-Out) terminals of the PC board in the outside unit to which the transmission wiring for the indoor units is connected
- The outside unit to which the transmission wiring for the indoor units is connected is master unit.
- The transmission wiring between the outside units must be 100 ft. in length at maximum



- · Be sure to keep the power supply and transmission wiring apart from each other
  - Be careful about polarity of the transmission wiring.

Make sure that the transmission wiring is clamped as shown in the figure in chapter "Field wiring connection".

Check that wiring does not make contact with refrigerant piping. Firmly close the lid and arrange the electric wires so as to prevent the lid or other parts from coming loose.

#### [Setting the interlock circuit and pump operation output.]

#### (Pump operation output [high voltage])

- Use insulated wires of the size as mentioned below having rated voltage of 250 V or more:
- For single core: AWG16 or larger (conduit pipe work)
- For multiple cores: AWG18 or larger
- \*The wiring for pump operation output is to be procured locally. (Refer to figure 12)

  - 1. Pump operation output terminal (X2M). When water pump is linked with system operation, water pump operation circuit shall be set between terminals (1) and (2)
  - Contact specification --- 220 VAC, 3 mA-0.5 A

3P153897-12X

# 2. з. 4.

- 2. PC board (A1P)
- 3. Mount an insulation sleeve. 4.
  - Connection of interlock circuit Do not forget to connect an interlock circuit (an auxiliary acontact of electromagnetic switch for the water pump) to each outside unit

(Select without fail an auxiliary a-contact able to switch minimum load of DC15 V, 1 mA.)

(When connecting for each outside unit)

Connect to the terminal block (X3M) as shown in the bottom right of the sketch.

(When connecting multiple outside units as 1 single unit (centralized interlock))

For this unit, it is possible to make a centralized interlock of multiple outside units using an adapter (sold separately as an accessory) for external control of outside units.

For details of wiring connection, refer to "How to centralized interlock wiring

5. ABC I/P PC board (A5P

#### (How to the centralized interlock wiring)

- When centralized interlock is done, see "8-5 In case of a local setting" -(3)
- · No wiring to terminal block X3M is necessary when centralized interlock is employed.
- For multiple outside units, external/external transmission wiring shall be done for master unit only.
  - (Refer to figure 13)
  - 1. Outside unit A
  - 2. Outside unit B
  - Outside unit C 3.
  - Adapter for external control 4.
  - 5. Interlock circuit of water pump
  - Out-Out transmission wiring Use the conductor of sheathed wire (2 wire) (no polarity)

#### [Setting the cool/heat operation type]

Performing cool/heat setting with the remote controller con-nected to the indoor unit.

Keep the Cool/Heat selector switch (DS1) on the outside unit PC board (A1P) at the factory setting position OFF.

(Refer to figure 16) Remote controller

2. Performing cool/heat setting with the Cool/Heat selector. Connect the Cool/Heat selector (optional) to the A/B/C terminals and set the Cool/Heat selector switch (DS1) on the outside unit PC board (A1P) to ON. (Refer to figure 17)

1. Cool/Heat selector

- 2. ABC I/P PC board (A5P)
- The wiring from the indoor units must be connected to the F1/F2 (In-Out) terminals on the PC board in the outside unit.
- For the above wiring, always use sheathed vinyl wire with AWG18-16 (2 core wire). (3 core wire is allowable for the Cool/Heat selector only.)

#### NOTE /!\

All transmission wire is field supply. Be sure to follow the limits below. If the transmission wiring is beyond these limits, it may result in malfunction of transmission. Maximum wiring length: 3280 ft

Total wiring length:	6560 ft.
Max. branches No. of branches:	16
Wire length between outside units:	98 ft.
-	

Up to 16 branches are possible for transmission wiring. No branching is allowed after branching

Never connect the power supply to transmission wiring terminal block. Otherwise the entire system may break down.

- (Refer to figure 14)
- 1. Branch
- Subbranching

For low-noise operation, it is necessary to get the optional "External control adaptor for outside unit". For details, see the installation manual attached to the adaptor.

Field wiring connection:

L1, L2, L3, phase of the power supply wiring should be clamped to the safety catch using the included clamp material.

The green and yellow striped wrapped wires should be used for grounding

Make sure to connect the power supply wire to the power supply terminal block and fix it using attached clamp as shown in figure 15 and 19. (Refer to figure 15)

- 1. Power supply
- Branch switch, overcurrent breaker
- 3. Grounding wire
- 4. Ground fault circuit interrupter
- Attach insulation sleeves 5.
- Power supply terminal block 6.
- Grounding terminal
- 8. Retain the ground wires along with the power supply wires using the accessory clamp (A).
- 9. Grounding wire
- When wiring, do not allow the ground wires to contact the 10. compressor lead wires. If the wires contact each other, adverse effects may occur to other units.
- 11. When connecting two wires to one terminal, ensure that the crimp-style terminals face with each other back to back. Moreover, make sure that the wire of the smaller gauge is located above.
- 12. Terminal block
- Crimp-style terminal 13.
- Wire gauge: Small 14.
- 15. Wire gauge: Large

## (Refer to figure 19)

- 1. Intake for power supply wiring, pump operation output (high voltage) and ground wiring.
- Stop valve for discharge gas (high temperature part)
- 3. Insert the accessory clamp (B) in the hole of the fixing plate
- for stop valve. Power supply wiring, pump operation output (high voltage) and ground wiring.
- 5. Retain the power supply wiring, pump operation output (high voltage) and ground wiring with the accessory clamp (B) to prevent them from touching with the stop valve for discharge gas
- 6. Insert the accessory clamp (B) in the hole of the bottom of electrical box
- Intake for transmission wiring. (low voltage) 7.
- 8. Make sure to provide for a downward loop in the transmission wiring right in front of the location where the wiring is to be fixed over the top plate of the control box. This in order to prevent that condensate drips off the wiring into the control box
- 9. Fix the transmission wiring to resin clamps with the accessory clamps (A)
- 10. Pass the transmission wiring (low voltage) through the wire clip.
- 11. Retain the power supply wiring, pump operation output (high voltage) and ground wiring to the bottom of electrical box with the accessory clamp (B)



· Use only specified wire and connect wires to terminals tightly. Be careful that wires do not place external stress on terminals. Keep wires in neat order so as not to obstruct other equipment. Incomplete connections could result in overheating, and in worse cases, electric shock or fire.



- Use an appropriate screwdriver for tightening the terminal screws. A screwdriver with a small head will strip the head and make proper tightening impossible.
- Over-tightening the terminal screws may break them. See the table below for tightening torque for the terminal screws.

	Tightening torque (ft · lbf)
M5 (Power supply terminal block)	2 21 2 02
M5 (Ground)	2.21-3.02
M3 (Transmission wiring terminal block)	0.59-0.72

## (Precautions when connecting the ground)

When pulling the ground wire out, wire it so that it comes through the cut out section of the cup washer. (An improper ground connection may prevent a good ground from being achieved.)



#### 8-5 In case of a local setting

If necessary, do the local settings as mentioned in the table below. For setting, refer to the plate "Cares to be taken in servicing" attached to the cover of control box

#### Typical local settings

For other settings than mentioned in the table below, refer to the equipment design materials and service manual.

(1) Setting of switching between cooling and heating	This setting is done when switching between cooling and heating is performed by a switching remote controller (sold separately as an accessory) installed on the outside unit.
(2) Setting to prohibit sequenced start	This setting is done when the outside units are not started in a sequenced order.
(3) Setting of centralized interlock Setting of external demand	These settings are done when the interlocks are connected in a lump-sum manner or when performing a demand opera- tion by external instruction.
(4) Setting of abnormal display when interlock contact is OFF	This setting is done when making an abnormal display (HJ) on a remote controller when the interlock contact is OFF (when the heat source water pump is not operated).

# CAUTION

A separate adapter (sold separately as an accessory) for external control of an outside unit is necessary when doing a demand operation from an external instruction, setting of cooling and heating through a centralized remote controller for cooling and heating (sold separately as an accessory) and setting of centralized interlock. For details, refer to the manual attached to the adapter.

# **REFRIGERANT PIPING**

## CAUTION

After completing installation, be sure to open the valves. (See **9-9 Additional refrigerant charge** for details) (Operating the

unit with the valves shut will break the compressor.) Use R410A to add refrigerant. (The R410A refrigerant cylinder has

a pink stripe painted around it.) All field piping must be installed by a licensed refrigeration technician and must comply with relevant local and national regulations. CAUTION TO BE TAKEN WHEN BRAZING REFRIGERANT PIPING

Do not use flux when brazing copper-to copper refrigerant piping. (Particularly for the HFC refrigerant piping) Therefore, use the phosphor copper brazing filler metal (B-Cu93P-710/795: ISO 3677) which does not require flux.

Note: Flux has an extremely negative effect on refrigerant piping systems. For instance, if the chlorine based flux is used, it will cause pipe corrosion or, in particular, if the flux contains fluorine, it will damage the refrigerant oil

#### A NOTE

- Installation tools:
  - Gauge manifold, charge hose, etc.

Make sure to use installation tools that are exclusively used for R410A installations to withstand the pressure and to prevent foreign materials (e.g. mineral oils such as SUNISO and moisture) from mixing into the system (The screw specifications differ for R410A and R407C.)

#### Vacuum pump

- 1. Use a 2-stage vacuum pump with a non-return valve.
- 2. Make sure the pump oil does not flow oppositely into the system while the pump is not working.
- 3. Use a vacuum pump which can evacuate to 500 microns.

#### 9-1 Selection of piping material

- 1. Foreign materials inside pipes (including oils for fabrication) must be 9 ma/10 ft or less.
- 2. Use the following material specification for refrigerant piping:
  - Construction material: Phosphoric acid deoxidized seamless copper for refrigerant.
  - Size: Determine the proper size referring to chapter "Example of connection".
  - The wall thickness of the refrigerant piping should comply with relevant local and national regulations. For R410A the design pressure is 450 psig.
- 3. Make sure to use the particular branches of piping that have been selected referring to chapter "Example of connection".
- 4. Refer to chapter "Stop valve operation procedure" in 9-10 about the stop valve operation procedure.
- Make sure to perform the piping installation within the range of the maximum allowable pipe length, allowable level difference and allowable length after branching as indicated in chapter "Example of connection
- 6. For installation of the refrigerant branching kit, refer to the installation manual delivered with the kit.
  - And follow the conditions listed below.
  - Mount the REFNET joint so that it branches either horizontally or vertically.
  - Mount the REFNET header so that it branches horizontally. (Refer to figure 22)
    - 1. Horizontal connections
    - Up to ± 15° or vertically 2.
    - Horizontal connections
- 7. To connect the piping between outside units, an optional piping kit (multi connection piping kit) is always required. When installing the piping, follow the instructions in the installation manual that comes with the kit.

#### Restriction for the installation of the outside unit multi connection piping kit

- Install the joint horizontally within a lean of ±15° with caution nameplate on top. Refer to figure 23 (Fig. A) Do not connect it vertically. Refer to figure 23 (Fig. B)
- Reserve the straight part of 19-11/16 in. or more to the branch pipe and do not bend the local pipe in that area. Straight part of 19-11/16 in. or more can be reserved if a local pipe (straight pipe) of 4-3/4 in. or more is connected to the joint. Refer to figure 23 (Fig. C)

Incorrect installation may cause breakage of outside unit.
 (Pofor to figure 22)

- (Refer to figure 23) 1. Caution nameplate
- **2.** Horizontal line
- 3. Ground
- 4. Straight part of 19-11/16 in. or more
- 5. Local pipe
  - (4-3/4 in. length or more)

#### Precautions when selecting branch piping.

If the overall equivalent length of piping between the outside units and indoor units is 262.5 ft or more, be sure to enlarge the main pipe in the liquid-side branch piping.

Depending on the length of the refrigerant piping, the cooling/heating capacity may drop, but even in such cases it is ok to enlarge the main pipe.

#### (Refer to figure 21)

- Outside unit
- 2. Main pipe
- 3. Enlarge
- 4. The first refrigerant branching kit.
- 5. Indoor unit

Liquia siaej	
RWEYQ72/84P type:	
RWEYQ144P type:	
RWEYQ168/216P type:	
RWEYQ252P type	

#### 9-2 Protection against contamination when installing pipes

- ing pipes
- Take measures to prevent foreign materials like moisture and contamination from mixing into the system.

Place	Installation period	Protection method	
Outdoor	More than a month	Pinch the pipe	
Outdool	Less than a month	Binch or topo the pipe	
Indoor Regardless of the period		Pinch of tape the pipe	

 Great caution is needed when passing copper tubes through walls.

#### 9-3 Pipe connection

- Only use the flare nuts included with the unit.
- Using different flare nuts may cause the refrigerant to leak.
- Be sure to perform a nitrogen blow when brazing. (Brazing without performing nitrogen replacement or releasing nitrogen into the piping will create large quantities of oxidized film on the inside of the pipes, adversely affecting valves and compressors in the refrigerating system and preventing normal operation.)
- Do not use a flux when brazing the refrigerant pipe joints. Use phosphor copper brazing (B-Cu93P-710/795: ISO 3677) which does not require flux.

(Flux has an extremely negative effect on refrigerant piping systems. For instance, if chlorine based flux is used, it will cause pipe corrosion. If the flux contains fluorine, it will damage the refrigerant oil.)

#### 

- Use of oxygen could cause an explosion resulting in severe injury or death. Only use nitrogen gas.
- Refrigerant gas may produce toxic gas if it comes in contact with fire such as from a fan heater, stove or cooking device. Exposure to this gas could cause severe injury or death.

## 

The pressure regulator for the nitrogen released when doing the brazing should be set to 2.9 psig or less.

- (Refer to figure 18)
- Refrigerant piping
   Location to be brazed
- 3. Nitrogen
- 4. Taping
- 5. Manual valve
- 6. Regulator

#### Precautions when connecting pipes

- See the following table for flare part machining dimensions.
- When connecting the flare nuts, apply refrigerant oil to the inside of the flares and turn them three or four times at first. (Use ester oil or ether oil.)
- See the following table for tightening torque.
- (Applying too much torque may cause the flares to crack.)
- After all the piping has been connected, check the gas leak with nitrogen.

pipe size (in.)	tightening torque (ft. · lbf)	A (in.)	flare shape
φ 3/8"	24.1 - 29.4	0.504 - 0.520	90'±2
φ 1/2"	36.5 - 44.5	0.638 - 0.654	
φ 5/8"	45.6 - 55.6	0.760 - 0.776	R=0.016-0.031

#### -Not recommendable but in case of emergency

You must use a torque wrench but if you are obliged to install the unit without a torque wrench, you may follow the installation method mentioned below.

# After the work is finished, make sure to check that there is no gas leak.

When you keep on tightening the flare nut with a spanner, there is a point where the tightening torque suddenly increases. From that position, further tighten the flare nut the angle shown below:

		(01
Pipe size	Further tightening angle	Recommended arm length of tool
φ 3/8"	60 to 90 degrees	Approx. 7-7/8
φ 1/2"	30 to 60 degrees	Approx. 9-13/16
φ 5/8"	30 to 60 degrees	Approx. 11-13/16
φ 3/4"	20 to 35 degrees	Approx. 17-3/4

#### 9-4 Connecting the refrigerant piping

# Connect piping to outside unit by using accessory pipes

- (Refer to figure 20) 1. Gas side piping
- 2. (field supply)
- 3. Gas side accessory pipe (for suction gas (1))
- 4. Liquid side pipe (field supply)
- 5. Flare nut (Included in the unit)
- Accessory pipes (for discharge gas and suction gas (2)) is not used.
- 7. Piping on discharge gas side (field supply)
- 8. Piping on suction gas side (field supply)
- 9. Cut off the hatched area and use it as a cover for the drilled.
- 10. Hatched area
- 11. Accessory pipe (for discharge gas)
- 12. Accessory pipe (for suction gas)
- 13. Guideline for pipe machining
- 14. Accessory pipe (for suction gas (2))
- 15. Brazing
- **16.** Accessory pipe (for suction gas (1))
- 17. Before fitting to the product, apply brazing.

#### 

- Be sure to use the attached pipe when carrying out piping work in the field.
- Be sure that the local piping does not touch other pipes, the bottom
  panel or side panel. Especially for the bottom and side connection, be
  sure to protect the local piping with the provided insulation, to prevent
  it from coming into contact with the casing.

#### Precautions for installation of units

- The outside unit multi connection piping kit that is sold separately as an option (BHFP22MA56U + 84U, BHFP26MA56U + 84U) is necessary for the multi installation of outside units.
- See the installation manual attached to the kit with attention to installation restrictions described in "connecting the refrigerant piping" when installing.



2. The gas piping (both discharge and suction gas piping in case of the heat recovery system) after branched, install without fail a trap of 8 in. or more using the piping included in the piping kit for connecting the outside unit. Otherwise, the refrigerant may stay within the piping, causing any damage to the outside unit.



3. If the piping length between the outside unit connecting pipe kit or between the outside units exceeds 80 in., create a rise of 8 in. or more in the gas piping within a length of 80 in. from the kit.



## 9-5 Example of connection

 In case of a system of switching between cooling and heating, all systems use 2-tube piping (for suction gas piping and liquid piping). No Branch Selector unit is required.

	Technifie 3.6) unit     (B) a + 0 ≤ 390.1.       F1 be 3.31, BSVO26, 60 s 13.1 franci BSVO36 is 19.7.1.)       F1 be 3.31, BSVO26, 50 s 13.1 franci BSVO36 is 19.7.1.)       F2 manufactor       F2 manufactor <th>Indicort unit         Pipulos sizos (unue diamatero)           Indicato Vapo         Indicato Sizos         Indicato Sizos           07-18 (pois         Indicato Sizos         Indicato Sizos           24-48 (pois</th>	Indicort unit         Pipulos sizos (unue diamatero)           Indicato Vapo         Indicato Sizos         Indicato Sizos           07-18 (pois         Indicato Sizos         Indicato Sizos           24-48 (pois
	Image         Image <th< th=""><th>Signal (1/2)     Signal (1/2)     Signal (1/2)       Signal (1/2)     Signal (1/2)     Signal (1/2)</th></th<>	Signal (1/2)     Signal (1/2)     Signal (1/2)
	consider (> 3 mode)     Consider (> 3 mode)     Earning 2.50.11       III Behrenen custed (> 2 mode)     Earning 2.50.11     Earning 2.50.11       III Behrenen custed (> 2 mode)     < 3.80.11     Earning 2.50.11       Detween custed (> mode)     < 3.81.1     Earning 2.50.11       Detween custed (> mode)          Detween custed (>	<sup>1</sup> (223) <sup>1</sup> (223)
Image: Constraint of the state of	I engh Pipe langth between langth Egundant 1.4) und inggh Egundant 1.4) und rela pipet group function i heapth Difference in heapth i heapth Difference in h	H=         (Total loop)(1) of 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,
Carample of connection         Connection of a price units heat paran system (Connection of a price units heat paran system) (connection of a price units heat paran system) (moor unit adde screen price units heat paran system) (RWEVQ)         Single ou unit inst (RWEVQ)           • Pping between outside unit and B unit — (Thest new): 3-bas pping { Sustain system — (The system concerve) { Sustain system — (The system concerve) is the NWEVC04.4 or mon, e-exact he pulside unit active the sustaide branch seen staffer pulside unit a she first outside branch matteries	Maximum between outside (*)         Actual pipe Environment allowation Between outside formerts and outside unit Between outside and modor units allowation between outside and modor units allowation for outside and modor units performerts and the filt outside and modor units allowation for and and outside units allowation for and and outside and modor units allowation for the branch Allowation transformert and and allowation for the branch filterant branch kits can only be used with R410A.         Actual pipe Difference Allowation for the branch Allowation for the blower difference of the branch and and allowation difference of the branch and and allowation for the program between outside and modor units of the branch and and allowation for the program between outside branch and following figure.	How to calculate the additional refrigerant to be charged Addition refrigerant to be charged R (te) (R and be reunded of in units of 0.1 fas) NOT: If a negative result is gotten br R from the formula at right, no refrigerant needs to be added.

\*For Geothermal Applications, if the condenser is lower than the indoor units, the maximum vertical separation is 65 ft (20 m).

#### 9-6 Air tight test and vacuum drying

The units were checked for leaks by the manufacturer.

Confirm that the valves are firmly closed before Air tight test or vacuum drying.

To prevent entry of any impurities and ensure sufficient pressure resistance, always use the special tools dedicated for R410A.

- Air tight test: Make sure to use nitrogen gas
- (For the service port location, refer to the "Caution" label attached on the front panel

1. [Service precautions] Label

[right] of the outside unit.) (Refer to figure)

2.

Pressurize the liquid and gas pipes to 550 psi (do not pressurize more than

Control box cover

3. [Caution] Label

550 psi). If the pressure does not drop within 24 hours, the system passes the test. If the pressure drops. check where the nitrogen leaks from.

- Vacuum drying: Use a vacuum pump which can evacuate to 500 microns
  - 1. Evacuate the system from the liquid and gas pipes by using a vacuum pump for more than 2 hours and bring the system to 500 microns or less. After keeping the system under that condition for more than 1 hour, check if the vacuum gauge rises or not. If it rises, the system may either contain moisture inside or have leaks
- 2. Following should be executed if there is a possibility of moisture remaining inside the pipe (if piping work is carried out during the raining season or over a long period of time rainwater may enter the pipe during work).

After evacuating the system for 2 hours, pressurize the system to 7.25 psig (vacuum break) with nitrogen gas and evacuate the system again using the vacuum pump for 1 hour to 500 microns or less (vacuum drying). If the system cannot be evacuated to 500 microns within 2 hours, repeat the operation of vacuum

break and vacuum drying. Then, after leaving the system in vacuum for 1 hour, confirm that the vacuum gauge does not rise.

# NOTE

Make sure to perform air tight test and vacuum drying using the service ports of the stop valve shown in the table below

One outside unit installed	Liquid side stop valve Discharge gas side stop valve Suction gas side stop valve
Multiple outside units installed	Liquid side stop valve Discharge gas side stop valve Suction gas side stop valve Oil-equalizing stop valve

### 9-7 Pipe insulation

After finishing the leak test and vacuum drying, the piping must be insulated. Take into account the following points:

Make sure to insulate the connection piping and refrigerant branch kits entirely

- Be sure to use insulation that is designed for use with HVAC Systems.
- If you think the humidity around the cooling piping might exceed 86°F and RH80%, reinforce the insulation on the cooling piping (at least 13/16" thick). Condensation might form on the surface of the insulation.
- If there is a possibility that condensation on the stop valve might drip down into the indoor unit through gaps in the insulation and piping because the outside unit is located higher than the indoor unit, etc., this must be prevented by caulking the connections, etc.

### WARNING

· Be sure to insulate connection piping, as touching them can cause burns.

# 9-8 Checking of device and installation conditions

Be sure to check the followings.

- 1. Make sure there is no faulty power supply wiring or loosing of a nut. See "8. FIELD WIRING".
- 2. Make sure there is no faulty transmission wiring or loosing of a nut. See "8. FIELD WIRING".
- Make sure there is no faulty refrigerant piping.
- See "9. REFRIGERANT PIPING".
- 4. Make sure piping size is correct. See "9-1 Selection of piping material".
- 5. Make sure insulation work is done.
- See "9-7 Pipe insulation".
- Make sure insulation resistance of main power supply circuit is not deteriorated

Using a megatester for 500 V, check that the insulation resistance of  $2~\text{M}\Omega$  or more is attained by applying a voltage of 500 V DC between power supply and ground terminals. Never use the megatester for the transmission wiring (between outside and indoor unit, outside and Cool/Heat selector and etc.).

#### 9-9 Additional refrigerant charge

### WARNING -

- To avoid injury always use protective gloves and eye protection when charging refrigerant.
- To avoid injury do not charge with unsuitable substances. Use only the appropriate refrigerant.

#### <u>/</u>!\ NOTE

· Refrigerant cannot be charged until field wiring has been completed.

Refrigerant may only be charged after performing the leak test and the vacuum drying (see above).

When charging a system, care shall be taken that its maximum permissible charge is never exceeded, in view of the danger of liquid hammer

Refrigerant containers shall be opened slowly

#### TO AVOID COMPRESSOR BREAKDOWN. DO NOT CHARGE THE REFRIGERANT MORE THAN THE SPECIFIED AMOUNT TO RAISE THE CONDENSING PRESSURE.

- This outside unit is factory charged with refrigerant and depending on pipe sizes and pipe lengths some systems require additional charging of refrigerant.
- Determine the amount of refrigerant to be added by referring to the table, write it down on the included "Added Refrigerant" plate and attach it to the rear side of the front cover.

# Note: refer to the example of connection for the amount to be added.

## Additional refrigerant charge procedure (1)-normally

- Charge the refrigerant to the liquid pipe in its liquid state. Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, its composition changes if charged in a state of gas and normal system operation would no longer be assured.
- Make sure to use installation tools you exclusively use on R410A installations to withstand the pressure and to prevent foreign materials from mixing into the system.
- 1. Before charging, check whether the tank has a siphon attached or not.

#### How to charge with the siphon tank.

Charge with the tank upright.	
/ There is a siphon tube $\land$	
inside, so there is no need	
\ to turn the tank upside-down. /	
Other ways of charging with the tank.	

Charge with the tank upside-down.





- After the vacuum drying is finished, charge the additional refrigerant in its liquid state through the liquid stop valve service port. Taking into account following instructions:
  - Check that gas and liquid stop valves are closed.
  - Stop the compressor and charge the specified weight of refrigerant.

(If the outside unit is not in operation and the total amount cannot be charged, follow the Additional refrigerant charge procedure (2) shown below.)

- - Procedures for charging additional refrigerant.
  - (Refer to figure 24)
  - 1. Pressure reducing valve
  - 2. Nitrogen
  - 3. Refrigerant tank
  - 4. With a siphon
  - 5. Measuring instrument
  - 6. Vacuum pump
  - 7. Valve A
  - 8. Valve B
  - 9. Charge hose
  - 10. Outside unit
  - 11. Gas side
  - 12. Liquid side
  - 13. Discharge gas side
  - 14. Suction gas side
  - 15. Stop valve service port
  - 16. To indoor unit
  - 17. To indoor units / BS units
  - 18. Dotted lines represent onsite piping

Additional refrigerant charge procedure (2)-by Additional refrigerant charge operation

To learn the system settings for additional refrigerant charging, refer to the [Service Precaution] label attached on the back of the control box cover in the outside unit.

- 1. Fully open all stop valves (valve A and valve B must be left fully closed).
- 2. After ten minutes, fully close liquid side stop valve and then, open the valve by turning  $180^\circ.$ 
  - Start the additional refrigerant charge operation.

See [Service precautions] Label for detail.

If it is difficult to charge the refrigerant additionally, decrease the water temperature or warm the refrigerant tank.

- (Warm the refrigerant tank with a stupe or a warm hot water of 104°F or less.)
- **3.** After the system is charged with a specified amount of refrigerant, press the RETURN button (BS3) on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to stop the additional refrigerant charge operation.
- Immediately open both liquid-side and gas-side stop valve. (If do not open the stop valve immediately, liquid seal may cause the pipe to burst.)



 If the refrigerant cylinder is siphonal, set it upright while charging additional refrigerant.

#### 9-10 Stop valve operation procedure

# 

Do not open the stop valve until 1-6 of "9-8 Checking of device and installation conditions" are completed. If the stop valve is left open without turning on power supply, it may cause refrigerant to buildup in the compressor, leading to insulation degradation.

#### Opening stop valve

- Remove the cap and turn the valve counterclockwise with the hexagon wrench.
- 2. Turn it until the shaft stops.

Do not apply excessive force to the stop valve. Doing so may break the valve body, as the valve is not a backseat type. Always use the special tool.

3. Make sure to tighten the cap securely.

#### **Closing stop valve**

- 1. Remove the cap and turn the valve clockwise with the hexagon wrench.
- 2. Securely tighten the valve until the shaft contacts the main body seal.
- **3.** Make sure to tighten the cap securely.

\* For the tightening torque, refer to the table on the below.

#### Tightening torque

	Tightening torque ftlbf. (Turn clockwise to close)								
Stop valve size	Shaft (valve body)		Cap (valve lid)	Service port	Flare nut	Gas side accessory pipe (1)			
Liquid side	3.98-4.87 Hexagonal wrench 1/8 in.		9.95-12.17	8.48-10.25	24.1-29.4	-			
Gas side	19.91-24.33	Hexagonal wrench 3/8 in.	26.54-32.44	8.48-10.25	-	16.22-20.65			

#### (Refer to figure 25)

- 1. Service port
- **2.** Cap
- 3. Hexagon hole
- 4. Shaft
- 5. The main body seal

#### (Caution)

- · Do not damage the cap sealing.
- Always use a charge hose for service port connection.
- After tightening the cap, check that no refrigerant leaks are present.
- After working, securely tighten the cover of service port without fail by specified torque.
- When loosening a flare nut, always use two wrenches in combination. When connecting the piping, always use a spanner and torque wrench in combination to tighten the flare nut.
- When connecting a flare nut, coat the flare (inner and outer faces) with ether oil or ester oil and hand-tighten the nut 3 to 4 turns as the initial tightening.
  - Do not forget to open the stop valve before starting operation. (Refer to figure 26)
    - 1. Remove the cap and turn the valve counterclockwise with the hexagon wrenches until it stops.
    - 2. Discharge gas side
    - 3. Liquid side
    - 4. Suction gas side
    - 5. Never remove the partition flange for any reason.
    - 6. Full close on the suction gas side

# **10. CHECKS AFTER INSTALLATION**

# — / WARNING -

- Never connect power supply wiring to the terminal block for remote controller wiring as this could damage the entire system.
- Attach the power supply wire securely.
- To avoid injury, always make sure that the circuit breaker on the power supply panel of the installation is switched off before doing any work.

After the installation, check the following before switching on the circuit breaker:

- 1. The position of the switches that requires an initial setting Make sure that switches are set according to your application needs before turning the power supply on.
- 2. Power supply wiring and transmission wiring Use a designated power supply and transmission wiring and make sure that it has been carried out according to the instructions described in this manual, the wiring diagrams and local and national regulations.
- **3.** Pipe sizes and pipe insulation Make sure that correct pipe sizes are installed and that the insulation work is properly executed.
- 4. Additional refrigerant charge The amount of refrigerant to be added to the unit should be written on the included "Additional Refrigerant" label, and attach it to the rear side of the front cover.
- 5. Measurement of insulation in main power supply circuit Using a megatester for 500 V, check that the insulation resistance of 2 M $\Omega$  or more is attained by applying a voltage of 500 V DC between power supply and ground terminals. Never use the megatester for the transmission wiring.
- 6. Installation date Be sure to keep record of the installation date on the "Additional Refrigerant" label.

# 11. TEST RUN

# 

After completing installation, be sure to open the valves. (Operating the unit with the valves shut will break the compressor.)

### 11-1 Air discharge

 Running the heat source water pump, carry out air discharge process until the water comes out from the air discharge hole of local piping.

(For the operation to be done for the first time after installation, you need to perform a checking operation.)

### 11-2 Before turn on the power supply

- · Close the control box cover securely before turning on power supply.
- Make settings for outside unit PC board (A1P) after turning on the power supply and check the LED display from inspection door that is on the control box cover.

## 11-3 Check operation

When running the unit for the first time after installation, be sure to perform a test operation following these steps. (Not performing a test operation when the unit is first installed may prevent the unit from operating properly.)

 During the operation, monitor the outside unit operation status and check for any incorrect wiring.

				_							
(1) Check the connection of interlock circuit				The outside unit cannot be operated if the interlock circuit has not been connected.							
<ul> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system settings onsite by using the dipswitch (DS1) on the outside unit PC-Board (A1P) and push button switches (BS1 to 5).</li> <li>When the system is in the multiple-outside unit configuration, perform the configuration on the main unit. (Any settings made on a sub unit will be ignored.)</li> </ul>				Always perform configuration after turning ON the power supply. To learn the setting method, refer to the [Service Precautions] label attached at the position shown in the figure on the right (Control box cover in outside unit). (Remember, the actual settings you have made must be recorded on the [Service Precautions] label.)							
After this, close the	e control t	oox co	ver.								
(3) Turn ON the power supply to the out- side units and indoor units.				M 6 is in	ake su hours neces arily by	ire to t before sary to y the e	urn Ol startii warn lectric	N the p ng the n the c heate	oower : operat rankca r.	supply tion. Tl ase pre	nis Iim-
(4) Start the heat sour and fill the heat so outside unit.	rce water urce wate	pump er in th	e	Tł he	he outs eat sou	side ur urce w	nit can ater pu	not be ump is	opera not ru	ted if t nning.	ne
(5) Make sure that the heat source water operation range (6	e tempera is kept wi i0 - 100°F	ture of thin th ).	fie	Tł te	he outs mpera	side ur ture o	nit can utside	not be the op	opera peration	ted at n range	a ə.
(6) Check the LED on mission is perform	the PC b ed norma	oard ( Illy.	A1P	) ir	n the o	utside	unit to	see i	f the da	ata trai	าร-
LED display (Default status before delivery)	Microcomputer operation nonitor	Page	Read Error	iy/	Cooler/h Individual	eater cha Bulk (main)	ngeover Bulk (sub)	Low noise	Demand	Multi	
One outside unit installed	HAP	H1P	H2I	P	H3P	H4P	H5P	H6P	H7P	H8P	
When multiple Master station	0	ě	ě		0	ě	·	•	·	0	
outside unit Sub station 1	0	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	0	
<ul> <li>(*) The base (main) unit is the outside unit tindoor units is connected. The other outs</li> <li>(7)• Using the push button switches (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (A1P) of outside unit, carry out a local setting, if necessary.</li> <li>When the system is in the multiple-fioutside unit configuration, perform the configuration on the main unit.</li> </ul>				It to which the interconnecting wiring for the utside units are sub units. Always perform configuration after turning ON the power supply. To learn the setting method, refer to the [Service Precautions] label attached at the position shown in the figure on the right (Control box cover in outside unit). (Remember, the actual settings you have							
will be ignored.)				Precautions] label.)							
<ul> <li>(8) Check all stop valves are opened.</li> <li>If some stop valve is closed, open them.</li> <li>(Refer to "9-10 Stop valve operation procedure".)</li> </ul>				[CAUTION] Do not leave any stop valve closed. Otherwise the compressor will fail. For Heat recovery system of cooling and heating: Open all stop valves on the suction side, discharge gas side and liquid side. For cooling and heating switching operation system: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid side. (Keep the stop valve on suction side fully closed.)							
(9)Perform the check operation following the instructions printed on the [Service Precautions] label.			and liquid side. (Keep the stop valve on suction side fully closed.) If you push the test run button (BS4) on the PC board (A1P) of the outside unit for 5 seconds, the test run starts. If you want to interrupt the test run, push the RETURN button (BS3) on PC board (A1P) of the outside unit. The system continues residual operation for about 1 minute (maximum 10 minutes) and then stops. (During test run, you cannot stop it by a command from a remote controller.) You need to perform the above settings on the PCB by accessing the PCB through the inspection cover on the con-				gs				

#### (Refer to figure 27)

- Control box
- 2. Control box cover
- 3. Service lid
- 4. Inspection cover
- 5. [Service precaution] Label

#### (Cautions for check operation)

- If the system is started within about 12 minutes after the outside/ indoor units are turned ON, the compressor will not run and H2P lights up. Before starting an operation, always verify that the LED display shows the contents of the table in "11-3 Check operation (6)".
- The system may require up to 10 minutes until it can start the compressor after an operation start. This is a normal operation to equalize the refrigerant distribution.
- The check operation does not provide any means of checking the indoor units individually. For that purpose, perform normal operation using the remote controller after the check operation.
- Check operation is not possible in other modes such as collection mode.
- If the setting of indoor remote controller is changed before the check operation, it may not be performed correctly and malfunction code "UF" may be displayed.

#### Remote controller displays malfunction code

tion code	Installation error	Remedial action
E3 E4 F3 F6 UF U2	The stop valve of an out- side unit is left closed.	Open the stop valve. Check referring to the table in "9-9 Additional refrigerant charge".
U1	The phases of the power supply to the outside units are reversed.	Exchange two of the three phases (L1, L2, L3) to make a positive phase connection.
U1 U2 U4	No power is supplied to an outside or indoor unit (including phase interrup- tion).	Check if the power supply wiring for the outside units are con- nected correctly. (If the power supply wire is not connected to L2 phase, no mal- function display will appear and the compressor will not work.) Check if the ground fault circuit interrupter in the outside unit is ON.
UF	Incorrect transmission between units	Check if the refrigerant piping and the unit transmission wiring are consistent with each other.
E3 F6 UF U2	Refrigerant overcharge	Recalculate the required amount of refrigerant from the piping length and correct the refrigerant charge level by recovering any excessive refrig- erant with a refrigerant recovery machine.
E4 F3	Insufficient refrigerant	<ul> <li>Check if the additional refrigerant charge has been finished correctly.</li> <li>Recalculate the required amount of refrigerant from the piping length and add an adequate amount of refrigerant.</li> </ul>
U7 UF	If an outside multi termi- nal is connected when there is one outside unit installed	Remove the wiring from the out- side multi terminals (Q1 and Q2).
UF E4	The operation mode on the remote controller was changed before the check operation.	Set the operation mode on all indoor unit remote controllers to "cooling."
HJ	The heat source water is not circulating.	Make sure that the water pump is running.
U3	The check operation has not been performed.	Perform the check operation.
E2 E3	E3 is activated, so On/Off button is pressed on the remote controller, but this does not turn E3 off. Or E2 is activated. In case of above, there is a malfunc- tion of the compressor in the outside unit.	Measure the insulation resis- tance of the compressor to check the condition of the com- pressor.

#### 11-4 Check of normal operation

After the check operation is completed, operate the unit normally. (Heating is not possible if the outdoor temperature is 75°F or higher. Refer to the Operation manual.) Check the below items.

- Make sure the indoor and outside units are operating normally (If a knocking sound can be heard in the liquid compression of the compressor, stop the unit immediately and then energize the heater for a sufficient length of time before restarting the operation.)
- Run each indoor unit one at a time and make sure the corresponding outside unit is also running.
- Check to see if cold (or hot) air is coming out of the indoor unit.
  Press the fan direction and fan strength buttons on the indoor unit to check if they operate properly.

#### 

#### (Cautions for normal operation check)

- Once stopped, the compressor will not restart in about 5 minutes even if the **On/Off** button of an indoor unit in the same system is pressed.
- When the system operation is stopped by the remote controller, the outside units may continue operating for further 5 minutes at maximum.
- If the system has not undergone any check operation by the test operation button since it was first installed, an malfunction code "U3" is displayed. In this case, perform check operation referring to "11-3 Check operation".
- After the test operation, when handing the unit over to the customer, make sure the control box cover, the service lid, and the unit casing are all attached.

# **12. CAUTION FOR REFRIGERANT LEAKS**

# 

 Refrigerant gas is heavier than air and replaces oxygen. A massive leak could lead to oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphysiation hazard could occur leading to serious injury or death.

#### (Points to note in connection with refrigerant leaks) Introduction

The installer and system specialist shall secure safety against leakage according to local regulations or standards. The following standards may be applicable if local regulations are not available.

The VRV System, like other air conditioning systems, uses R410A as refrigerant. R410A itself is an entirely safe non-toxic, non-combustible refrigerant. Nevertheless care must be taken to ensure that air conditioning facilities are installed in a room which is sufficiently large. This assures that the maximum concentration level of refrigerant gas is not exceeded, in the unlikely event of major leak in the system and this in accordance to the local applicable regulations and standards.

#### Maximum concentration level

The maximum charge of refrigerant and the calculation of the maximum concentration of refrigerant is directly related to the humanly occupied space in to which it could leak.

The unit of measurement of the concentration is  $lb/ft^3$  (the weight in lb. of the refrigerant gas in 1  $ft^3$  volume of the occupied space).

Compliance to the local applicable regulations and standards for the maximum allowable concentration level is required.



1. direction of the refrigerant flow

room where refrigerant leak has occurred (outflow of all the refrigerant from the system)

Pay a special attention to the place, such as a basement, etc. where refrigerant can stay, since refrigerant is heavier than air.

#### Procedure for checking maximum concentration

Check the maximum concentration level in accordance with steps 1 to 4 below and take whatever action is necessary to comply.

1. Calculate the amount of refrigerant (lb.) charged to each system separately.

amount of refriger- ant in a single unit system (amount of refrigerant with which the system is charged before	+	additional charging amount (amount of refrigerant added locally in accordance with the length or diameter of the refrig-	=	total amount of refriger- ant (lb.) in the system
leaving the factory)		erant piping)		

# 

- Where a single refrigerant facility is divided into 2 entirely independent refrigerant systems then use the amount of refrigerant with which each separate system is charged.
- **2.** Calculate the smallest room volume (ft<sup>3</sup>) In case like the following, calculate the volume of (A), (B) as a single room or as the smallest room.
  - A. Where there are no smaller room divisions



**B.** Where there is a room division but there is an opening between the rooms sufficiently large to permit a free flow of air back and forth.



- 1. opening between rooms
- 2. partition

(Where there is an opening without a door or where there are openings above and below the door which are each equivalent in size to 0.15% or more of the floor area.)

3. Calculating the refrigerant density using the results of the calculations in steps 1 and 2 above.

total volume of refrigerant in the

refrigerant system maximum concen- $\leq$ size (ft<sup>3</sup>) of smallest room in which there is an indoor unit installed

tration level (lb./ft3)

If the result of the above calculation exceeds the maximum concentration level then make similar calculations for the second then third smallest room and so until the result falls short of the maximum concentration

4. Dealing with the situations where the result exceeds the maximum concentration level.

Where the installation of a facility results in a concentration in excess of the maximum concentration level then it will be necessary to revise the system. Please consult your Daikin supplier.

# 2.2 RWEYQ-PTJU (In case of manufacturing code: RWEYQ-PTJU9)





figure 10





figure 11

figure 12







figure 13

figure 14



figure 15

3P153897-15T



3P153897-15T

[Heat pump system]



[Heat recovery system]



figure 24



# **1. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

Read these **SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS for Installation** carefully before installing an air conditioner or heat pump. After completing the installation, make sure that the unit operates properly during the startup operation.

Instruct the customer on how to operate and maintain the unit. Inform customers that they should store this Installation Manual with the Operation Manual for future reference.

Always use a licensed installer or contractor to install this product. Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire, or explosion.

Meanings of DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE Symbols:

ANGER	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
• WARNING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.
/ NOTE	Indicates situations that may result in equipment or property-damage accidents only.

- —/! DANGER -
- Refrigerant gas is heavier than air and replaces oxygen. A massive leak will result in oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphyxiation hazard will result in serious injury or death.
- Do not ground units to water pipes, gas pipes, telephone wires, or lightning rods as incomplete grounding will result a severe shock hazard resulting in severe injury or death. Additionally, grounding to gas pipes will result a gas leak and potential explosion resulting in severe injury or death.
- If refrigerant gas leaks during installation, ventilate the area immediately. Refrigerant gas will result in producing toxic gas if it comes into contact with fire. Exposure to this gas will result in severe injury or death.
- After completing the installation work, check that the refrigerant gas does not leak throughout the system.
- Do not install unit in an area where flammable materials are present due to risk of explosions that will result in serious injury or death.
- Safely dispose all packing and transportation materials in accordance with federal/state/local laws or ordinances. Packing materials such as nails and other metal or wood parts, including plastic packing materials used for transportation will result in injuries or death by suffocation.
- Only qualified personnel must carry out the installation work. Installation must be done in accordance with this

installation manual. Improper installation could result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.

- When installing the unit in a small room, take measures to keep the refrigerant concentration from exceeding allowable safety limits. Excessive refrigerant leaks, in the event of an accident in a closed ambient space, could result in oxygen deficiency.
- Use only specified accessories and parts for installation work. Failure to use specified parts could result in water leakage, electric shocks, fire, or the unit falling.
- Install the air conditioner or heat pump on a foundation strong enough that it can withstand the weight of the unit. A foundation of insufficient strength could result in the unit falling and causing injuries.
- Take into account strong winds, typhoons, or earthquakes when installing. Improper installation could result in the unit falling and causing accidents.
- Make sure that a separate power supply circuit is provided for this unit and that all electrical work is carried out by qualified personnel according to local. state, and national regulations. An insufficient power supply capacity or improper electrical construction could result in electric shocks or fire.
- Make sure that all wiring is secured, that specified wires are used, and that no external forces act on the terminal connections or wires. Improper connections or installation could result in fire.
- When wiring, position the wires so that the terminal box lid can be securely fastened. Improper positioning of the terminal box lid could result in electric shocks, fire, or the terminals overheating.
- Before touching electrical parts, turn off the unit.
- This equipment can be installed with a Ground-Fault Circuit Breaker (GFCI). Although this is a recognized measure for additional protection, with the earthing system in North America, a dedicated GFCI is not necessary.
- Securely fasten the unit terminal cover (panel). If the terminal cover/panel is not installed properly, dust or water may enter the condenser unit and could result in fire or electric shock.
- When installing or relocating the system, keep the refrigerant circuit free from substances other than the specified refrigerant (R-410A) such as air. Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit could result in abnormal pressure rise or rupture, resulting in injury.
- Do not change the setting of the protection devices. If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or

parts other than those specified by Daikin are used, fire or explosion could result.

- Do not touch the switch with wet fingers. Touching a switch with wet fingers may result in electric shock.
- Do not allow children to play on or around the unit or it may result in injury.
- The heat exchanger fins are sharp enough to cut, and may result in injury if improperly used. To avoid injury wear gloves or cover the fins while working around them.
- Do not touch the refrigerant pipes during and immediately after operation as the refrigerant pipes may be hot or cold, depending on the condition of the refrigerant flowing through the refrigerant piping, compressor, and other refrigerant cycle parts. It may result in your hands getting burns or frostbite if you touch the refrigerant pipes. To avoid injury, give the pipes time to return to normal temperature or, if you must touch them, be sure to wear proper gloves.
- Install drain piping to proper drainage. Improper drain piping may result in water leakage and property damage.
- Insulate piping to prevent condensation.
- Be careful when transporting the product.
- Do not turn off the power immediately after stopping operation. Always wait for at least 5 minutes before turning off the power. Otherwise, water leakage may result.
- Do not use a charging cylinder. Using a charging cylinder may cause the refrigerant to deteriorate.
- Refrigerant R-410A in the system must be kept clean, dry, and tight.
  - (a) Clean and Dry -- Foreign materials (including mineral oils such as SUNISO oil or moisture) should be prevented from getting into the system.
  - (b) Tight -- R-410A does not contain any chlorine, does not destroy the ozone layer, and does not reduce the earth's protection again harmful ultraviolet radiation. R-410A can contribute to the greenhouse effect if it is released. Therefore take proper measures to check for the tightness of the refrigerant piping installation. Read the chapter *Refrigerant Piping* and follow the procedures.
- Since R-410A is a blend, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state. If the refrigerant is charged in a state of gas, its composition can change and the system will not work properly.

- The indoor unit is for R-410A. See the catalog for indoor models that can be connected. Normal operation is not possible when connected to other units.
- Remote controller (wireless kit) transmitting distance can be shorter than expected in rooms with electronic fluorescent lamps (inverter or rapid start types). Install the indoor unit far away from fluorescent lamps as much as possible.
- Indoor units are for indoor installation only. Outdoor units can be installed either outdoors or indoors. This unit is for indoor use.
- Do not install the air conditioner or heat pump in the following locations:
  - (a) Where a mineral oil mist or oil spray or vapor is produced, for example, in a kitchen.
     Plastic parts may deteriorate and fall off and thus may result in
  - water leakage.
    (b) Where corrosive gas, such as sulfurous acid gas, is produced.
    Corroding copper pipes or soldered parts may result in refrigerant leakage.
  - (c) Near machinery emitting electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the operation of the control system and cause the unit to malfunction.
  - (d) Where flammable gas may leak, where there is carbon fiber, or ignitable dust suspension in the air, or where volatile flammables such as thinner or gasoline are handled. Operating the unit in such conditions may result in a fire.
- Take adequate measures to prevent the condenser unit from being used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals making contact with electrical parts may result in malfunctions, smoke, or fire. Instruct the customer to keep the area around the unit clean.
- Install the power supply and control wires for the indoor and outdoor units at least 3.5 feet away from televisions or radios to prevent image interference or noise. Depending on the radio waves, a distance of 3.5 feet may not be sufficient to eliminate the noise.
- Dismantling the unit, treatment of the refrigerant, oil and additional parts must be done in accordance with the relevant local, state, and national regulations.
- Do not use the following tools that are used with conventional refrigerants: gauge manifold, charge hose, gas leak detector, reverse flow check valve, refrigerant charge base, vacuum gauge, or refrigerant recovery equipment.
- If the conventional refrigerant and refrigerator oil are mixed in R-410A, the refrigerant may result in deterioration.
- This air conditioner or heat pump is an appliance that should not be accessible to the general public.
- As design pressure is 478 psi, the wall thickness of field-installed pipes should be selected in accordance with the relevant local, state, and national regulations.

# 2. INTRODUCTION

This installation manual concerns VRV inverters of the Daikin RWEYQ-P series. These units are designed for indoor installation and used for cooling and heatpump applications.

The RWEYQ-P units can be combined with Daikin VRV series indoor units for air conditioning purposes.

The present installation manual describes the procedures for unpacking, installing and connecting the RWEYQ-P units. Installation of the indoor units is not described in this manual. Always refer to the installation manual supplied with these units for their installation.

#### 2-1 Combination

- The indoor units can be installed in the following range.
- Always use appropriate indoor units compatible with R410A. To lean which models of indoor units are compatible with R410A, refer to the product catalogs.
- Total capacity/quantity of indoor units

(Outside unit)	(Total capacity index of indoor units)	(Total quantity of indoor units)
RWEYQ72PTJI	J	12 units
RWEYQ84PTJI	J42 ~ 109	14 units
RWEYQ144PT	JU72 ~ 187	20 units
RWEYQ168PT	JU84 ~ 218	20 units
RWEYQ216PT	JU108 ~ 280	22 units
RWEYQ252PT	JU	32 units

#### 2-2 Standard operation limit

The figures below assume following operating conditions for indoor and outside units:

	Equivalent pipe length	 2	5 ft
	Level difference	 	0 ft
_			



A Inlet water temperature (°F)

- B Indoor temperature (°FWB)
- C Indoor temperature (°FDB)
- Range for continuous operation
- Range for operation
- Range for pull down operation
- Range for warming up operation
- Operation range of water volume is **13.5~39.5 gpm**
- The unit is designed for the following operation range: Water temperature: 67~95°F Water volume: 16 gpm or more
- During cooling operation when the outside temperature is very low, it is possible that the thermostat switches off automatically in order to protect the unit from freezing.
- Hold ambient temperature at 35~95°F
- Heat-release from the unit: 0.64 kW / hour (Model 72, 84). It is therefore recommended to always ventilate the room.

#### 2-3 Standard supplied accessories

• Make sure that the following accessories are included. (Check by removing the front panel.)



- (Refer to figure 1)
- 1. Operation manual
- Installation manual
- Clamp (A)
- Clamp (B)
- Conduit mounting plate
- 2. Accessory pipes
  - For discharge gas
  - For suction gas (1)
- For suction gas (2)
- 3. Strainer

#### ▲ NOTE

The accessory pipe for discharge gas is used for the heat recovery system. (Not used for the heat pump system.)

#### 2-4 Option accessory

To install the above outside units, the following optional parts are also required.

Refrigerant branching kit

(For R410A only: Always use an appropriate kit dedicated for your system.)

#### $\langle \text{Heat pump system} \rangle$

REFNET header	KHRP26M22H	KHRP26M33H	KHRP26M72H	KHRP26M73HU
REFNET joint	KHRP26M22T	KHRP26M33T	KHRP26M72TU	KHRP26M73TU

#### $\langle \text{Heat recovery system}......For 3-tube piping \rangle$

REFNET header		KHRP25M33H	KHRP25M72H	KHRP25M73HU
REFNET joint	KHRP25M22T	KHRP25M33T	KHRP25M72TU	KHRP25M73TU

## $\langle \text{Heat recovery system}.....For 2-tube piping \rangle$

REFNET header	KHRP26M22H	KHRP26M33H	KHRP26M72H	KHRP26M73HU
REFNET joint	KHRP26M22T	KHRP26M33T	KHRP26M72TU	KHRP26M73TU
	1.1			

Outside unit multi connection piping kit

(For R410A only: Always use an appropriate kit dedicated for your system.)

Number of outside units connected	2 units	3 units
Heat pump system	BHFP22MA56U	BHFP22MA84U
Heat recovery system	BHFP26MA56U	BHFP26MA84U

\* To select an optimum kit, refer to "9. REFRIGERANT PIPING"

# 2-5 Technical specifications (1)

General		RWEYQ72PTJU	RWEYQ84PTJU
Nominal cooling capacity (2)	(MBh)	72	84
Nominal cooling capacity (3)	(MBh)	81	94.5
Nominal input cooling / heating (4)	(kW)	4.20 / 4.00	5.60 / 5.40
Dimensions HxWxD	(inch)	39-3/8×30-3	/4×21-11/16
Weight	(lbs)	330	330
Connections			
refrigerant liquid pipe	(inch)	3/8	3/8
refrigerant gas pipe	(inch)	3/4	7/8
refrigerant discharge gas pipe (5)	(inch)	5/8	3/4
Water piping connections			
Inlet pipe	(inch)	1-1/4FPT female Thread	1-1/4FPT female Thread
Outlet pipe	(inch)	1-1/4FPT female Thread	1-1/4FPT female Thread
Drain pipe	(inch)	1/2FPS female Thread	1/2FPS female Thread
	(	temale i hread	temale i nread

General		RWEYQ144PTJU	RWEYQ168PTJU
Nominal cooling capacity (2)	(MBh)	144	168
Nominal cooling capacity (3)	(MBh)	162	189
Nominal input cooling / heating (4)	(kW)	8.40 / 8.00	11.20 / 10.80
Dimensions HxWxD	(inch)	(39-3/8×30-3/	4×21-11/16)×2
Weight	(lbs)	330×2	330×2
Connections			
refrigerant liquid pipe	(inch)	1/2	5/8
refrigerant gas pipe	(inch)	1-1/8	1-1/8
refrigerant discharge gas pipe (5)	(inch)	7/8	7/8
Water piping connections			
Inlet pipe	(inch)	(1-1/4FPT)×2 female Thread	(1-1/4FPT)×2 female Thread
Outlet pipe	(inch)	(1-1/4FPT)×2 female Thread	(1-1/4FPT)×2 female Thread
Drain pipe	(inch)	(1/2FPS)×2 female Thread	(1/2FPS)×2 female Thread

General		RWEYQ216PTJU	RWEYQ252PTJU
Nominal cooling capacity (2)	(MBh)	216	252
Nominal cooling capacity (3)	(MBh)	243	283.5
Nominal input cooling / heating (4)	(kW)	12.60 / 12.00	16.80 / 16.20
Dimensions HxWxD	(inch)	(39-3/8×30-3/4	×21-11/16)×3
Weight	(lbs)	330×3	330×3
Connections			
refrigerant liquid pipe	(inch)	5/8	3/4
refrigerant gas pipe	(inch)	1-1/8	1-1/4
refrigerant discharge gas pipe (5)	(inch)	1	1-1/8
Water piping connections			
Inlet pipe	(inch)	(1-1/4FPT)×3 female Thread	(1-1/4FPT)×3 female Thread
Outlet pipe	(inch)	(1-1/4FPT)×3 female Thread	(1-1/4FPT)×3 female Thread
Drain pipe	(inch)	(1/2FPS)×3 female Thread	(1/2FPS)×3 female Thread

(1) Refer to the engineering data book for the complete list of specifications.

(2)	The normal cooling capacities	s are based on:
	-indoor temperature:	80°FDB / 67°FWB,
	-inlet water temperature:	85°F,
	-outlet water temperature:	95°F,
	-equivalent pipe length:	25 ft,
	-level difference:	0 ft
(3)	The normal heating capacities	s are based on:
	-indoor temperature:	70°FDB / 60°FWB,
	-inlet water temperature:	70°F,
	-equivalent pipe length:	25 ft,
	Level alt consistent	0.0

-level difference: 0 ft
 (4) The nominal input includes total input of the unit: compressor and control circuit.

(5) In case of heat recovery system

Compressor		RWEYQ72PTJU	RWEYQ84PTJU
Oil type		Synthetic (ether) oil	Synthetic (ether) oil
Crankcase heater	(W)	33	33
Refrigerant type		R410A	R410A
Refrigerant charge	(lbs)	9.9	11.5
Compressor		RWEYQ144PTJU	RWEYQ168PTJU
Oil type		Synthetic (ether) oil	Synthetic (ether) oil
Crankcase heater	(W)	(33)×2	(33)×2
Refrigerant type		R410A	R410A
Refrigerant charge	(lbs)	(9.9)×2	(11.5)×2
Compressor		RWEYQ216PTJU	RWEYQ252PTJU
Oil type		Synthetic (ether) oil	Synthetic (ether) oil
Crankcase heater	(W)	(33)×3	(33)×3
Refrigerant type		R410A	R410A
Refrigerant charge	(lbs)	(9.9)×3	(11.5)×3

# 2-6 Electrical specifications

Model		RWEYQ72PTJU	RWEYQ84PTJU
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208-230	208-230
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	40	40
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208-230	208-230
Nominal running current	(A)	11.6	15.4

Model		RWEYQ144PTJU	RWEYQ168PTJU
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208-230	208-230
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	(40)×2	(40)×2
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208-230	208-230
Nominal running current	(A)	(11.6)×2	(15.4)×2

Model		RWEYQ216PTJU	RWEYQ252PTJU
Power supply			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208-230	208-230
Voltage tolerance	(%)	±10	±10
Recommended fuses	(A)	(40)×3	(40)×3
Compressor			
Phase		3~	3~
Frequency	(Hz)	60	60
Voltage	(V)	208-230	208-230
Nominal running current	(A)	(11.6)×3	(15.4)×3

# 3. SELECTION OF LOCATION

This unit does not have specifications for outdoor installation. The unit must be installed indoors (example: machine room, ...). Paying attention to the conditions mentioned below, select the place for installation with a prior approval of customer.

- 1. The foundation is strong enough to support the weight of the unit and the floor is flat to prevent vibration and noise generation.
- Consider the space required for refrigerant piping work when installing. Refer to [Necessary Space].
- **3.** There is no danger of fire due to leakage of inflammable gas.
- 4. The piping length between the outside unit and the indoor unit may
- not exceed the allowable piping length. "9. **REFRIGERANT PIPING**". **5.** Locations where the noise of the unit operating will not disturb
- nearby houses, etc. 6. Locations with airflow and ventilation holes capable of dissipating
- heat from the machine and where the ambient temperature around the outside unit is between 35 and 104°F and the humidity does not exceed 80%.

#### [Necessary Space]

When installing, secure the space mentioned below without fail.

- (Refer to figure 2)
- In case of a single installation [inch.]
   In case of series installations [inch.]
- **3.** Top view
- 4. Side view
- Outside unit
- 6. Service Space (front side)
- **7.** Service Space (back side)
- 8. Space for installing water piping
- Secure a enough space for removing the front panel.
  9. Ventilation Space
- \*above the area (:::::) of the outside unit.
- **10.** Secure spaces in the front, back and top sides as same as the case of single installation.

- Do not install unit in an area where flammable materials are present due to risk of explosion resulting in serious injury or death.
- Refrigerant is heavier than air and replaces oxygen. A massive leak could lead to oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphyxiation hazard could occur leading to serious injury or death. Refer to the chapter "Caution for refrigerant leaks".

# 

1. An inverter air conditioner may cause electronic noise generated from AM broadcasting. Examine where to install the main air conditioner and electric wires, keeping proper distances away from stereo equipment, personal computers, etc.

#### (Refer to figure 3)

- 1. Indoor unit
- 2. Branch switch, overcurrent breaker
- 3. Remote controller
- 4. Cool/heat selector
- 5. Personal computer or radio

If the electric wave of AM broadcasting is particularly weak, keep distances of 10 ft or more and use conduit tubes for power and transmission lines.

2. Water quality

Water containing high level of foreign materials may cause the corrosion of heat exchanger and piping or scale accumulation. Use water satisfying "7-4 Water quality".

3. Cooling tower

Use a closed type cooling tower without fail. (Open type tower cannot be used.)

4. Strainer

Install the strainer (accessory) without fail at the inlet of water piping. (If sands, wastes, rust particles, etc. are mixed in the water circulation system, damage to the plate type heat exchanger may be caused by the corrosion of metal materials and clogging of the heat exchanger.)



- Do not install in the following locations.
- Locations such as kitchens which contain a lot of mineral oil or steam in the atmosphere or where oil may splatter on the unit.
- Resin parts may deteriorate, causing the unit to fall or leak. Locations where sulfurous acids and other corrosive gases may be present in the atmosphere.
- Copper piping and soldered joints may corrode, causing refrigerant to leak.
- Locations where equipment that produces electromagnetic waves is found.
  - The electromagnetic waves may cause the control system to malfunction, preventing normal operation.

# 4. INSPECTING AND HANDLING THE UNIT

At delivery, the package should be checked and any damage should be reported immediately to the carrier claims agent.

When handling the unit, take into account the following:

- **1.** Fragile, handle the unit with care.
- 11 Keep the unit upright in order to avoid compressor damage.
- Choose the path along which the unit is to be brought in ahead of time.
- In order to prevent any damage to the unit during installation, use slings (cloth) or patch plates and lift the unit referring to figure 4.
- 4. Lift the unit preferably with a crane and 2 belts of at least 27 ft long.
- When lifting the unit with a crane, always use protectors to prevent belt damage and pay attention to the position of the unit's center of gravity.
- 6. Be sure use the standard supplied accessories and dedicated parts as installation parts.
  - (Refer to figure 4)
    - 1. Patch plates or clothes
    - 2. Belt sling

– 🧥 NOTE

 Use belt sling of 13/16" width or less which adequately bears the weight of the product.

## 5. UNPACKING AND PLACING THE UNIT

- Make sure the area around the machine drains properly by setting up drainage grooves around the foundation.
- Make sure the unit is installed level on a sufficiently strong base to prevent vibration and noise.
- Secure the unit to its base using foundation bolts. (Use four commercially available M12-type foundation bolts, nuts, and washers.)
- The foundation bolts should be inserted 13/16".
- Fix 4 foundation bolts.
- Support the unit with the foundation which is larger than the hatched area shown in figure 5.

(Refer to figure 5)

- 1. Front side
- 2. Position of foundation bolts
- 3. Hole for a foundation bolt
- ( $\phi$ 11/16 ida. holes at 4 corners)
- **4.** Avoid such a foundation where the unit is supported by 4 corner points.

• When installing the unit closely contacting the wall for any unavoidable reason, arrange so that no vibration from the unit may be transmitted to the wall surface by insulating the vibration using cushions, etc.


# 

- · If the unit is to be installed on a roof, check the strength of the roof and its drainage facilities first.
- · Make sure the area around the machine drains properly by setting up drainage grooves around the foundation
- (Condensate water is sometimes discharged from the outside unit when it is running.)
- Use a nut with a resin clip plate to protect the nut tightening part from rusting



#### WATER PIPING WORK 6.

- The water pressure resistance of water piping of this outside unit is 285 psi
- The connection port for water piping is located in the front. The connection ports for drain piping are located in the front and back. When using the back port, change the cast iron plug from the back to the front and securely close it.
- Because of indoor use, carry out piping work in such a way no water may drop on the outer plate.
- The lateral protruding section of the drain piping should be short (within 15-3/4) and installed in a downward direction. The diameter of drain pipe should be the same as the diameter of
- unit connection (1/2) or more. The diameter of water pipe should be the same as the diameter of unit connection (1-1/4) or more.
- Install an air purge valve in the midway of the water piping to prevent cavitation.
- After completing the drain piping work, make sure that the water runs smoothly without any clogging by dust.
- Do not connect the drain outlet to the water outlet.
- Install the strainer (accessory) in the inlet of water piping within a distance of 4.9 ft from the outside unit. (If sand, waste or rust particles are mixed in the water circulation
- system, metal materials will become corrosive.)
- Install insulation on the inlet/outlet of water piping to prevent condensation and freezing. Use Polyurethane form thickness of water piping
  - thickness 3/16 in. for in socket on heat exchanger.
- Install insulation up to the base of heat exchanger as shown in the figure 6
- Install a gate valve for chemical cleaning in an easy position to handle.
- Use water pipes complied with the local and national codes.
- Run the water pump to flush inside of water piping.
- Then, clean the strainer.
- If there is a possibility of freezing, take measures to prevent freezing. Tighten securely the connection of water piping and socket with
- tightening torque of 220 lbf.ft or less.
- (If a large torque is applied, the unit may be damaged.) (Refer to figure 6)
  - 1. Air purge
  - 2. Outlet of water
  - 3. 4. Inlet of water
  - Gate valve
  - Water piping socket 5.
  - 6. Water piping
  - Insulation
  - 8 Heat exchanger 9 Strainer (accessory)
  - 10. Drain valve
  - Connection port to draining piping 11.
  - 12. Insulation cover
  - 3-1/8 in. or less 13.
  - 14. Insulation of water piping socket
  - Drain piping

#### HANDLING OF THE BRAZED PLATE 7. TYPE HEAT EXCHANGER CAUTION

A brazed plate type heat exchanger is used for this unit. Because its structure is different from a conventional type heat exchanger, it must be handled in a different manner.

# 7-1 When designing the equipment

- 1. Install the strainer (accessory) at the water inlet side adjacent to the outside unit in order to prevent any foreign materials such as dust, sand, etc. from entering.
- 2. Depending on the water quality, scale may stick to the plate type heat exchanger. In order to remove this scale, it is necessary to clean it at a regular interval using chemicals. To this end, install a gate valve in the water piping. Set up a piping connection port on the piping between this gate valve and the outside unit for cleaning by chemicals
- 3. For the purpose of cleaning and water drain off from the outside unit (water draining during a long period of non-use in winter, draining upon starting of season-off), install an "air discharge plug" and a water draining plug" at the inlet/outlet ports of water piping. In addition, install an "automatic air discharging valve" at the top of riser pip-ing or at the top of a portion where air tends to stay.
- 4. Independent of the piping inlet of the outside unit, install a cleanable strainer at a portion close to the pump piping inlet.
- Carry out complete cooling/thermal insulation of water piping and outdoor dehumidification. If complete cooling or thermal insulation has not been carried out, any damage may be caused during severe winter due to freezing, in addition to thermal loss.
- When you stop operation during night or winter, it is necessary to take measures to prevent water related circuits from natural freezing in the area the ambient temperature drops below  $32^\circ$ F (by water drain off, keeping the circulation pump running, warming up by a heater, etc.) Freezing of water related circuits may result in any damage to the plate type heat exchanger. Therefore, please take appropriate measures depending on the circumstances of use.
  - (Refer to figure 7)
    - Example of piping
    - 2. Water inlet piping
    - 3. Strainer (accessory)
    - 4. 5. Air discharge plug (for joint use with cleaning port)
    - Cleaning device
    - 6. Strainer for pump
    - Automatic air discharge valve 7.
    - Water outlet piping 8.
  - Joint use with water draining plug 9. Plate type heat exchanger
  - 10. 11. Outside unit

# 7-2 Before starting a test run

- 1. Before starting a test run, please make sure that the piping work has been carried out in a proper manner. Especially, make sure that the strainer, air discharge valve, automatic water supply valve, expansion tank and cistern are positioned at their places correctly.
- 2. After water has been completely filled in, first run the pump only, and then make sure that no air has been caught in the water circulation system and the water flow rate is correct. If any air has been caught or the flow rate is not enough, the plate type heat exchanger may freeze. Measure any water pressure loss before and after the outside unit and make sure that the flow rate is as designed. In case of any abnormal, stop the test run immediately and carry out trouble shooting to resolve the trouble.
- 3. Following the installation manual, carry out a test run of the outside unit
- 4. After the test run has been completed, inspect the strainer at the inlet piping of the outside unit. Clean it if it is dirty.

# 7-3 Daily service and maintenance

1. Management of water quality

The plate type heat exchanger has a structure that does not permit dismantling and cleaning, or replacing any parts. Please pay attention carefully to the quality of water to be used for the plate type heat exchanger in order to prevent corrosion and sticking of scale. The water to be used for the plate type heat exchanger should have at least the quality as specified in the table below.

When using any corrosion prevention agent, scale depressant agent, etc., such agent should have no corrosive features against stainless steel and copper.

2. Management of chilled water flow rate

If the chilled water flow rate is not enough, it will result in the freezing damage to the plate type heat exchanger. Check for any clogging of the strainer, any air being caught, any reduction in the flow rate due to failure of circulation pump by measuring the temperature and pressure differences at the inlet and outlet ports of the plate type heat exchanger. If the aged difference in the temperature or pressure has increased beyond the proper range, the flow rate should have decreased. Stop the operation and remove the cause before restarting the operation.

3. Steps to be taken when a freezing protection device was activated When the freezing protection device should be activated during operation, remove the cause without fail before restarting the operation. If the freezing protection device has been activated, a partial freezing has occurred. If you restart the operation without removing the cause, the plate type heat exchanger will be closed and the ice cannot be melted, and in addition, the freezing process will be repeated resulting in any damage to the plate type heat exchanger, leading to any such accidents that the refrigerant starts leaking or water starts entering the refrigerant circuit.

### 7-4 Water quality

Water quality standards for chilled water, hot water and make-up water (4) (6)

Cooling water system (3)		Hot water	ovetom (2)	Tondonov (1)		
ltons (E)	Circulatio	n system	HUL WALE	System (2)		
Circulation Make-up water		Circulation water (68°F ~ 140°F)	Make-up water	Corrosion	Scale	
		Stand	ard items			
pH (77°F)	6.5 to 8.2	6.0 to 8.0	7.0 to 8.0	7.0 to 8.0	0	0
Electrical Conductivity (mS/ft)(77°F)	Less than 24.4	Less than 9.1	Less than 9.1	Less than 9.1	0	0
Chloride ions (mgcl <sup>-</sup> /L)	Less than 200	Less than 50	Less than 50	Less than 50	0	
Sulfate ions (mgSO4 <sup>2</sup> /L)	Less than 200	Less than 50	Less than 50	Less than 50	0	
Acid consumption (pH4.8) (mgCaCO <sub>3</sub> /L)	Less than 100	Less than 50	Less than 50	Less than Less than 50 50		0
Total hardness (mgCaCO <sub>3</sub> /L)	Less than 200	Less than 70	Less than 70	Less than 70 70		0
Calcium hardness (mgCaCO <sub>3</sub> /L)	Less than 150	Less than 50	Less than 50	Less than 50		0
Ionic-state silica (mgSiO <sub>2</sub> /L)	Less than 50	Less than 30	Less than 30	Less than 30		0
		Refere	nce items			
Iron (mgFe/L)	Less than 1.0	Less than 0.3	Less than 1.0	Less than 0.3	0	0
Copper (mgCu/L)	Less than 0.3	Less than 0.1	Less than 1.0	Less than 0.1	0	
Sulfate ion (mgS <sup>2-</sup> /L)	Shall not be detected	Shall not be detected	Shall not be detected	Shall not be detected	0	
Ammonium ion (mgNH4 <sup>+</sup> /L)	Less than 1.0	Less than 0.1	Less than 0.3	Less than 0.1	0	
Residual chlorine (mgCl/L)	Less than 0.3	Less than 0.3	Less than 0.25	Less than 0.3	0	
Free carbon dioxide (mgCO <sub>2</sub> /L)	Less than 4.0	Less than 4.0	Less than 0.4	Less than 4.0	0	
Stability index	6.0 to 7.0	_	_	_	0	0

[NOTES]

- (1) The circle marks in the columns for corrosion or scale to develop.
- (2) Corrosion has a tendency to occur when water temperature is high (104°F or more), and if metals with no protective coating whatsoever are directly exposed to water, it would be a good idea to take effective measures against corrosion such as adding a corrosion inhibitor or deaeration treatment.
- (3) In a condenser water circuit that uses a closed cooling tower, the closed circuit circulating water and make-up water must satisfy its water quality standards for the hot water system, and passing water and make-up water must satisfy those for the circulation type cooling water system.
- (4) The supply water must be clean tap water, industrial water or clean underground water.
- Do not use purified or softened water.
- (5) The fifteen items in the table above represent typical causes of corrosion and scale.
- (6) Once through water may cause corrosion.
- Do not use once through water

#### 7-5 Maintenance of plate type heat exchanger

The performance of a plate type heat exchanger may decline due to scale accumulation. It may be damaged by freezing due to the drop of flow rate. For this reason, it is necessary to carry out programmed maintenances at a regular interval in order to prevent the scale from being generated.

- 1. Before entering the season for use, carry out the following inspections:
  - 1) Conduct a water quality test and make sure that it is within the standard.
  - Clean the strainer.
  - 3) Make sure that the flow rate is correct.
  - 4) Make sure that the operational conditions (pressure, flow rate, outlet temperature, etc.) are normal.
- Because the plate type heat exchanger has a structure which does not permit disassembling and cleaning, follow the following procedures for cleaning:
  - For maintenance purposes it is required to provide for a connection port on the water inlet and on the water outlet. You must connect a circulation pump inbetween these 2 connection ports when cleaning the plate heat exchanger with chemicals.
     For cleaning the scale in the plate heat exchanger it is recommended to use a solution with 5% diluted formic, citric, oxalic, ace-

mended to use a solution with 5% diluted formic, citric, oxalic, acetic or phosphoric acid.

Never use hydrochloric, sulfuric or nitric acid because such solutions have a strong corrosive feature.

- Make sure to provide for a stop valve in front of that inlet water pipe connection port and for a stop valve after the outlet water pipe connection port.
- 3) Connect the piping for circulation of cleaning chemicals to the inlet and outlet piping of plate type heat exchanger. Fill the cleaning solution of 122 - 144°F for a while in the plate type heat exchanger. Then, circulate the cleaning solution by a pump for 2-5 hours.

The time for cleaning depends on the temperature of cleaning solution or the degree of scale accumulation. Therefore, please watch the change of the dirtiness (color) of cleaning solution to determine the level of removal of scale.

- 4) After circulating the cleaning solution, discharge the solution from the plate type heat exchanger, fill the heat exchanger with a solution of 1-2% sodium hydroxide (NaOH) or sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>). Circulate this solution for 15-20 minutes for neutralization purpose.
- After the process of neutralization has been completed, rinse the inner part of the plate type heat exchanger with care using fresh and clean water.
- 6) When using any cleaning agent sold in the market, check in advance that such agent has no corrosive features against stainless steel and copper.
- 7) For details of cleaning method, ask the manufacturer of related cleaning agent.
- **3.** After cleaning has been completed, make sure that the unit can be operated in a normal fashion.

# 8. FIELD WIRING

# NOTE

- · All field wiring and components must be installed by a licensed electrician and must comply with relevant local and national regulations.
- The field wiring must be carried out in accordance with the wiring diagrams and the instructions given below.
- Be sure to use a dedicated power circuit. Never use a power supply shared by another appliance.
- Do not operate until refrigerant piping work is completed. (If operated before complete the piping work, the compressor may be broken down )
- · Never remove thermistor, sensor or etc. when connecting power wiring and transmission wiring. (If operated with thermistor, sensor or etc. removed, the compressor
- may be broken down.)
- Be sure to install a ground fault circuit interrupter.
- (This unit uses an inverter, so install a ground fault circuit interrupter that be capable of handling high harmonics in order to prevent malfunctioning of a ground fault circuit interrupter itself.)
- This product have reversed phase protection detector only works when the product started up.
- · Replace two of the three phases (L1, L2, and L3) during reversephase protection circuit operation. Reversed phase detection is not performed while the product is
- operating
- Do not run the unit by short cutting the protection device (S1PH). If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary black out or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts
- Attach the power wire securely.

# 8-1 Optional parts

COOL/HEAT Selector S1S.....Selector switch (fan, cool/heat) S2S ...Selector switch (cool/heat)

# 

- Use copper conductors only.
- · When using the adaptor for sequential start, refer to chapter "Examples".
- · For connection wiring to outdoor-outdoor transmission F1-F2, outdoor-indoor transmission F1-F2, refer to chapter "Examples".
- For connection wiring to the central remote controller, refer to the installation manual of the central remote controller.
- · Use insulated wire for the power cord.

# 8-2 Power circuit and cable requirements

A power circuit (see table below) must be provided for connection of the unit. This circuit must be protected with the required safety devices, i.e. a main switch, a slow blow fuse on each phase and a ground fault circuit interrupter

	Phase and frequency	Voltage	Minimum circuit amp.	Recommended fuses	Transmission line selection
RWEYQ72/84PTJU	φ3, 60 Hz	208-230 V	22.4 A	40 A	AWG18-16
RWEYQ144/168PTJU	φ3, 60 Hz	208-230 V	44.8 A	40+40 A	AWG18-16
RWEYQ216/252PTJU	φ3, 60 Hz	208-230 V	67.1 A	40+40+40 A	AWG18-16

# 

- Select the power supply cable in accordance with relevant local and national regulations
- Wire size must comply with the applicable local and national code.
- Specifications for local wiring power cord and branch wiring are in compliance with local code.

# 8-3 General

- Make sure to connect the power source wire to the power source terminal block and to clamp it as shown in figure 8, chapter "Field line connection"
- As this unit is equipped with an inverter, installing a phase advancing capacitor will not only reduce the power factor improvement effect, but also may cause the capacitor to overheat due to high-frequency waves. Therefore, never install a phase advancing capacitor.
- Keep power imbalance within 2% of the supply rating.
  - 1. Large imbalance will shorten the life of the smoothing capacitor. 2. As a protective measure, the product will stop operating and an
  - error indication will be made, when power imbalance exceeds 4% of the supply rating. Follow the "electrical wiring diagram" when carrying out any electri-
- cal wiring.
- Only proceed with wiring work after blocking off all power.
- Always ground wires. (In accordance with national regulations of the pertinent country.)
- This unit uses an inverter, and therefore generates noise, which will have to be reduced to avoid interfering with other devices. The outer casing of the product may take on an electrical charge due to leaked electrical current, which will have to be discharged with the ground-
- This unit has a negative phase protection circuit. (If it operates, only operate the unit after correcting the wiring.)



Do not ground units to gas pipes, sewage pipes, lightning rods, or telephone ground wires because incomplete grounding could cause a severe shock hazard resulting in severe injury or death. Gas pipes: can explode or catch fire if there is a gas leak. Sewage pipes: no grounding effect is possible if hard plastic piping is used.

Telephone ground wires and lightning rods: dangerous when struck by lightning due to abnormal rise in electrical potential in the grounding.

### 8-4 Examples

# System example (Refer to figure 8) 1. Field power supply

- - 2. Main switch 3. Disconnect switch
  - 4. Fuse
  - Ground fault circuit interrupter 5.
  - 6. Remote controller
  - Outside unit
  - 8 BS unit
- 9. Indoor unit 10.
  - Cool / heat selector
    - power supply wiring (sheathed cable) - transmission wiring (sheathed cable)

#### CAUTION

- Use a power wire pipe for the power wiring. Outside the unit, make sure the low-voltage electric wiring (i.e. for the remote controller, transmission, etc.) and the high-voltage electric wiring do not pass near each other, keeping them at least 5 in. apart. Prox-
- imity may cause electrical interference, malfunctions, and breakage Be sure to connect the power wiring to the power wiring terminal block and secure it as described in **Field line connection**.
- Transmission wiring should be secured as described in Field line connection.
- Secure the wiring with the accessory clamps so that it does not touch the piping.
- Make sure the wiring and the electrical components box lid do not stick up above the structure, and close the cover firmly.

#### WARNING /!\

Never connect power supply wiring to the terminal block for remote controller wiring as this could damage the entire system.

#### Picking power line and transmission line

- (Refer to figure 9) Power supply wiring and wiring for pump operation (High voltage)
   Connection wiring
- (Low voltage)
- 3. Set apart

Connect the wire to the terminal block on PC board with care since too much pressure may cause breakage of the PC board. Field line connection: transmission wiring, interlock circuit, pump oper-

ation output and COOL/HEAT selector

Power and transmission line: Connect it using conduit mounting plates.



### [In case of single outside unit]

- (Refer to figure 10)
  - 1. COOL/HEAT selector
  - 2. Outside unit PC board 3.
  - Take care of the polarity
  - Use the conductor of sheathed wire (2 wire) (no polarity) 4. 5. Terminal board (field supply)
  - 6. Indoor unit
  - Never connect the power wire. 7.
  - 8. BS unit A
  - BS unit B 9.
  - 10. Last BS unit
  - 11. Cool-only unit

#### [In case of multiple outside units]

- (Refer to figure 11) 1. Unit A (Master unit)

  - 2. Unit B
  - Unit C 3.
  - 4. TO IN/D UNIT
  - 5. TO OUT/D UNIT 6. TO MULTI UNIT

  - To COOL/HEAT selector (only Heat pump system) 7. 8. To indoor unit
  - 9. To other systems
- The transmission wiring between the outside units in the same pipe line must be connected to the Q1/Q2 (Out Multi) terminals. Connecting the wires to the (Out-Out) terminals results in system malfunction.
- The wiring for the other lines must be connected to the F1/F2 (Out-Out) terminals of the PC board in the outside unit to which the transmission wiring for the indoor units is connected.
- The outside unit to which the transmission wiring for the indoor units is connected is master unit.
- The transmission wiring between the outside units must be 100 ft. in length at maximum.

/!\ NOTE

- Be sure to keep the power line and transmission line apart from each other
  - Be careful about polarity of the transmission line.

Make sure that the transmission line is clamped as shown in the figure in chapter "Field line connection"

Check that wiring lines do not make contact with refrigerant piping. Firmly close the lid and arrange the electric wires so as to prevent the lid or other parts from coming loose.

#### [Setting the interlock circuit and pump operation output.]

 (Pump operation output [high voltage])
 Use insulated wires of the size as mentioned below having rated voltage of 250 V or more:

For single core: AWG16 or larger (conduit pipe work) For multiple cores: AWG18 or large

\*The wiring for pump operation output is to be procured locally. (Refer to figure 12)

- 1. Pump operation output terminal (X2M).
  - When water pump is linked with system operation, water pump operation circuit shall be set between terminals (1) and (2)
  - Contact specification --- 220 VAC, 3 mA-0.5 A

- 2. PC board
- 3. Mount an insulation sleeve. 4
- Connection of interlock circuit Do not forget to connect an interlock circuit (an auxiliary acontact of electromagnetic switch for the water pump) to
- each outside unit. (Select without fail an auxiliary a-contact able to switch min-

imum load of DC15 V, 1 mA.)

(When connecting for each outside unit)

Connect to the terminal block (X3M) as shown in the bottom right of the sketch.

(When connecting multiple outside units as 1 single unit (centralized interlock))

For this unit, it is possible to make a centralized interlock of multiple outside units using an adapter (sold separately as an accessory) for external control of outside units.

For details of wiring connection, refer to "How to centralized interlock wiring"

### (How to the centralized interlock wiring)

- When centralized interlock is done, see "8-5 In case of a local set-ting" -(3)
- No wiring to terminal block X3M is necessary when centralized interlock is employed
- For multiple outside units, external/external connection wiring shall be done for master unit only
  - (Refer to figure 13) 1. Outside unit A
  - 2. Outside unit B
  - 3. Outside unit C
  - 4 Adapter for external control
  - Interlock circuit of water pump 5.
  - 6. Out-Out connection wiring
  - Use the conductor of sheathed wire (2 wire) (no polarity)

#### [Setting the cool/heat operation type]

Performing cool/heat setting with the remote controller con-nected to the indoor unit.

Keep the COOL/HEAT selector switch (DS1) on the outside unit PC board (A1P) at the factory setting position OFF. (Refer to figure 16)

Remote controller

2. Performing cool/heat setting with the COOL/HEAT selector. Connect the COOL/HEAT selector (optional) to the A/B/C terminals and set the COOL/HEAT selector switch (DS1) on the outside unit PC board (A1P) to ON.

# (Refer to figure 17) 1. COOL/HEAT selector

- The wiring from the indoor units must be connected to the F1/F2 (In-Out) terminals on the PC board in the outside unit.
- For the above wiring, always use sheathed vinyl cords with AWG18-16 sheath or cables (2 core wires). (3 core wire are allowable for the COOL/HEAT selector only.)

#### /!\ NOTE

- All transmission wire is field supply
- Be sure to follow the limits below. If the transmission wiring is beyond these limits, it may result in malfunction of transmission. Maximum wiring length: 3280 ft.

Total wiring length: 6560 ft

Max. branches No. of branches: 16

Wire length between outside units:98 ft.

Up to 16 branches are possible for transmission wiring. No branching is allowed after branching.

Never connect the power supply to transmission wiring terminal block. Otherwise the entire system may break down.

- (Refer to figure 14)
- 1. Branch
- 2. Subbranching

For low-noise operation, it is necessary to get the optional "External control adaptor for outside unit"

For details, see the installation manual attached to the adaptor.

#### Field line connection:

L1, L2, L3, phase of the power supply wiring should be clamped to the safety catch using the included clamp material.

The green and yellow striped wrapped wires should be used for groundina

Make sure to connect the power wire to the power terminal block and fix it using attached clamp as shown in figure 15 and 19.

- (Refer to figure 15)
- 1. Power supply
- (208-230 V, Three-phase) Branch switch, overcurrent breaker
- 2.
- Grounding wire 3. 4.
- Ground fault circuit interrupter Attach insulation sleeves 5.
- Power supply terminal block 6.
- Grounding terminal 7.
- 8. Retain the ground wires along with the power wires using the accessory clamp (A).
- a Grounding wire
- When wiring, do not allow the ground wires to contact the 10. compressor lead wires. If the wires contact each other. adverse effects may occur to other units.
- When connecting two wires to one terminal, ensure that the 11. crimp-style terminals face with each other back to back. Moreover, make sure that the wire of the smaller gauge is located above.
- 12. Terminal block
- 13. Crimp-style terminal
- 14. Wire gauge: Small
- 15. Wire gauge: Large

#### (Refer to figure 19)

- 1. Intake for power supply wiring, pump operation output (high voltage) and ground wiring.
- Stop valve for discharge gas (high temperature part)
- 3. Insert the accessory clamp (B) in the hole of the fixing plate for stop valve.
- Power supply wiring, pump operation output (high voltage) and ground wiring. 5. Retain the power supply wiring, pump operation output
- (high voltage) and ground wiring with the accessory clamp (B) to prevent them from touching with the stop valve for discharge gas.
- 6. Insert the accessory clamp (B) in the hole of the bottom of electrical box.
- Intake for transmission wiring. (low voltage)
- Make sure to provide for a downward loop in the transmis-8. sion wiring right in front of the location where the wiring is to be fixed over the topplate of the switch box. This in order to prevent that condensate drips off the wiring into the switch box
- Fix the transmission wiring to resin clamps with the acces-9. sory clamps (A)
- 10. Pass the transmission wiring (low voltage) through the wire clip
- 11. Retain the power supply wiring, pump operation output (high voltage) and ground wiring to the bottom of electrical box with the accessory clamp (B)

# WARNING

Use only specified wire and connect wires to terminals tightly. Be careful that wires do not place external stress on terminals. Keep wires in neat order so as not to obstruct other equipment. Incomplete connections could result in overheating, and in worse cases, electric shock or fire

CAUTION

### (Precautions when laying power wiring)

Use round pressure terminals for connections to the power terminal block



When none is available, follow the instructions below

It is forbidden to

connect two to

one side.

Do not connect wiring of different thicknesses to the power terminal block. (Slack in the power wiring may cause abnormal heat.) When connecting wiring which is the same thickness, do as shown in the figure below.

Connect samethickness wiring







It is forbidden to

- For wiring, use the designated power wire and connect firmly, then secure to prevent outside pressure being exerted on the terminal board
- Use an appropriate screwdriver for tightening the terminal screws. A screwdriver with a small head will strip the head and make proper tightening impossible. Over-tightening the terminal screws may break them.
- See the table below for tightening torque for the terminal screws

	Tightening torque (ft · lbf)
M5 (Power terminal block)	2 21 2 02
M5 (Ground)	2.21-3.02
M3. M3.5 (Transmission wiring terminal block)	0.59-0.72

#### (Precautions when connecting the ground)

When pulling the ground wire out, wire it so that it comes through the cut out section of the cup washer. (An improper ground connection may prevent a good ground from being achieved.



#### 8-5 In case of a local setting

If necessary, do the local settings as mentioned in the table below. For setting, refer to the plate "Cares to be taken in servicing" attached to the cover of electrical components box.

Typical local settings

For other settings than mentioned in the table below, refer to the equipment design materials and service manual.

(1) Setting of switching between cooling and heating	This setting is done when switching between cooling and heating is performed by a switching remote controller (sold separately as an accessory) installed on the outside unit.
(2) Setting to prohibit sequenced start	This setting is done when the outside units are not started in a sequenced order.
(3) Setting of centralized interlock Setting of external demand	These settings are done when the interlocks are connected in a lump-sum manner or when performing a demand opera- tion by external instruction.
(4) Setting of abnormal display when interlock contact is OFF	This setting is done when making an abnormal display (HJ) on a remote controller when the interlock contact is OFF (when the heat source water pump is not operated).

CAUTION

A separate adapter (sold separately as an accessory) for external control of an outside unit is necessary when doing a demand oper-ation from an external instruction, setting of cooling and heating through a centralized remote controller for cooling and heating (sold separately as an accessory) and setting of centralized inter-lock. For details, refer to the manual attached to the adapter.

# 9. REFRIGERANT PIPING

# CAUTION

After completing installation, be sure to open the valves.

(See 9-9 Additional refrigerant charge for details) (Operating the unit with the valves shut will break the compressor.)

Use R410A to add refrigerant. (The R410A refrigerant cylinder has a pink stripe painted around it.)

All field piping must be installed by a licensed refrigeration techni-cian and must comply with relevant local and national regulations.

CAUTION TO BE TAKEN WHEN BRAZING REFRIGERANT PIPING Do not use flux when brazing copper-to copper refrigerant piping. (Particularly for the HFC refrigerant piping) Therefore, use the phosphor copper brazing filler metal (BCuP-2: JIS Z 3264/B-Cu93P-710, 795: ISO 3677) which does not require flux. (Flux has an extremely negative effect on refrigerant piping systems. For instance, if the chlorine based flux is used, it will cause

pipe corrosion or, in particular, if the flux contains fluorine, it will damage the refrigerant oil.)

# 

Installation tools:

#### Gauge manifold, charge hose, etc.

Make sure to use installation tools that are exclusively used for R410A installations to withstand the pressure and to prevent foreign materials (e.g. mineral oils such as SUNISO and moisture) from mixing into the system.

(The screw specifications differ for R410A and R407C.)

#### Vacuum pump

- 1. Use a 2-stage vacuum pump with a non-return valve.
- 2. Make sure the pump oil does not flow oppositely into the system while the pump is not working.
- 3. Use a vacuum pump which can evacuate to -14.6 psi.

#### 9-1 Selection of piping material

- 1. Foreign materials inside pipes (including oils for fabrication) must be 9 mg/10 ft or less.
- 2. Use the following material specification for refrigerant piping: Construction material: Phosphoric acid deoxidized seamless
  - copper for refrigerant. Size: Determine the proper size referring to chapter "Example of connection"
  - The wall thickness of the refrigerant piping should comply with relevant local and national regulations. For R410A the design pressure is 450 psi.
- 3. Make sure to use the particular branches of piping that have been selected referring to chapter "Example of connection'
- 4. Refer to chapter "Stop valve operation procedure" in 9-10 about the stop valve operation procedure.
- 5. Make sure to perform the piping installation within the range of the maximum allowable pipe length, allowable level difference and allow-able length after branching as indicated in chapter "Example of connection
- 6. For installation of the refrigerant branching kit, refer to the installation manual delivered with the kit.
  - And follow the conditions listed below
  - Mount the REFNET joint so that it branches either horizontally or vertically.
  - Mount the REFNET header so that it branches horizontally. (Refer to figure 22)

    - Horizontal connections
       Up to ± 15° or vertically
    - Horizontal connections 3.
- 7. To connect the piping between outside units, an optional piping kit (multi connection piping kit) is always required. When installing the piping, follow the instructions in the installation manual that comes with the kit

#### Restriction for the installation of the outside unit multi connection piping kit

- Install the joint horizontally within a lean of ±15° with caution nameplate on top. Refer to figure 23 (Fig. A)
- Do not connect it vertically. Refer to figure 23 (Fig. B)
- · Reserve the straight part of 19-11/16 in. or more to the branch pipe and do not bend the local pipe in that area. Straight part of 19-11/16 in. or more can be reserved if a local pipe (straight pipe) of 4-3/4 in. or more is connected to the joint. Refer to figure 23 (Fig. C)

- · Incorrect installation may cause breakage of outside unit. (Refer to figure 23)
  - 1. Caution nameplate
  - . Horizontal line 2.
  - 3. Ground
  - Straight part of 19-11/16 in. or more 4.
  - 5. Local pipe
  - (4-3/4 in. length or more)

# Precautions when selecting branch piping.

If the overall equivalent length of piping between the outside units and indoor units is 262.5 ft or more, be sure to enlarge the main pipe in the liquid-side branch piping.

Depending on the length of the refrigerant piping, the cooling/heating capacity may drop, but even in such cases it is ok to enlarge the main pipe.

- (Refer to figure 21)
- 1. Outside unit
- Main pipe 2.
- 3. Enlarge
- 4. The first refrigerant branching kit.
- 5. Indoor unit

[] iquid side]

$\phi 3/8" \rightarrow \phi 1$	/2"
$\phi 1/2" \rightarrow \phi 5$	/8"
$\phi 5/8" \rightarrow \phi 3$	/4"
$\phi 3/4" \rightarrow \phi 7$	/8"
	$\begin{array}{c} \varphi 3/8" \rightarrow \varphi 1 \\ \varphi 1/2" \rightarrow \varphi 5 \\ \varphi 5/8" \rightarrow \varphi 3 \\ \varphi 3/4" \rightarrow \varphi 7 \end{array}$

### 9-2 Protection against contamination when installing pipes

Take measures to prevent foreign materials like moisture and contamination from mixing into the system.

Place	Installation period	Protection method		
Outdoor	More than a month	Pinch the pipe		
Outdoor	Less than a month	Binch or tone the pipe		
Indoor	Regardless of the period	Finch of tape the pipe		

Great caution is needed when passing copper tubes through walls

#### 9-3 Pipe connection

- Only use the flare nuts included with the unit.
- Using different flare nuts may cause the refrigerant to leak.
- Be sure to perform a nitrogen blow when brazing. (Brazing without performing nitrogen replacement or releasing nitrogen into the piping will create large quantities of oxidized film on the inside of the pipes, adversely affecting valves and compressors in the refrigerating system and preventing normal operation.)
- Do not use a flux when brazing the refrigerant pipe joints. Use phosphor copper brazing (B-Cu93P-710/795: ISO 3677) which does not require flux. (Flux has an extremely negative effect on refrigerant piping sys-

tems. For instance, if chlorine based flux is used, it will cause pipe corrosion. If the flux contains fluorine, it will damage the refrigerant oil.)



- Use of oxygen could cause an explosion resulting in severe injury or death. Only use nitrogen gas.
- Refrigerant gas may produce toxic gas if it comes in contact with fire such as from a fan heater, stove or cooking device. Exposure to this gas could cause severe injury or death.

#### A NOTE

- The pressure regulator for the nitrogen released when doing the brazing should be set to 2.9 psi or less.
  - (Refer to figure 18)
  - 1. Refrigerant piping
  - 2. Location to be brazed
  - 3. Nitrogen
  - 4 Taping
  - Manual valve 5.
  - Regulator 6.

Precautions when connecting pipes

- See the following table for flare part machining dimensions. When connecting the flare nuts, apply refrigerant oil to the inside of the flares and turn them three or four times at first.
- (Use ester oil or ether oil.)
- (Applying too much torque may cause the flares to crack.)
- After all the piping has been connected, check the gas leak with nitrogen.

pipe size (in.)	tightening torque (ft. · lbf)	A (in.)	flare shape
ф 3/8"	24.1 - 29.4	0.504 - 0.520	90°±2
¢ 1/2"	36.5 - 44.5	0.638 - 0.654	
φ 5/8"	45.6 - 55.6	0.760 - 0.776	R=0.016-0.031

-Not recommendable but in case of emergency

You must use a torque wrench but if you are obliged to install the unit without a torque wrench, you may follow the installation method mentioned below

After the work is finished, make sure to check that there is no gas leak.

When you keep on tightening the flare nut with a spanner, there is a point where the tightening torque suddenly increases. From that position, further tighten the flare nut the angle shown below:

		(Unit: in.)
Pipe size	Further tightening angle	Recommended arm length of tool
φ 3/8"	60 to 90 degrees	Approx. 7-7/8
φ 1/2"	30 to 60 degrees	Approx. 9-13/16
φ 5/8"	30 to 60 degrees	Approx. 11-13/16
¢ 3/4"	20 to 35 degrees	Approx. 17-3/4

# 9-4 Connecting the refrigerant piping

# Connect piping to outside unit by using accessory pipes

- (Refer to figure 20)
- 1. Gas side piping (field supply) 2.
- Gas side accessory pipe (for suction gas (1)) з.
- Liquid side pipe (field supply) Flare nut (Included in the unit) 4.
- 5.
- 6. Accessory pipes (for discharge gas and suction gas (2)) is not used
- 7. Piping on discharge gas side (field supply)
- 8. Piping on suction gas side (field supply)
- 9 Cut off the hatched area and use it as a cover for the drilled.
- 10. Hatched area
- Accessory pipe (for discharge gas) 11.
- Accessory pipe (for suction gas) 12.
- 13. Guideline for pipe machining
- Accessory pipe (for suction gas (2)) 14.
- 15. Brazing
- 16. Accessory pipe (for suction gas (1))
- 17. Before fitting to the product, apply brazing.

# 

· Be sure to use the attached pipe when carrying out piping work in the field.

· Be sure that the local piping does not touch other pipes, the bottom panel or side panel. Especially for the bottom and side connection, be sure to protect the local piping with the provided insulation, to prevent it from coming into contact with the casing.

#### Precautions for installation of units

### 

- The outside unit multi connection piping kit that is sold separately as an option (BHFP22MA56U + 84U, BHFP26MA56U + 84U) is necessary for the multi installation of outside units.
- See the installation manual attached to the kit with attention to installation restrictions described in "connecting the refrigerant piping" when installing

- (Cautions for installation of multiple outside units)
- 1. The piping between the outside units must be routed level or slightly upward to avoid the risk of oil detention to the piping side.



2. The gas piping (both discharge and suction gas pipings in case of the heat recovery system) after branched, install without fail a trap of 8 in. or more using the piping included in the piping kit for connecting the outside unit. Otherwise, the refrigerant may stay within the pip ing, causing any damage to the outside unit.





3. If the piping length between the outside unit connecting pipe kit or between the outside units exceeds 80 in., create a rise of 8 in. or more in the gas line within a length of 80 in. from the kit.



# 9-5 Example of connection

\* In case of a system of switching between cooling and heating, all systems use 2-tube piping (for suction gas piping and liquid piping). No Branch Selector unit is required.



English

3P153897-15T

13

# 9-6 Air tight test and vacuum drying

The units were checked for leaks by the manufacturer.

Confirm that the valves are firmly closed before Air tight test or vacuum drying.

To prevent entry of any impurities and ensure sufficient pressure resistance, always use the special tools dedicated for R410A.

Air tight test: Make sure to use nitrogen gas.

(For the service port location, refer to the "Caution" label attached on the front panel [right] of the outside unit.)

(Refer to figure) 1. [Service precautions] Label



3. [Caution] Label Pressurize the liquid and gas pipes to 550 psi (do not pressurize more than 550 psi). If the pressure does not drop within 24 hours, the

2. Electrical components box lid

system passes the test. If the pressure drops, check where the nitro-

- gen leaks from. **Vacuum drying:** Use a vacuum pump which can evacuate to 500 microns.
- Evacuate the system from the liquid and gas pipes by using a vacuum pump for more than 2 hours and bring the system to 500 microns or less. After keeping the system under that condition for more than 1 hour, check if the vacuum gauge rises or not. If it rises, the system may either contain moisture inside or have leaks.
- 2. Following should be executed if there is a possibility of moisture remaining inside the pipe (if piping work is carried out during the raining season or over a long period of time rainwater may enter the pipe during work).

After evacuating the system for 2 hours, pressurize the system to 500 microns (vacuum break) with nitrogen gas and evacuate the system again using the vacuum pump for 1 hour to 500 microns or less(vacuum drying). If the system cannot be evacuated to 500 microns within 2 hours, repeat the operation of vacuum break and vacuum drying.

Then, after leaving the system in vacuum for 1 hour, confirm that the vacuum gauge does not rise.

# 

Make sure to perform air tight test and vacuum drying using the service ports of the stop valve shown in the table below.

One outside unit installed	Liquid line stop valve Discharge gas line stop valve Suction gas line stop valve
Multiple outside units installed	Liquid line stop valve Discharge gas line stop valve Suction gas line stop valve Oil-equalizing line stop valve

# 9-7 Pipe insulation

After finishing the leak test and vacuum drying, the piping must be insulated. Take into account the following points:

- Make sure to insulate the connection piping and refrigerant branch kits entirely.
- Be sure to use insulation that is designed for use with HVAC Systems.
- If you think the humidity around the cooling piping might exceed 86°F and RH80%, reinforce the insulation on the cooling piping (at least 13/16" thick). Condensation might form on the surface of the insulation.
- If there is a possibility that condensation on the stop valve might drip down into the indoor unit through gaps in the insulation and piping because the outside unit is located higher than the indoor unit, etc., this must be prevented by caulking the connections, etc.

# - 🥂 WARNING

• Be sure to insulate connection piping, as touching them can cause burns.

#### **9-8 Checking of device and installation conditions** Be sure to check the followings.

- 1. Make sure there is no faulty power wiring or loosing of a nut. See "8. FIELD WIRING".
- 2. Make sure there is no faulty transmission wiring or loosing of a nut. See "8. FIELD WIRING".
- **3.** Make sure there is no faulty refrigerant piping.
- See **"9. REFRIGERANT PIPING**". **4.** Make sure piping size is correct.
- See "9-1 Selection of piping material".
- 5. Make sure insulation work is done.
- See "9-7 Pipe insulation".
- 6. Make sure insulation resistance of main power circuit is not deteriorated.

Using a megatester for 500 V, check that the insulation resistance of 2 M $_{\Omega}$  or more is attained by applying a voltage of 500 V DC between power terminals and earth. Never use the megatester for the transmission wiring (between outside and indoor unit, outside and COOL/HEAT selector and etc.).

# 9-9 Additional refrigerant charge

# 

- To avoid injury always use protective gloves and eye protection when charging refrigerant.
- To avoid injury do not charge with unsuitable substances. Use only the appropriate refrigerant.

# 

- Refrigerant cannot be charged until field wiring has been completed.
- Refrigerant may only be charged after performing the leak test and the vacuum drying (see above).
- When charging a system, care shall be taken that its maximum permissible charge is never exceeded, in view of the danger of liquid hammer.

Refrigerant containers shall be opened slowly.

TO AVOID COMPRESSOR BREAKDOWN. DO NOT CHARGE THE REFRIGERANT MORE THAN THE SPECIFED AMOUNT TO RAISE THE CONDENSING PRESSURE.

- This outside unit is factory charged with refrigerant and depending on pipe sizes and pipe lengths some systems require additional charging of refrigerant.
- Determine the amount of refrigerant to be added by referring to the table, write it down on the included "Added Refrigerant" plate and attach it to the rear side of the front cover.

Note: refer to the example of connection for the amount to be added.

# Additional refrigerant charge procedure (1)-normally

- Charge the refrigerant to the liquid pipe in its liquid state. Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, its composition changes if charged in a state of gas and normal system operation would no longer be assured.
- Make sure to use installation tools you exclusively use on R410A installations to withstand the pressure and to prevent foreign materials from mixing into the system.
- 1. Before charging, check whether the tank has a siphon attached or not.

#### How to charge with the siphon tank.

- Charge with the tank upright.
- / There is a siphon tube
- inside, so there is no need
- \ to turn the tank upside-down.

Other ways of charging with the tank.

Charge with the tank upside-down.



- 2. After the vacuum drying is finished, charge the additional refrigerant in its liquid state through the liquid stop valve service port. Taking into account following instructions:

  - Check that gas and liquid stop valves are closed. Stop the compressor and charge the specified weight of refrigerant.

(If the outside unit is not in operation and the total amount cannot be charged, follow the Additional refrigerant charge procedure (2) shown below.)

# 

Procedures for charging additional refrigerant.

- (Refer to figure 24)
- 1. Pressure reducing valve
- 2. Nitrogen
- 3. Refrigerant tank
- 4. With a siphon 5.
- Measuring instrument Vacuum pump
- 6. Valve A 7.
- Valve B 8.
- 9.
- Charge hose Outside unit 10.
- 11. Gas side
- 12. Liquid side
- 13. Discharge gas side
- 14. Suction gas side
- 15. Stop valve service port
- 16. To indoor unit
- To indoor units / BS units 17.
- 18. Dotted lines represent onsite piping

#### Additional refrigerant charge procedure (2)-by Additional refrigerant charge operation

To learn the system settings for additional refrigerant charging, refer to the [Service Precaution] label attached on the back of the electric box lid in the outside unit.

- 1. Fully open all stop valves (valve A and valve B must be left fully closed).
- 2. After ten minutes, fully close liquid line stop valve and then, open the valve by turning 180°. Start the additional refrigerant charge operation.

  - See [Service precautions] Label for detail.

If it is difficult to charge the refrigerant additionally, decrease the water temperature or warm the refrigerant tank.

(Warm the refrigerant tank with a stupe or a warm hot water of 104°F or less.)

- 3. After the system is charged with a specified amount of refrigerant, press the RETURN button (BS3) on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to stop the additional refrigerant charge operation.
- 4. Immediately open both liquid-side and gas-side stop valve. (If do not open the stop valve immediately, liquid seal may cause the pipe to burst.)

# /!\ NOTE-

If the refrigerant cylinder is siphonal, set it upright while charging additional refrigerant.

# 9-10 Stop valve operation procedure

# CAUTION -

Do not open the stop valve until 1-6 of "9-8 Checking of device and installation conditions" are completed. If the stop valve is left open without turning on power, it may cause refrigerant to buildup in the compressor, leading to insulation degradation.

#### Opening stop valve

- 1. Remove the cap and turn the valve counterclockwise with the hexagon wrench.
- 2. Turn it until the shaft stops.

Do not apply excessive force to the stop valve. Doing so may break the valve body, as the valve is not a backseat type. Always use the special tool.

3. Make sure to tighten the cap securely.

#### Closing stop valve

- 1. Remove the cap and turn the valve clockwise with the hexagon wrench
- 2. Securely tighten the valve until the shaft contacts the main body seal.
- 3. Make sure to tighten the cap securely.

\* For the tightening torque, refer to the table on the below.

#### Tightening torque

	Tightening torque ftlbf. (Turn clockwise to close)								
Stop valve size	Shaft (valve body)		Shaft Cap (valve body) (valve lid)		Cap (valve lid)	Service port	Flare nut	Gas side accessory pipe (1)	
Liquid side	3.98-4.87 Hexagonal wrench 1/8 in.		9.95-12.17	8.48-10.25	24.1-29.4	-			
Gas side	19.91-24.33	Hexagonal wrench 3/8 in.	26.54-32.44	8.48-10.25	-	16.22-20.65			

# (Refer to figure 25)

- 1. Service port 2. Cap
- Hexagon hole
- Shaft 4.
- 5. The main body seal

#### (Caution)

- Do not damage the cap sealing.
- Always use a charge hose for service port connection.
- After tightening the cap, check that no refrigerant leaks are present. After working, securely tighten the cover of service port without fail
- by specified torque.
- When loosening a flare nut, always use two wrenches in combination. When connecting the piping, always use a spanner and torque wrench in combination to tighten the flare nut.
- When connecting a flare nut, coat the flare (inner and outer faces) with ether oil or ester oil and hand-tighten the nut 3 to 4 turns as the initial tightening.
- Do not forget to open the stop valve before starting operation. (Refer to figure 26)
  - 1. Remove the cap and turn the valve counterclockwise with the hexagon wrenches until it stops.
  - 2. Discharge gas side
  - 3. Liquid side
  - 4. Suction gas side
  - 5. Never remove the partition flange for any reason.
  - 6. Full close on the suction gas side

# **10. CHECKS AFTER INSTALLATION**

- A WARNING -
- Never connect power supply wiring to the terminal block for remote controller wiring as this could damage the entire system.
- Attach the power wire securely.
- To avoid injury, always make sure that the circuit breaker on the power supply panel of the installation is switched off before doing any work.

After the installation, check the following before switching on the circuit breaker:

- The position of the switches that requires an initial setting Make sure that switches are set according to your application needs before turning the power supply on.
- Power supply wiring and transmission wiring Use a designated power supply and transmission wiring and make sure that it has been carried out according to the instructions described in this manual, the wiring diagrams and local and national regulations.
- Pipe sizes and pipe insulation Make sure that correct pipe sizes are installed and that the insulation work is properly executed.
- Additional refrigerant charge
   The amount of refrigerant to be added to the unit should be written
   on the included "Additional Refrigerant" label, and attach it to the
   rear side of the front cover.
- 5. Measurement of insulation in main power circuit Using a megatester for 500 V, check that the insulation resistance of 2 M $\Omega$  or more is attained by applying a voltage of 500 V DC between power terminals and earth. Never use the megatester for the trans-
- mission wiring. 6. Installation date

Be sure to keep record of the installation date on the "Additional Refrigerant" label.

# 11. TEST RUN

# 

After completing installation, be sure to open the valves. (Operating the unit with the valves shut will break the compressor.)

# 11-1 Air discharge

 Running the heat source water pump, carry out air discharge process until the water comes out from the air discharge hole of local piping.

(For the operation to be done for the first time after installation, you need to perform a checking operation.)

### 11-2 Before turn on the power supply

 Close the electrical components lid securely before turning on power.
 Make settings for outside unit PC board (A1P) after power-on and check the LED display from inspection door that is on the electrical components box lid.

#### 11-3 Check operation

When running the unit for the first time after installation, be sure to perform a test operation following these steps. (Not performing a test operation when the unit is first installed may prevent the unit from operating properly.)

 During the operation, monitor the outside unit operation status and check for any incorrect wiring.

<ul> <li>(1) Check the connection of interlock circuit</li> <li>The outside unit cannot be operated if the interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system interlock circuit has not been connected.</li> <li>(2) When be system is in the multiple-outside unit. (Any settings made on a sub unit will be ignored.)</li> <li>(3) Turn ON the power to the outside units and indoor units.</li> <li>(4) Start the heat source water pump and fill the heat source water is kept within the operation and theat the operation range.</li> <li>(3) Check the</li></ul>														
<ul> <li>(2) - As necessary, configure the system settings onsite by using the dipswitch (DS1) on the outside unit PC-Board (A1P) and push button switches (BS1 to 5).</li> <li>When the system is in the multiple-outside unit configuration (Out Multi), perform the configuration on the main unit. (Any settings made on a sub unit will be ignored.)</li> <li>After this, close the electrical components box lid.</li> <li>(3) Turn ON the power to the outside units and indoor units.</li> <li>(4) Start the heat source water pump and fill the heat source water pump and fill the heat source water in the outside unit.</li> <li>(5) Make sure that the temperature of heat source water is kept within the operation range. (50 - 100°F).</li> <li>(6) Check the LED on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to see if the data transmission is performed normally.</li> <li>(7) Using the push button switches (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (A1P) in the outside units.</li> <li>(7) Using the push button switches (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (A1P) of the base (main) unit is the outside unit to unit, (Any setting on unit, Chry setting on unit, (Any setting on unit).</li> <li>(8) Check all stop valves are opened. If some stop valve is cosed, open the system is in the multiple outside unit, cany out al local setting, if necessary.</li> <li>(9) Check all stop valves are opened. If some stop valves are opened. If</li></ul>	(1)	Check th circuit	e conne	ction of inte	erlock		The outside unit cannot be operated if the interlock circuit has not been connected.							
After this, close the electrical components box lid.         (3) Turn ON the power to the outside units and indoor units.       Make sure to turn ON the power 6 hours before starting the operation. This is neces sary to warm the crankcase preliminarily by the electric heater.         (4) Start the heat source water pump and fill the heat source water in the outside unit.       The outside unit cannot be operated if the heat source water is kept within the operation range (60 - 100°F).         (5) Make sure that the temperature of heat source water is kept within the operation range (60 - 100°F).       The outside unit cannot be operated at a temperature outside the operation range.         (6) Check the LED on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to see if the data transmission is performed normally.       The outside unit cannot be operated at a temperature outside the operation range.         (bedistuit queried)       Queried (Queried)       Reddy (Codentheater changeover individe)       Investige (Queried)         (clock the LED on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to see if the data transmission is performed normally.       LED display (Queried)       Queried (Queried)         (De outside unit tealled O       O       O       O       O       O         (de outside unit state 20       O       O       O       O       O         (et and the outside unit to the interconnecting wiring for the indoor units is connected. The other outside units are used units.       Colembeter the position shown in the figure on the right (Colentheater the position show in the figure on the	<ul> <li>(2) As necessary, configure the system settings onsite by using the dipswitch (DS1) on the outside unit PC-Board (A1P) and push button switches (BS1 to 5).</li> <li>When the system is in the multiple-outside unit configuration (Out Multi), perform the configuration on the main unit. (Any settings made on a sub unit will be ignored.)</li> </ul>					A C at (E (F m P	Iways   N the efer to ttached n the ri Electric Remen nade m recaut	perform power. the [Se d at the ight box li box li hber, th uust be ions] la	m confi . To lea ervice l e positi d in ou ne actu record abel.)	igurati arn the Preca ion sh itside ual set ded or	on afte e settin utions] own in unit). tings y the [S	er turnin g meth label the fig ou hav Service	ng 10d, jure /e	
(3) Turn CN the power to the outside units and indoor units.       Make sure to turn ON the power to the source sary to the power to the power to the power to the before starting the operation. This is necessary to warm the crankcase preliminarily by the electric heater.         (4) Start the heat source water pump and fill the heat source water in the outside unit.       The outside unit cannot be operated if the heat source water is kept within the operation range (60 - 100°F).         (5) Make sure that the temperature of heat source water is kept within the operation range (60 - 100°F).       The outside unit cannot be operated at a temperature outside the operation range.         (6) Check the LED on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to see if the data trans- mission is performed normally.       The outside unit to see if the data trans- mission is performed normally.         (1) LED display (Detailt status before deliver) (0) Meanually (1) HAP H1P H2P H3P H4P H4P H5P H6P H7P H3P (1) Meanually (1) Mater station 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	After this nents bo	, close ti x lid.	he electrica	al com	po-								
(4) Start the heat source water pump and fill the heat source water in the outside unit.       The outside unit cannot be operated if the heat source water is kept within the operation range (60 - 100°F).       The outside unit cannot be operated at a temperature outside the operation range.         (5) Make sure that the temperature of heat source water is kept within the operation range (60 - 100°F).       The outside unit cannot be operated at a temperature outside the operation range.         (6) Check the LED on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to see if the data trans- mission is performed normally.       Image: Coelenheater changeover Individe Built Built (sub)       Low Demand Multi (sub)         (Detautistatus before delivery)       Macrompuler manter       Page       Ready/ Error       Coelenheater changeover Individe Built Built (sub)       Low Demand Multi (sub)         (Page discussion is performed normally.       Marcompuler HAP       Page       Ready/ Error       Coelenheater changeover Individe Built (sub)       Low Demand Multi (sub)         (Page discussion is connected.       MAP       HP	(3)	Turn ON units and	the pow I indoor	er to the o units.	utside		N b sa th	lake su efore s ary to v ne elec	ure to t tarting varm t tric he	urn Of the op he crai ater.	N the p peration nkcase	oower on. Thi e prelir	6 hours s is ne ninarily	s ces- y by
<ul> <li>(5) Make sure that the temperature of heat source water is kept within the operation range (60 - 100°F).</li> <li>(6) Check the LED on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to see if the data transmission is performed normally.</li> <li>(7) Check the LED on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to see if the data transmission is performed normally.</li> <li>(8) Check the table of table</li></ul>	(4)	Start the and fill th outside ι	heat so le heat s init.	urce water ource wate	pump er in th	e	T h	he out eat sou	side ui urce w	nit canı ater pu	not be ump is	opera not ru	ted if ti nning.	he
<ul> <li>(6) Check the LED on the PC board (A1P) in the outside unit to see if the data transmission is performed normally.</li> <li> LED display (Default status operation (Default status operation (Default status One obset with state default (De obset with state default state state default state state default state default state default state state default state d</li></ul>	(5)	Make su heat sou operatior	re that th rce wate n range (	e tempera r is kept w 60 - 100°F	ture o ithin th ).	f 1e	T te	he out empera	side ui iture o	nit canı utside	not be the op	opera	ted at n range	a e.
LED display (Default status before delivery)       Marcompute (preation monitor)       Page (Page (Page)       Ready (Decembed relivery)       Coolenheater changeour (Bulk (Bulk (Hamin) (Bulk (Bulk)       Low noise (Page)       Dented (Multi)       Multi (Hamin)         Ore adde unit istalled (I)       O       O       O       O       O       O       O       O         Ore adde unit istalled (I)       O       O       O       O       O       O       O       O       O         When nubig uside(II)       Mate station (I)       O </td <td>(6)</td> <td>Check th mission i</td> <td>e LED o s perforr</td> <td>n the PC b ned norma</td> <td>ioard ( ally.</td> <td>A1P</td> <td>P) ii</td> <td>n the c</td> <td>utside</td> <td>unit to</td> <td>o see i</td> <td>f the d</td> <td>ata trai</td> <td>ns-</td>	(6)	Check th mission i	e LED o s perforr	n the PC b ned norma	ioard ( ally.	A1P	P) ii	n the c	utside	unit to	o see i	f the d	ata trai	ns-
HAP       H1P       H2P       H3P       H4P       H5P       H6P       H7P       H4P         Ore adde unit issiled       O </td <td></td> <td>LED disp (Default s before de</td> <td>lay tatus liverv)</td> <td>Microcomputer operation monitor</td> <td>Page</td> <td>Read Error</td> <td>dy/ r</td> <td>Cooler/h</td> <td>eater cha Bulk (main)</td> <td>Bulk (sub)</td> <td>Low noise</td> <td>Demand</td> <td>Multi</td> <td></td>		LED disp (Default s before de	lay tatus liverv)	Microcomputer operation monitor	Page	Read Error	dy/ r	Cooler/h	eater cha Bulk (main)	Bulk (sub)	Low noise	Demand	Multi	
Ute descent instance       0		0.000		HAP	H1P	H2	Р	H3P	H4P	H5P	H6P	H7P	H8P	
Image: proceedure".)       Substation 1       Image: proceedure".)         Image: proceedure".)       Substation 1       Image: proceedure state         Image: proceedure state       Substate       Substate         Image: proceedure state       Substate       Substate       Substate         Image: proceedure state       Substate       Substate       Substate		Une outside un	t Installed Master station				<u>,</u>	0					•	
LED display: OFF ON O Blinking LED display: OFF ON O Blinking (*) The base (main) unit is the outside unit to which the interconnecting wiring for the indoor units is connected. The other outside units are sub units. (7) Using the push button switches (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of outside unit, carry out a local setting, if necessary. • When the system is in the multiple-outside unit configuration on the right (Electric box lid in outside unit). (Remember, the actual settings you have made must be recorded on the [Service Precautions] label.) (8) Check all stop valves are opened. If some stop valve is closed, open therm. (Refer to *9-10 Stop valve operation procedure".) (9) Check was the outside unit will be ignored.) (8) Check all stop valves opened. If some stop valve is closed, open therm. (Refer to *9-10 Stop valve operation procedure".) (9) Check all stop valve operation procedure ".) (9) Check all stop valve operation function of the stop valve on discharge gas side and liquid side. For cooling and heating: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid close. For cooling and heating switching operation system: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid loce. The stop valve on suction side (Keep the stop valve on suction side (Keep the stop valve on suction side fully closed.) (9) Perform the other contract following the stop valve on the suction gas side and liquid loce. For cooling and heating witching operation system: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid loce. The stop valve on the suction side fully closed.) (1) Perform the other for following the stop valve on the suction or side side. For cooling and heating witching operation system: Open the stop valve on the suction or side and liquid loce. The stop valve on the suction or side side. For cooling and heating the stop valve on the suction or side side. For cooling and heating the suction or side side. For cooling a		outside unit	Sub station 1	0		•	)	Ŏ	•	•	•	•	Ŏ	1
<ul> <li>(*) The base (main) unit is the outside unit to which the interconnecting wiring for the indoor units is connected. The other outside units are sub units.</li> <li>(7) • Using the push button switches (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (ATP) of outside unit, carry out a local setting, if necessary.</li> <li>• When the system is in the multiple-outside unit configuration (Out Multi), perform the configuration on the main unit. (Any settings made on a sub unit will be ignored.)</li> <li>(8) Check all stop valves are opened. If some stop valve is closed, open therm.</li> <li>(Refer to "9-10 Stop valve operation procedure".)</li> <li>(9) Check all stop valves are opened. If some stop valve is closed, open therm.</li> <li>(9) Check all stop valve operation procedure".)</li> <li>(9) Check all stop valve operation procedure".)</li> <li>(9) Check all stop valve operation for the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid side. For cooling and heating: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid close. The stop valve on sub units of the valve on sub units will be ignored.)</li> <li>(9) Check all stop valves operation for the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid side. For cooling and heating switching operation system: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid side. For cooling and heating witching operation system: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid side. For cooling and heating witching operation system: Open the stop valve on suction side fully closed. Otherwise the operation of the stop valve on the suction or system: Open the stop valve on the suction side fully closed. Open the stop valve on the suction side fully closed. Open the stop valve on the suction or system: Open the stop valve on the suction or side fully closed. Open the stop valve on the suction or side fully closed. Open the stop valve on the suction or suction side fully closed. Open the stop valve on suction side fully closed. Open the stop valve on the suction</li></ul>		liisidileu (*)	SUD station 2	U	•		<u> </u>		D displa				Blinking	]
<ul> <li>(P) Using the postional window and (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) of USI (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (AIP) (PC board (AIP) (PC board (AIP)) (PC board (AIP))</li> <li>(When the system is in the multiple-outside unit configuration (DU to the system is in the multiple-outside unit configuration (DU to the PC board (AIP) (PC board (AIP)) (PC board (AIP))</li> <li>(B) Check all stop valves are opened. If some stop valve is closed, open them. (Refer to "9-10 Stop valve operation procedure".)</li> <li>(CAUTION] Do not leave any stop valve closed. Otherwise the compressor will fail. For Heat recovery system of cooling and heating: Open all stop valves on the suction side, discharge gas side and liquid side. (Keep the stop valve on suction side fully closed.)</li> <li>(Deperture the obset procedure following the procedure of th</li></ul>	(7)	(*) The ba indoor	ase (main units is o	n) unit is the connected. T	outsid	e uni ier ol	it to uts	o which ide unit	the int	ub unit	ecting s.	wiring f	or the	<u></u>
(8) Check all stop valves are opened. If some stop valve is closed, open them.     (Refer to "9-10 Stop valve operation procedure".)     (Otherwise the compressor will fail. For Heat recovery system of cooling and heating: Open all stop valves on the suction side, discharge gas side and liquid side. For cooling and heating switching operation system: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid side. (Keep the stop valve on suction side (Keep the stop valve on succion side fully closed.)     (New the back we have a sub- (Keep the stop valve on succion side fully closed.)     (New the back we have a sub- (Keep the stop valve on succion side fully closed.)     (New the back we have a sub- (Keep the stop valve on succion side fully closed.)	(I)* Osing the push botton solutions (BS1 - 5) on the PC board (A1P) of outside unit, carry out a local set- ting, if necessary. When the system is in the multiple- outside unit configuration (Out Multi), perform the configuration on the main unit. (Any settings made on a sub unit will be ignored.)				C re at (E (F r	N the efer to ttached n the ri Electric Remen nade m recaut	power. the [Se d at the ight box li hber, the iust be ions] la	d in ou record record record abel.)	arn the Preca ion sh Itside I Jal set ded or	utions] own in unit). tings y	g meth label the fig ou hav Service	jure		
For cooling and heating switching operation system: Open the stop valves on discharge gas side and liquid side. (Keep the stop valve on suction side fully closed.)	(8) Check all stop valves are opened. If some stop valve is closed, open them. (Refer to "9-10 Stop valve operation procedure".)				[CAUTION] Do not leave any stop valve closed. Otherwise the compressor will fail. For Heat recovery system of cooling and heating: Open all stop valves on the suction side, discharge rass side and linuid side.									
					ina	F S O a S	or cool ystem: )pen th nd liqu uction	e stop id side <b>side</b> t	d heati valves a. (Kee fully cl	on dis on dis p the losed.	itching scharg stop v	e gas s raive o	tion side on	

	suction side fully closed.)
e check operation following tions printed on the recautions] label.	If you push the test run button (BS4) on the PC board (A1P) of the outside unit for 5 seconds, the test run starts. If you want to interrupt the test run, push the RETURN button (BS3) on PC board (A1P) of the outside unit. The system continues residual operation for about 1 minute (maximum 10 minutes) and then stops. (During test run, you cannot stop it by a command from a remote controller.) You need to perform the above settings on the PCB by accessing the PCB through the inspection cover on the switch box cover.

(Refer to figure 27)

- 1. Electrical components box
- Electrical components box lid
   Service lid
- Service lid
   Inspection cover

the instru

[Service ]

5. [Service precaution] Label

3P153897-15T

 $\langle \text{Cautions for check operation} \rangle$ 

- If the system is started within about 12 minutes after the outside/ indoor units are turned ON, the compressor will not run and H2P lights up. Before starting an operation, always verify that the LED display shows the contents of the table in "11-3 Check operation (6)".
- The system may require up to 10 minutes until it can start the compressor after an operation start. This is a normal operation to equalize the refrigerant distribution.
- The check operation does not provide any means of checking the indoor units individually. For that purpose, perform normal operation using the remote controller after the check operation.
- Check operation is not possible in other modes such as collection mode.
- If the setting of indoor remote controller is changed before the check operation, it may not be performed correctly and malfunction code "UF" may be displayed.

Remote controller	displays	malfunction	code
-------------------	----------	-------------	------

tion code	Installation error	Remedial action
E3 E4 F3 F6 UF U2	The stop valve of an out- side unit is left closed.	Open the stop valve. Check referring to the table in "9-9 Additional refrigerant charge".
U1	The phases of the power to the outside units are reversed.	Exchange two of the three phases (L1, L2, L3) to make a positive phase connection.
U1 U2 U4	No power is supplied to an outside or indoor unit (including phase interrup- tion).	Check if the power wiring for the outside units are connected cor- rectly. (If the power wire is not con- nected to L2 phase, no malfunc- tion display will appear and the compressor will not work.) Check if the ground fault circuit interrupter in the outside unit is ON.
UF	Incorrect transmission between units	Check if the refrigerant piping line and the unit transmission wiring are consistent with each other.
E3 F6 UF U2	Refrigerant overcharge	Recalculate the required amount of refrigerant from the piping length and correct the refrigerant charge level by recovering any excessive refrig- erant with a refrigerant recovery machine.
E4 F3	Insufficient refrigerant	<ul> <li>Check if the additional refrigerant charge has been finished correctly.</li> <li>Recalculate the required amount of refrigerant from the piping length and add an adequate amount of refrigerant.</li> </ul>
U7 UF	If an outside multi termi- nal is connected when there is one outside unit installed	Remove the line from the outside multi terminals (Q1 and Q2).
UF E4	The operation mode on the remote controller was changed before the check operation.	Set the operation mode on all indoor unit remote controllers to "cooling."
HJ	The heat source water is not circulating.	Make sure that the water pump is running.
U3	The check operation has not been performed.	Perform the check operation.
E2 E3	E3 is activated, so On/Off button is pressed on the remote controller, but this does not turn E3 off. Or E2 is activated. In case of above, there is a malfunc- tion of the compressor in the outside unit.	Measure the insulation resis- tance of the compressor to check the condition of the com- pressor.

#### 11-4 Check of normal operation

After the check operation is completed, operate the unit normally. (Heating is not possible if the outdoor temperature is  $75^{\circ}F$  or higher. Refer to the Operation manual.)

Check the below items.

- Make sure the indoor and outside units are operating normally (If a knocking sound can be heard in the liquid compression of the compressor, stop the unit immediately and then energize the heater for a sufficient length of time before restarting the operation.)
- Run each indoor unit one at a time and make sure the corresponding outside unit is also running.
- Check to see if cold (or hot) air is coming out of the indoor unit.
  Press the fan direction and fan strength buttons on the indoor unit to check if they operate properly.

# 

#### (Cautions for normal operation check)

- Once stopped, the compressor will not restart in about 5 minutes even if the On/Off button of an indoor unit in the same system is pressed.
- When the system operation is stopped by the remote controller, the outside units may continue operating for further 5 minutes at maximum.
- If the system has not undergone any check operation by the test operation button since it was first installed, an malfunction code "U3" is displayed. In this case, perform check operation referring to "11-3 Check operation".
- After the test operation, when handing the unit over to the customer, make sure the electric box lid, the service lid, and the unit casing are all attached.

# **12. CAUTION FOR REFRIGERANT LEAKS**

#### — /N DANGER

 Refrigerant gas is heavier than air and replaces oxygen. A massive leak could lead to oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphysiation hazard could occur leading to serious injury or death.

(Points to note in connection with refrigerant leaks) Introduction

The installer and system specialist shall secure safety against leakage according to local regulations or standards. The following standards may be applicable if local regulations are not available.

The VRV System, like other air conditioning systems, uses R410A as refrigerant. R410A itself is an entirely safe non-toxic, non-combustible refrigerant. Nevertheless care must be taken to ensure that air conditioning facilities are installed in a room which is sufficiently large. This assures that the maximum concentration level of refrigerant gas is not exceeded, in the unlikely event of major leak in the system and this in accordance to the local applicable regulations and standards.

#### Maximum concentration level

The maximum charge of refrigerant and the calculation of the maximum concentration of refrigerant is directly related to the humanly occupied space in to which it could leak.

The unit of measurement of the concentration is  $lb/ft^3$  (the weight in lb. of the refrigerant gas in 1  $ft^3$  volume of the occupied space).

Compliance to the local applicable regulations and standards for the maximum allowable concentration level is required.



**1.** direction of the refrigerant flow

2. room where refrigerant leak has occurred (outflow of all the refrigerant from the system)

3P153897-15T

#### Pay a special attention to the place, such as a basement, etc. where refrigerant can stay, since refrigerant is heavier than air. Procedure for checking maximum concentration

Check the maximum concentration level in accordance with steps 1 to 4 below and take whatever action is necessary to comply.

1. Calculate the amount of refrigerant (lb.) charged to each system separately.

amount of refriger- ant in a single unit system (amount of refrigerant with which the system is charged before leaving the factory)	additional charging amount (amount of refrigerant added locally in accordance with the length or diameter of the refrig- erant piping)	=	total amount of refriger- ant (lb.) in the system
---	--	---	--

### **≜** NOTE

- Where a single refrigerant facility is divided into 2 entirely independent refrigerant systems then use the amount of refrigerant with which each separate system is charged.
- 2. Calculate the smallest room volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)
- In case like the following, calculate the volume of (A), (B) as a single room or as the smallest room.
  - A. Where there are no smaller room divisions



**B.** Where there is a room division but there is an opening between the rooms sufficiently large to permit a free flow of air back and forth.



- 1. opening between rooms
- 2. partition

(Where there is an opening without a door or where there are openings above and below the door which are each equivalent in size to 0.15% or more of the floor area.)

 Calculating the refrigerant density using the results of the calculations in steps 1 and 2 above.

total volume of refrigerant in the refrigerant system

maximum concentration level (lb./ft<sup>3</sup>)

size (ft<sup>3</sup>) of smallest room in which there is an indoor unit installed

If the result of the above calculation exceeds the maximum concentration level then make similar calculations for the second then third smallest room and so until the result falls short of the maximum concentration.

 $\leq$ 

4. Dealing with the situations where the result exceeds the maximum concentration level.

Where the installation of a facility results in a concentration in excess of the maximum concentration level then it will be necessary to revise the system. Please consult your Daikin supplier.

# 3. Instructions for Antifreeze Usage

Instructions for Antifreeze Usage         • Usakis and irresze         • Hikkisa Cross : 0-30 (ws)         • Provine Store : 10-30 (ws)         • Autricut         • Likkisa Cross : 10-30 (ws)         • Starticut         • Likkisa Cross : 10-30 (ws)         • Discretion may result in reparts of the boat occhamper due to freezew us generative of secters) and the bide concentration may result in capacity reduction on corrosing.         • It is recommended to check the actifreeze concentration once a more.         • Damply with local and matching code appendix dispussion of the store salution.         2. Operation limit         • The forces to the assume the following sperating conditions for indeor and outside units: Expiralent piping leafth: 25 ft         • The forces to the assume the following sperating conditions for indeor and outside units: Expiralent piping leafth: 25 ft         • The forces to the assume the following sperating conditions for indeor and outside units: Expiralent piping leafth: 25 ft         • The forces to the assume the following sperating conditions for indeor and outside units: Expiralent piping water temperature (f)         • The force to the assort temperature (f)         • The force the following spenating on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative.         • The asting nor matified water temperature temperature temperature.         • The asting for antifreeze control         • The astring no antifreeze control					
1. Usehle antifreeze 1. Usehle antifreeze 1. Usehle antifreeze 1. Usehle antifreeze 2. Ethin re divide ithe solution of the so	Inst	ructions fo	r Antifreez	e Usage	
<ul> <li>Earlier Chronic Tion - 50 (with)</li> <li>Province for the concentration of the desired concentration percettage.</li> <li>Near many contribution may result in concurs of the value concentration percettage.</li> <li>Near many contribution may result in concurs of the value concentration percettage.</li> <li>The recommended to cance the antifrezer concentration parce amplib.</li> <li>Comply with local and the higher concentration may result in concurs and part increase.</li> <li>The recommended to cance the antifrezer concentration parce amplib.</li> <li>Comply with local and earlier concentration, pay attention to weight percent of the state solution.</li> <li>Deration limit</li> <li>The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units:         <ul> <li>Pervivalent colling input: 25 ff</li> <li>Weight difference: 0 ff</li> <li>Stating water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifference concentration as below.</li> <li>Consinon</li> <li>Consinon</li> <li>Construct colling water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifference: 0 ff</li> <li>Stating temperature limit (%) temperature (%)</li> <li>Induct temp</li></ul></li></ul>	1 Usable antifreeze				
<ul> <li>Propyles dires : 10-20 (%(%)</li> <li>Altrin (bt antifreese concentration of the desired concentration percentage. Lower concentration may regain in rupture of the leat exchanger due to freeze up or operation of societing, and the higher concentration may regain in capacity reduction or correster.</li> <li>Concentration (may regain in rupture of the leat exchanger due to freezeup or operation of societing, and the higher concentration, pay attestion to weight percent of the stock solution.</li> <li>Coperation limit.</li> <li>Coperation limit.</li> <li>The frighter here being assume the following operating conditions for indoor and dutaide units: Explorate to solution.</li> <li>Coperation limit.</li> <li>The frighter here being assume the following operating conditions for indoor and dutaide units: Explorate to solution.</li> <li>Condition.</li> <li>Condition.</li></ul>	• Ethylene Glycol • $10 \sim 50$ (	w + % )			
<ul> <li>Actimize the problem of the back of the back</li></ul>	• Pronviene Given • 10~50	(w+%)			
Addition the antifreeze concentration at the desired concentration percentage.     Law concentration may result in mprove of the heat exchanger due to freeze-we or generation     the control may result in mprove of the heat exchanger due to freeze-we or generation     the control may result in mprove of the heat exchanger due to freeze-we or generation     the control may result in mprove of the heat exchanger due to freeze-we or generation     the control may result in mprove of the heat exchanger due to freeze-we or generation     the control may result in mprove of the heat exchanger due to freeze-we     when all wing the antifreeze concentration, may attention to weight percent of the stock solution.  2. Operation limit  2. Operation limit  3. The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoer and outside units:     Equivalent piping length: 25 ft     melokt difference: 0 ft  3. The figures temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below.  2. Continuous operation  3. Continuous operation  3. Solution  3. The figures for the figures of the figures of the stock solution.  3. Field setting for antifreeze control  3. Field setting for antifreeze control  3. Field setting for antifreeze control  4. Control  4. Control  4. Control  5. Field setting for antifreeze co		( 11 1 /0 /			
<ul> <li>Maintain the affittereze concentration at the day fed concentration percentage. Lawsr cascolarization way result in represent of the hard exchanger due to freeze-up or generation of socieria, and the higher cancentration may result in capacity reduction or corresion.</li> <li>Lis recommended to check the antifreeze concentration made a nonly. Comply with local and rational codes area disparing of adtifreeze. Mand distance the stores concentration capacity result in to wright percent of the stock solution.</li> <li>2. Dependion limit <ul> <li>The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units: Equivalent pipul percent.</li> <li>2. The entering water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below. (Cooling) (Coo</li></ul></li></ul>	CAUTION				
Lower concentration way result in rorture of the heat schaler due to recervision. I is is recommended to check the antifreeze concentration may result in capacity requirition or corrision. I is is recommended to check the antifreeze concentration one a month. Company with local and antifreeze concentration, may attention to weight parcent of the stock solution. 2. Operation limit The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units: Expirated spling length. 25 ft Height difference: 0 ft The entering water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below. (CCM Simultaneous) (Heating the antifreeze concentration (%) temperature (F) 10 45 - 95 20 37 - 95 10 40 - 11 - 15 - 41 - 95 20 37 - 95 10 40 - 23 - 95 10 - 10 - 45 - 95 20 37 - 95 10 - 10 - 45 - 95 20 37 - 95 10 - 0 - 0 - 10 The entering water temperature cont be lower depending on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, the water flow rate is 21,5 - 33,5 spm. The entering water temperature cont be lower depending on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, the water flow rate is 21,5 - 33,5 spm. The entering water temperature cont be lower depending on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, the water flow rate is 21,5 - 33,5 spm. The entering water temperature cont be lower depending on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, the water flow rate is 21,5 - 33,5 spm. The entering water temperature control A control Method flower as exprise manal. (Data and the concentration. Failure to do sp may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Prove the last of secting array are in an the 'Stillow Muke Z (MP is linke ML). (Data and be fill with edite setting with a time control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration. Failure to do sp may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. (Data and be fill with edite completer the tetring w	• Maintain the antifreeze c	oncentration at the desire	d concentration percent	age.	
or bacteria, and the higher concentration may result in Capacity Feuction Dr Chrosion,         1 is is recommended to check the antifreer concentration once annuit,         Compry with local and adtional codes wher disposing of antifreeze,         When disting the antifreeze concentration, pay attention to weight percent of the stock solution.         2. Operation limit         • The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units:         Equivalent pipel pipels, 25 fit         • The entering water temperature limit for heating varies desending on the antifreeze concentration as below,         Cooling,         (cooling)	Lower concentration may r	esult in rupture of the he	at exchanger due to fre	eze-up or generat	
<ul> <li>It is recommended to check the artifreze concentration once a math, Comply with local and antifreze concentration, pay attention to weight percent of the stock solution.</li> <li>Queration limit</li> <li>The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units: Equivalent piping length: 25 ft Height difference of ft</li> <li>The entering water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreze concentration as below. (Conting)</li> <li>Conting: Conting: Conting: Conting the entering varies depending on the antifreze concentration as below. (Conting)</li> <li>Conting: Conting: Conting: Conting: Concentration (\$)</li> <li>Conting: Conting: Concentration (\$)</li> <li>Concentration (\$)<td>of bacteria, and the high</td><td>er concentration may resul</td><td>t in capacity reduction</td><td>or corrosion.</td><td></td></li></ul>	of bacteria, and the high	er concentration may resul	t in capacity reduction	or corrosion.	
<pre>- Compry with local and national codes when disposing of antifreeze. - Compression limit - The dispression limit - The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units: Equivalent piping length: 25 it Height difference: 0 it - The entering water lengerature limit for heating varies depending on the artifreeze concentration as below. - Control water length of the section (%) Entering water (P) - Concentration (%) Entering water (P) - Concentration (%) Entering water (P) - Concentration (%) Entering water - Concent</pre>	<ul> <li>It is recommended to chec</li> </ul>	k the antifreeze concentra	ition once a month.		
<ul> <li>*Meet diluting the antifreeze concentration, pay attention to weight percent of the stock solution.</li> <li>2. Operation limit</li> <li>*The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units: Equivalent piping length: 25 ft Height difference: 0 ft</li> <li>*The entering water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below.</li> <li>*Coolingo</li> <li>*Coolingo<!--</td--><td>• Comply with local and nat</td><td>ional codes when disposing</td><td>of antifreeze.</td><td></td><td></td></li></ul>	• Comply with local and nat	ional codes when disposing	of antifreeze.		
2. Depration limit • The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units: Equivalent piping length: 25 ft Height control water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below. Conting water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below. Continue water temperature (F) • Charling water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below. Continue water temperature (F) • Charling water temperature (The water temperature (F) • Industry temperature (The water temperature)). • The water temperature (The Water temperature (The water temperature)). • The water temperature (The Water temperature). • The water temperature	• When diluting the antifre	eze concentration, pay att	ention to weight percen	t of the stock so	lution.
2. Operation 11mit         • The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units: Heigh (ifference: 0 ft)         • The entering water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the artifreeze concentration as below. Cooling?          100					
<ul> <li>The figures below assume the following operating conditions for indoor and outside units: Equivalent ploing length: 25 ft Height difference: 0 ft</li> <li>The entering water temperature limit for heating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below. Cooling?</li> <li>Cooling?</li> <li>Control Staultaneous?</li> <li>Staultaneous?</li> <li>Control Staultaneous?</li> <li>Control St</li></ul>	2. Operation limit				
<pre>Private to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration. The waised with or the setting procedures, refer to the label "SERVICE PRECAUTIONS" stacked on the control box cover of the autisfe unit or setting procedures. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. Figure 10 do so may result in the service manual. Correct setting with be indicated and indo the setting the figure 10 do so may result by the indicated and indo the setting the indicated and indicated and indic</pre>	• The figures below assume	the following operating co	nditions for indoor and	outside units:	
Height difference: 0 ft         • The entring water temperature limit for keating varies depending on the antifreeze concentration as below.         (CH Simultaneous)         (Hating)         (Hating) <td< td=""><td>Equivalent piping leng</td><td>th: 25 ft</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Equivalent piping leng	th: 25 ft			
<ul> <li>The entering water temperature limit for keating varies depending on the artifreeze concentration as below. C/H Simultaneous C/H Simultaneous C/</li></ul>	Height difference: 0 f	t			
Couling CC/H Simultaneous> CC/H Simultaneous	• The entering water temper	ature limit for heating va	ries depending on the a	ntifreeze concent	ration as below.
C(A) Simultaneous       Attifrezz concentration (%) temperature (*) indoor temperature (*)         10       45 - 95         10       45 - 95         10       45 - 95         10       45 - 95         10       45 - 95         10       45 - 95         10       45 - 95         10       45 - 95         20       37 - 95         30       23 - 95         10       45 - 50%         11       47 - 95         10       14 - 95         10       14 - 95         10       14 - 95         10       14 - 95         10       14 - 95         10       14 - 95         10       14 - 95         10       14 - 95         11       14 - 95         11       14 - 95         11       14 - 95         11       14 - 95         11       14 - 95         11       14 - 95         11       14 - 95         11       14 - 95         11       160 - 50 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 0	<pre>/// conting&gt;</pre>				
Antifreeze the second of the concentration, Field setting for antifreeze control Antifreeze contre control	<c h="" simultaneous=""></c>	<heating></heating>			
An influence of the outside unit is lower. A current of the outside unit is norrect operation or malfunction of the system. For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit is norrect operation or malfunction of the system. A current of the system of the system. A current of the system of the system. A current of the system of the system of the system. A current of the system of the system of the system. A current of the system of th		Antifreeze	Entering water		
<pre>current current c</pre>		Antificeze	tomporaturo (°E)	Indoor temp	erature (°F)
100       45 ~ 95         10       45 ~ 95         10       45 ~ 95         10       41 ~ 95         20       37 ~ 95         30       23 ~ 95         100       41 ~ 95         100       41 ~ 95         100       41 ~ 95         100       41 ~ 95         100       41 ~ 95         100       45 ~ 05         100       14 ~ 95         100       14 ~ 95         100       14 ~ 95         1000       14 ~ 95         1000       14 ~ 95         1000       14 ~ 95         1000       160000         1000000000000000000000000000000000000			lemperature (F)		
15       41 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       37 - 95         20       30         21       50-60 : Warming up operation 60-80 : Continuous operation 60 - 80 : Contis contenent contecontrol 60 - 80 : Contis co		10	45 ~ 95		
a       1	at a later of the	15	41 ~ 95		
1       20       31       33       34       95         25       34       95       60       60       80       60       80       60       80       60       80       60       80       60       80       60       80       60       80       60       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80       80       60       80 <td< td=""><td></td><td>20</td><td>37 ~ 05</td><td></td><td></td></td<>		20	37 ~ 05		
25       34 ~ 95       50~50 : maining up uperation         30       23 ~ 95         30       24 ~ 95	E C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	20	37 ** 35	FO CO Warm'	a up openation
30       23 ~ 95         35       23 ~ 95         40       14 ~ 95         40       14 ~ 95         40       14 ~ 95         40       14 ~ 95         40       14 ~ 95         40       14 ~ 95         50       0         60       70       80         1.door temperature (TWB)       45 - 50%         *1:Entering water temperature can be lower depending on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative.         •The water flow rate is 21,5 ~ 39,5 gpm.         •The water flow rate is 21,5 ~ 39,5 gpm.         •The water flow rate is 21,5 ~ 39,5 gpm.         •The water of low rate is 21,5 ~ 39,5 gpm.         •The water of low ratifference between outside and indoor units is 164 ft if the outside unit is higher, and 65 ft if the outside unit is lower.         3.Field setting for antifreeze control         CAUTION         •Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration. Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.         •For details of setting procedures, refer to the label "SERVICE PRECAUTION' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit is the entifreeze and concentration. Guidations big the LED indications bow in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. Guidation the right. Govero and the concent setting will be indicated.)	de la companya de la comp	25	34 ~ 95	50~60 : Warmin	ig up operation
35       23 ~ 95         40       14 ~ 95         10       10         10       10         10       10         10       10         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         10       14         11       160         11       160         12       163         13       164         14       14         14       14         15       164         164       164         164       164         165       164         165       164         164       164         165       164         164       164         164 <td>wat</td> <td>30</td> <td>23 ~ 95</td> <td>60~80 : Conti</td> <td>nuous operation</td>	wat	30	23 ~ 95	60~80 : Conti	nuous operation
50       initial initial initial initial initial conditions with initial conditions in the initial conditions in the initial conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, initial conditions with initial conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, initial conditions with initial conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, initial conditions with its initial conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, initial conditions with its initial conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, initial conditions with its initial conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, initial conditions with its initial conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, initial conditions with its initial conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative, and 65 ft if the outside unit is lower.         3. Field setting for antifreeze control         CAUTION         • Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration, failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.         • For details of setting procedures, refer to the label "SERVICE PRECAUTIONS" stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.         @ Huld down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the "SETTING MODE 2" (HIP is light ON,)         @ Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration, of the system is a conditions below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration, of the system is a conditions below in accordance with the antiffreeze and concentration, of the system is a		35	23 ~ 95		
The depending on 1 and a second seco	= 50 operation	10	11 ~ 95		
Construints **	±   Depending on	40	14 55		
30			14 05		
60       70       80       90         Indoor temperature (TWB)       **1:Entering water temperature can be lower depending on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative.         • The water flow rate is 21, 5-39,5 gpm.       • The maximum height difference between outside and indoor units is 164 ft if the outside unit is higher, and 65 ft if the outside unit is lower.         3. Field setting for antifreeze control       • CAUTION         • Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration. Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.         • For details of setting procedures, refer to the labe! "SERVICE PRECAUTIONS" stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.         ① PHold down the B51 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the "SETTING MODE 2" (HIP is light ON.)         ② Push the B52 button 58 times to get HIP       H2P         H2P       H3P         H4P       H5P         H6P       H7P         H2       EG 35%       O         Q detault       O       O         Q buts the B52 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the "setTING MODE 2" (HIP is light ON.)       O         Q buts the B52 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the "setTING MODE 2" (HIP is light ON.)       O         Q buts the B52 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the "setTING MODE 2" (HIP is light ON.)       O		45 - <b>50</b> %	14 ~ 95		
Indoor temperature (FMB)  **LiEntering water temperature can be lower depending on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative.  • The water flow rate is 21, 5~39,5 gpm. • The maximum height difference between outside and indoor units is 164 ft if the outside unit is higher, and 65 ft if the outside unit is lower. 3. Field setting for antifreeze control  • CAUTION • Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration, Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. • For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.  (D Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (HIP is light ON.)  (P Push the BS2 button sone. (The current setting will be indicated.)  (Q Push the BS2 button once. (The current setting will be indicated.)  (Q Push the BS2 button for go to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.  (Q Fug the BS2 button for go to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.  (Q Fug the BS2 button for go the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.  (Q Fug the BS2 button for go the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.  (Q for a leg for go go for go for go for go go for go for go go for go		45 <b>- 50%</b>	14 ~ 95		
<ul> <li>**: Entering water temperature can be lower depending on conditions. For details, ask your Daikin representative.</li> <li>• The water flow rate is 21,5~39,5 gpm.</li> <li>• The water flow rate is 21,5~39,5 gpm.</li> <li>3. Field setting for antifreeze control</li> <li>• CAUTION</li> <li>• Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration. Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.</li> <li>• For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the Outside unit of the service manual.</li> <li>(D Hold down the BSI button 55 times to get the HPP H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P the LED indications on the right, O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O</li></ul>	40 conditions *1 30 60 70 80 90	45 <b>- 50</b> %	14 ~ 95		
<ul> <li>The water flow rate is 21,5~39,5 gpm.</li> <li>The maximum height difference between outside and indoor units is 164 ft if the outside unit is higher, and 65 ft if the outside unit is lower.</li> <li>Field setting for antifreeze control</li> <li>A CAUTION <ul> <li>Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration.</li> <li>Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.</li> <li>OHold down the BSI button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2'(HP is light ON.)</li> <li>OPush the BS2 button sto get   HP   H2P   H3P   H4P   H5P   H6P   H7P   H2P   H2</li></ul>	☐ 40	45 - 50%	14 ~ 95		
<ul> <li>The maximum height difference between outside and indoor units is 164 ft if the outside unit is higher, and 65 ft if the outside unit is lower.</li> <li>Field setting for antifreeze control A CAUTION • Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration. Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system. • For details of setting procedures, refer to the label "SERVICE PRECAUTIONS" stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual. (D Hold down the BSI button for 5 seconds or more to go to the "SETTING MODE 2" (HIP is light ON.) (D Push the BS2 button 58 times to get HIP H2P H3P H4P H4P H5P H6P H7P the LED indications on the right. () (default) Water Procedures (Not the service marked) (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration. () (default) Water Or get the LED indications below in acc</li></ul>	40 - conditions *1 - 30	45 — <b>50%</b> ure can be lower depending	0n conditions. For deta	ails,ask your Dai	kin representative.
and 65 ft if the outside unit is lower.  3. Field setting for antifreeze control	<ul> <li>a) and background conditions a</li></ul>	45-50%ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm.	on conditions. For deta	ails,ask your Dai	kin representative.
<ul> <li>3. Field setting for antifreeze control</li> <li>A CAUTION <ul> <li>Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration.</li> <li>Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.</li> <li>The details of setting seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (HIP is light ON.)</li> <li>Push the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (HIP is light ON.)</li> <li>Push the BS2 button so the right.</li> <li>O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O</li></ul>	<ul> <li>a) → conditions and point conditions</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni	kin representative. t is higher,
<ul> <li>Field setting for antifreeze control</li> <li>CAUTION <ul> <li>Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration.</li> <li>Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.</li> <li>(D Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (HIP is light ON.)</li> <li>(P Push the BS2 button 58 times to get HIP H2P H3P H4P H4P H5P H6P H7P the LED indications on the right.</li> <li>(D Push the BS3 button once, (The current setting will be indicated.)</li> <li>(Q Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.</li> <li>(default) Water</li> <li>2 EG 35%</li> <li>3 EG 45% -50%</li> <li>4 EG 30%, PG 30%</li> <li>5 PG 35%</li> <li>6 EG 40%, PG 40%</li> <li>7 PG 45% -50%</li> <li>9 EG 10%, PG 10%</li> <li>9 EG 10%, PG 10%</li> <li>10 EG 15%, PG 25%</li> <li>11 EG 20%, PG 20%</li> <li>12 EG 25%, PG 25%</li> <li>(P Push the BS3 button twice to complete the setting.</li> <li>(P Push the BS3 button twice to complete the setting.</li> <li>(P Push the BS3 button twice to go back to the 'SETTING MODE 1'. (HIP is light OFF.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>40 conditions ★1</li> <li>30 for any f</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower.	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni	kin representative. t is higher,
<ul> <li>▲ CAUTION</li> <li>Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration. Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.</li> <li>For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.</li> <li>() Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (HIP is light ON.)</li> <li>() Push the BS2 button 58 times to get HIP H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P the LED indications on the right.</li> <li>() Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.</li> <li>() () () () () () () () () () () () () (</li></ul>	<ul> <li>40 conditions with</li> <li>30 for any for a state of the state of th</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower.	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni	kin representative. t is higher,
<ul> <li>Be sure to carry out the field setting for antifreeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration. Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.</li> <li>For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.</li> <li>(D) Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (HIP is light ON.)</li> <li>(2) Push the BS2 button 58 times to get HIP H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P the LED indications on the right.</li> <li>(3) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.</li> <li>(4) O(default) Water O</li> <li>(4) EG 35% O</li> <li>(5) FG 35% O</li> <li>(6) EG 40%, PG 40% O</li> <li>(7) PG 45% -50% O</li> <li>(8) Push the BS3 button functions O</li> <li>(9) EG 10%, PG 10% O</li> <li>(10) EG 15% O</li> <li>(2) EG 25% O</li> <li>(3) EG 10%, PG 20% O</li> <li>(4) EG 25%, PG 25% O</li> <li>(5) Push the BS3 button function complete the setting.</li> <li>(6) Push the BS3 button funct to go back to the 'SETTING MODE 1', (HIP is light OFF.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>40 conditions with</li> <li>30 for any for anti-</li> <li>60 70 80 90</li> <li>Indoor temperature ('FWB)</li> <li>※1:Entering water temperat</li> <li>The water flow rate is 21,</li> <li>The maximum height differ and 65 ft if the outside</li> <li>3. Field setting for anti</li> </ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni	kin representative. t is higher,
b: sore to certify out the field setting for altrificeze control as below in accordance with the antifreeze and the concentration.         Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.         • For details of setting procedures, refer to the label "SERVICE PRECAUTIONS" stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.         ①Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the "SETTING MODE 2" (HIP is light ON.)         ②Push the BS2 button 58 times to get HIP         H2P       H3P         H4P       H5P         H6P       H7P         the LED indications on the right.       O         O       O         ③Push the BS2 button once, (The current setting will be indicated.)         ④Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.         O(default)       Water         2       EG 35%       O         3       EG 45% - 50%       O         4       EG 30%, PC 30%       O       O         5       PG 45% - 50%       O       O       O         7       PG 45% - 50%       O       O       O       O         9       EG 15%, PG 15%       O       O       O       O       O         10       EG 25%, PG 25%       O       O <td><ul> <li>40 conditions **1 condi</li></ul></td> <td>45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control</td> <td>14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i</td> <td>ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni</td> <td>kin representative. t is higher,</td>	<ul> <li>40 conditions **1 condi</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni	kin representative. t is higher,
Ine difficure to do so may result in incorrect operation or malfunction of the system.         • For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.         (D) Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (H1P is light ON.)         (2) Push the BS2 button 58 times to get         H1P       H2P         H3P       H4P         H4P       H5P         H6P       H7P         the BS2 button once, (The current setting will be indicated.)         (2) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.         ()(default)       Water         2       EG 35%         0       0         4       EG 30%, PG 30%         5       PG 35%         0       0         4       EG 30%, PG 40%         0       0         9       EG 10%, PG 10%         0       0         10       EG 15%, PG 15%         11       EG 20%, PG 20%         12       EG 25%, PG 25%         13       EG 25%, PG 25%         14       EG 25%, PG 25%         15       PG 35%         10       EG 15%, PG 15%     <	40 <u>conditions with and conditions with a cond</u>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni	kin representative. t is higher,
<ul> <li>Failure to do so may result in incorrect operation or maitunction of the system.</li> <li>For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.</li> <li>(1) Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (HIP is light ON.)</li> <li>(2) Push the BS2 button 58 times to get HIP H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P the LED indications on the right.</li> <li>(3) Push the BS2 button once, (The current setting will be indicated.)</li> <li>(4) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.</li> <li>(1) (default) Water O</li> <li>(2) EG 35% O</li> <li>(3) EG 45% -50% O</li> <li>(4) EG 30%, PG 30% O</li> <li>(5) PG 35% O</li> <li>(6) EG 40%, PG 40% O</li> <li>(7) PG 45% -50% O</li> <li>(9) EG 10%, PG 10% O</li> <li>(10) EG 15%, PG 15% O</li> <li>(11) EG 20%, PG 20% O</li> <li>(12) EG 25% O</li> <li>(3) Push the BS3 button twice to complete the setting.</li> <li>(5) Push the BS3 button twice to complete the setting.</li> <li>(6) Push the BS1 button once to go back to the 'SETTING MODE 1'. (HIP is light OFF.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>40 conditions **1</li> <li>30 conditions **1</li> <li>60 70 80 90</li> <li>Indoor temperature ('FWB)</li> <li>*1:Entering water temperat</li> <li>The water flow rate is 21,</li> <li>The water flow rate is 21,</li> <li>The maximum height differ and 65 ft if the outside</li> <li>3. Field setting for anti</li> <li>CAUTION</li> <li>Be sure to carry out for the set of the out of the set of the se</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with
<ul> <li>For details of setting procedures, refer to the label 'SERVICE PRECAUTIONS' stacked on the control box cover of the outside unit or the service manual.</li> <li>(1) Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2'(H1P is light ON.)</li> <li>(2) Push the BS2 button 58 times to get H1P H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P the LED indications on the right.</li> <li>(3) Push the BS3 button once. (The current setting will be indicated.)</li> <li>(4) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.</li> <li>(1) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4</li></ul>	<ul> <li>40 conditions **1</li> <li>30 conditions **1</li> <li>60 70 80 90</li> <li>Indoor temperature ('FWB)</li> <li>*1:Entering water temperat</li> <li>The water flow rate is 21,</li> <li>The water flow rate is 21,</li> <li>The maximum height differ and 65 ft if the outside</li> <li>3. Field setting for anti</li> <li>CAUTION</li> <li>Be sure to carry out for the antifreeze and the carry out for antiparts of the antifreeze and the carry out for antiparts of the antifreeze and the carry out for antiparts of the antifreeze and the carry out for antiparts of the ca</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a concentration.	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with
of the outside unit or the service manual.         ① Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (HIP is light ON.)         ② Push the BS2 button 58 times to get HIP H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P         the LED indications on the right.       ○       ○       ●         ③ Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.       ○       ●         (④ Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.       ○       ●         (④ Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.       ○       ●         (④ Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.       ○       ●         (④ Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.       ○       ●         (④ default)       Water       ○       ●	<ul> <li>40 conditions **1 condi</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a concentration. result in incorrect ope	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as eration or malfunctic	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m.
Of the outside differentiation for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (H1P is light ON.)         (1) Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds or more to go to the 'SETTING MODE 2' (H1P is light ON.)         (2) Push the BS2 button 58 times to get       H1P       H2P       H3P       H4P       H5P       H6P       H7P         the LED indications on the right.       (1) <td><ul> <li>40</li></ul></td> <td>45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope</td> <td>14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as eration or malfunctio</td> <td>ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste</td> <td>kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m.</td>	<ul> <li>40</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as eration or malfunctio	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m.
(1) Hold down the BS1 buttom for 5 seconds of more to go to the series will be indicated.)         (2) Push the BS2 buttom 58 times to get       H1P       H2P       H3P       H4P       H5P       H6P       H7P         (3) Push the BS3 buttom once. (The current setting will be indicated.)       (1)       (	<ul> <li>40 conditions *1 conditina *1 conditions *1 conditions *1 conditions *1 conditions *1 c</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as eration or malfunctic bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover
the LED indications on the right.       O       O       O       O         (a) Push the BS3 button once, (The current setting will be indicated.)       O       O       O       O         (a) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.       O       O       O         (a) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.       O       O       O         (a) Cdefault)       Water       O       O       O       O       O         (a) Cdefault)       Water       O       O       O       O       O         (a) Cdefault)       Water       O       O       O       O       O       O         (a) Cdefault)       Water       O       O       O       O       O       O       O         (a) Cdefault)       Water       O <td><ul> <li>40 conditions *1 conditions *1</li></ul></td> <td>45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect oper Tocedures, refer to the la le service manual.</td> <td>14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as eration or malfunctic bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION</td> <td>ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th</td> <td>kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover</td>	<ul> <li>40 conditions *1 conditions *1</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect oper Tocedures, refer to the la le service manual.	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as eration or malfunctic bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION	ails,ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover
Construction on cet, (The current setting will be indicated.)         (a) Push the BS2 button once, (The current setting will be indicated.)         (a) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.         0(default)       Water         2       EG 35%         3       EG 45% - 50%         4       EG 30%, PG 30%         5       PG 35%         6       EG 40%, PG 40%         7       PG 45% - 50%         9       EG 10%, PG 10%         9       EG 10%, PG 10%         10       EG 25%         11       EG 20%, PG 25%         0       I         11       EG 25%, PG 25%         0       I         11       EG 25%, PG 25%         0       I         12       EG 25%, PG 25%         13       EG 25%, PG 25%         14       EG 25%, PG 25%         15       Push the BS1 button once to go back to the 'SETTING MODE 1'. (H1P is light OFF.)	<ul> <li>40 conditions *1 conditions *1</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope tocedures, refer to the la le service manual. 5 seconds or more to go to the to get upp	14 ~ 95 on conditions. For deta ndoor units is 164 ft i antifreeze control as eration or malfunctic bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is 1)	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover
(A) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indications below in accordance with the antifreeze and concentration.         0(default)       Water       0         2       EG 35%       0       0         3       EG 45% - 50%       0       0         4       EG 30%, PG 30%       0       0         5       PG 35%       0       0         6       EG 40%, PG 40%       0       0         7       PG 45% - 50%       0       0         9       EG 10%, PG 10%       0       0         10       EG 15%, PG 15%       0       0         11       EG 25%, PG 25%       0       0         (2) Push the BS1 button once to go back to the 'SETTING MODE 1'. (H1P is light OFF.)       0       0	<ul> <li>40</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a concentration. result in incorrect oper vocedures, refer to the la le service manual. 5 seconds or more to go to the to get HIP H2P ot a	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunction         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is 11)         H3P         H4P	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.)	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover
0(default)       Water       0       0       0       0         2       EG 35%       0       0       0       0       0         3       EG 45% - 50%       0       0       0       0       0         4       EG 30%, PG 30%       0       0       0       0       0         5       PG 35%       0       0       0       0       0         6       EG 40%, PG 40%       0       0       0       0       0         7       PG 45% - 50%       0       0       0       0       0       0         9       EG 10%, PG 10%       0       0       0       0       0       0       0         10       EG 15%, PG 15%       0       <	<ul> <li>40 conditions *1 conditions *1</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a concentration. result in incorrect ope vocedures, refer to the la te service manual. 5 seconds or more to go to the to get HIP H2P ght. O current setting will be indic	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (HIP is 1):         H3P         H4P         O         ated.)	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover
2       EG 35%       0       • <td><ul> <li>40</li></ul></td> <td>45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a concentration. result in incorrect ope vocedures, refer to the la le service manual. 5 seconds or more to go to the to get HIP H2P ght. current setting will be indice e LED indications below in acc</td> <td>14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is 1):         H3P         H4P         O         otdance with the antifreeze</td> <td>ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.</td> <td>kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P O •</td>	<ul> <li>40</li></ul>	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending ,5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a concentration. result in incorrect ope vocedures, refer to the la le service manual. 5 seconds or more to go to the to get HIP H2P ght. current setting will be indice e LED indications below in acc	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is 1):         H3P         H4P         O         otdance with the antifreeze	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P O •
3       EG 45% - 50%       0       • <t< td=""><td>40 30 60 70 80 90 10 door temperature (FWB) 31:Entering water temperat The water flow rate is 21, The maximum height differ and 65 ft if the outside 3. Field setting for anti CAUTION • Be sure to carry out ft the antifreeze and the Failure to do so may • For details of setting pr of the outside unit or th 10 Hold down the BS1 button for 12 Push the BS2 button 58 times the LED indications on the ri 13 Push the BS2 button noce. (The 40 (default) Water</td><td>45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope vocedures, refer to the la the service manual. <u>5 seconds or more to go to the</u> to get HIP H2P ght. O O current setting will be indice e LED indications below in acc</td><td>14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (HIP is linghts)         H3P         H4P         O         ated.)         Ordance with the antifreeze</td><td>ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.</td><td>kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P O O</td></t<>	40 30 60 70 80 90 10 door temperature (FWB) 31:Entering water temperat The water flow rate is 21, The maximum height differ and 65 ft if the outside 3. Field setting for anti CAUTION • Be sure to carry out ft the antifreeze and the Failure to do so may • For details of setting pr of the outside unit or th 10 Hold down the BS1 button for 12 Push the BS2 button 58 times the LED indications on the ri 13 Push the BS2 button noce. (The 40 (default) Water	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope vocedures, refer to the la the service manual. <u>5 seconds or more to go to the</u> to get HIP H2P ght. O O current setting will be indice e LED indications below in acc	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (HIP is linghts)         H3P         H4P         O         ated.)         Ordance with the antifreeze	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P O O
4       EG 30%, PG 30%       0       •	40 conditions **1 con	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope vocedures, refer to the la the service manual. <u>5 seconds or more to go to the</u> to get HIP H2P ght. <u>Current setting will be indice</u> <u>e LED indications below in acc</u>	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel *SERVICE PRECAUTION         *SETTING MODE 2* (H1P is lined)         ated.)         ordance with the antifreeze	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P O •
5       ru 33%       0 <td>40 conditions **1 con</td> <td>45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope ocedures, refer to the la to get HIP H2P ght. O O current setting will be indic e LED indications below in acc</td> <td>14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is lined)         ated.)         ordance with the antifreeze         • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •</td> <td>ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.</td> <td>kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P H7P</td>	40 conditions **1 con	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope ocedures, refer to the la to get HIP H2P ght. O O current setting will be indic e LED indications below in acc	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is lined)         ated.)         ordance with the antifreeze         • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P H7P
0       La 400%, Fo 400%       0	40 conditions **1 30 conditions **1 30 conditions **1 60 70 80 90 Indoor temperature (FWB) **1:Entering water temperat • The water flow rate is 21, • The maximum height differ and 65 ft if the outside 3. Field setting for anti CAUTION • Be sure to carry out the antifreeze and the failure to do so may for the antifreeze and the failure to do so may for the outside unit or the the BS1 button for the CHU side unit or the DHold down the BS1 button for the LED indications on the ri (3) Push the BS2 button 58 times the LED indications on the ri (3) Push the BS2 button to get the Old for the S1 button for the CHU side unit or the DS2 button for the s2 button for the CHU side unit or the Old for the BS2 button for the CHU side unit or the CHU side unit or the CHU side unit or the DS2 button for the outside unit or the DS2 button for the Old for the BS2 button for the CHU side unit or the Old for the DS2 button for the DS2 button for the DS2 button for the DS2 button for the Old for the DS2 button f	45 - 50%         ure can be lower depending         .5~39.5 gpm.         ence between outside and i         unit is lower.         freeze control         the field setting for a         e concentration.         result in incorrect ope         'occedures, refer to the la         le service manual.         5 seconds or more to go to the         to get HIP H2P         ght.         O         O         O	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft in         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunction         bel * SERVICE PRECAUTION         *SETTING MODE 2* (H1P is 1);         H3P       H4P         O       O         ated.)       O         O       O         O       O         •       •	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
9       EG 10%, PG 10%       0	40	45 - 50%         ure can be lower depending         .5~39.5 gpm.         ence between outside and i         unit is lower.         freeze control         the field setting for a         the field setting for a         e concentration.         result in incorrect ope         'occedures, refer to the la         to get       HIP         ght.       O         Current setting will be indic         e LED indications below in acc         O       O         O       O	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detained         ndoor units is 164 ft important         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunction         *SERVICE PRECAUTION         *SETTING MODE 2* (H1P is limportant)         H3P         H4P         O	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10       EG 15%, PG 15%       O	40	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope ocedures, refer to the la to get HIP H2P ght. O current setting will be indic e LED indications below in acc O O O O O O O O O O O O O	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft in         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunction         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is ling         H3P         H4P         O         ated.)         Ordance with the antifreeze         O         O         O         O         O         O         O	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration.	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P H6P H7P O O O O O O O O O O O O O
11       EG 20%, PG 20%       0	40	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope to get HIP H2P ght. O current setting will be indic e LED indications below in acc O O O O O O O O O O O O O	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft in         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunction         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is 1i)         H3P         H4P         O         ated.)         Ordance with the antifreeze         O         O         O         O         O         O         O         O         O         O         O         O	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) And concentration.	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P H6P H7P O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
12       EG 25%, PG 25%       O       O       O         (5) Push the BS3 button twice to complete the setting.       O       O       O       O         (6) Push the BS1 button once to go back to the 'SETTING MODE 1'. (H1P is light OFF.)       O       O       O       O	40 conditions ★1 30 60 70 80 90 Indoor temperature (FWB) ★1:Entering water temperat • The water flow rate is 21, • The maximum height differ and 65 ft if the outside 3. Field setting for anti • Be sure to carry out the the antifreeze and the Failure to do so may for the outside unit or the () Hold down the BS1 button for () Push the BS2 button 58 times the LED indications on the ri () Hold down the BS1 button for () Push the BS2 button to get the 0 (default) Water 2 EG 35% 3 EG 45% -50% 4 EG 30%, PG 30% 5 PG 35% 6 EG 40%, PG 40% 7 PG 45% -50% 9 EG 10%, PG 10% 10 EG 15%, PG 15%	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope to get HIP H2P ght. O current setting will be indic e LED indications below in acc O O O O O O O O O O O O O	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunction         bel * SERVICE PRECAUTION         *SETTING MODE 2* (H1P is 1)         H3P         H4P         O         ated.)         O	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration. O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P O H6P O H6P O H6P O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
(5) Push the BS3 button twice to complete the setting.         (6) Push the BS1 button once to go back to the 'SETTING MODE 1'. (H1P is light OFF.)	40	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope toget HIP H2P ght. O current setting will be indic e LED indications below in acc O O O O O O O O O O O O O	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is 1i)         H3P         H4P         O         ordance with the antifreeze         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) HSP and concentration. O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P H6P H7P O O O O O O O O O O O O O
Log Pursh the BSI button once to go back to the SELLING MUDE L. (HIP is light UFF.)	40	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope toget HIP H2P ght. O current setting will be indic e LED indications below in acc O O O O O O O O O O O O O	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (H1P is 1i)         H3P         H4P         O         ordance with the antifreeze         0	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration. O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P H6P H7P 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	40	45 - 50% ure can be lower depending .5~39.5 gpm. ence between outside and i unit is lower. freeze control the field setting for a e concentration. result in incorrect ope correct setting will be indice e LED indications below in acc 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14 ~ 95         on conditions. For detain         ndoor units is 164 ft i         antifreeze control as         eration or malfunctic         bel "SERVICE PRECAUTION         "SETTING MODE 2" (HIP is II)         H3P       H4P         O       O         ated.)       O         ordance with the antifreeze       O         O       O         <	ails, ask your Dai f the outside uni s below in acco on of the syste S' stacked on th ght ON.) H5P and concentration. O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	kin representative. t is higher, rdance with m. e control box cover H6P H7P H6P H7P 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

3P302356B

# 4. REFNET Pipe System

# 4.1 Layout Example

4.1.1 Heat Pump Series: Use of the particular branch fitting appropriate to each individual unit type not only permits the pipes to be laid with ease but also increases the reliability of the system as a whole.



Units can be added by connecting them directly to the REFNET header or REFNET joint. Further branches cannot be included in the system below the REFNET header branch. **Notes:** 

- 1. When the capacity ratio of the indoor system to the outside unit is more than 100% and when all the indoor units are in operation at the same time then the rated capacity of each unit will be somewhat reduced.
- Special purpose REFNET pipe components must be used for all the pipe work. For further details concerning choosing components, see REFNET and Piping Selection Rules.
- 3. The Daikin REFNET kits are supplied with insulation intended to fit over the main body of the REFNET joint after installation of the REFNET kit is complete.
- 4. **IMPORTANT:** In applications where the REFNET kits are installed in an environment requiring fire-rated materials to be used, it is necessary for the installer to obtain from a third-party supplier and to utilize, for insulation, fire-rated materials that meet all applicable building codes and other requirements. TheFactory-provided insulation that is supplied with the REFNET kits should be discarded in a manner meeting all applicable laws.

# 4.1.2 Heat Recovery Series

Use of the particular branch fitting appropriate to each individual unit type not only permits the pipes to be laid with ease but also increases the reliability of the system as a whole.



Units can be added by connecting them directly to the REFNET header or REFNET joint. Further branches cannot be included in the system below the REFNET header branch.

# Notes:

- 1. When the capacity ratio of the indoor system to the outside unit is more than 100% and when all the indoor units are in operation at the same time then the rated capacity of each unit will be somewhat reduced.
- 2. Special purpose REFNET pipe components must be used for all the pipe work. For further details concerning choosing components, see REFNET and Piping Selection Rules.
- 3. The Daikin REFNET kits are supplied with insulation intended to fit over the main body of the REFNET joint after installation is complete.
- 4. **IMPORTANT:** In applications where the REFNET kits are installed in an environment requiring fire-rated materials to be used, it is necessary to utilize fire-rated materials that meet such requirements and to discard, in a manner meeting all applicable laws, the insulation that is factory provided with the REFNET kits.

# 4.2 Max. Refrigerant Piping Length

# 4.2.1 Heat Pump Series



		Actual piping length	Example	Equivalent piping length
	Refrigerant piping length	390 ft (120 m)	a+f+g+h+i	459 ft (140 m) (Note 3)
Moximum	Total piping length	980 ft (300 m)	a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h+i	—
allowable piping length	Between the first indoor branch and the farthest indoor unit	130 ft (40 m) (Note 4)	f+g+h+i	_
-	Between the outside branch and the last outside unit	33 ft (10 m)	k+p	43 ft (13 m)

			Level Difference	Example	Outside Units
	Between the outside up	nits (Multiple use)	6.5 ft (2 m)	q	RWEYQ-P
Movimum	Between the indoor un	its	49 ft (15 m)	s	—
allowable level difference	Between the outside	If the outside unit is above.	164 ft (50 m)	r	
	units	If the outside unit is below.	130 ft (40 m)	r	RWETQ-P

# Notes:

- 1. Be sure to use a REFNET piping kit for the branch of piping.
- 2. A branch part can not be installed to the down flow of the REFNET header.
- 3. When the equivalent piping length between the outside and indoor units exceeds 262.5 ft (80 m), the size of main pipes on **the liquid side** must be increased according to "**Example of connection**" in the installation manual. (Never increase the suction gas pipe and HP/LP gas pipe.)
- 4. The maximum actual piping length can be 295 ft (90 m), depending on conditions. Various conditions and requirements have to be met to allow utilisation of 295 ft (90 m) piping length. Be sure to refer to "Example of connection" of the installation manual.

# 1. Equivalent Piping Length of Joints and Headers (Reference)

Pipe Size *	φ 1/4 in. (φ 6.4 mm)	φ 3/8 in. (φ 9.5 mm)	φ 1/2 in. (φ 12.7 mm)	φ 5/8 in. (φ 15.9 mm)	φ 3/4 in. (φ 19.1 mm)	φ 7/8 in. (φ 22.2 mm)	φ 1 in. (φ 25.4 mm)	φ 1-1/8 in. (φ 28.6 mm)	φ 1-1/4 in. (φ 31.8 mm)	φ 1-3/8 in. (φ 34.9 mm)	φ 1-1/2 in. (φ 38.1 mm)	φ 1-5/8 in. (φ 41.3 mm)
L Joints												
	6-1/4 in. (0.16 m)	7-1/8 in. (0.18 m)	7-7/8 in. (0.20 m)	9-7/8 in. (0.25 m)	13-3/4 in. (0.35 m)	15-3/4 in. (0.40 m)	17-3/4 in. (0.45 m)	19-5/8 in. (0.50 m)	21-5/8 in. (0.55 m)	23-5/8 in. (0.60 m)	25-5/8 in. (0.65 m)	29-1/2 in. (0.75 m)
REFNET Joint												
						1.6 ft (	0.5 m)					
REFNET Header												
						3.3 ft (	1.0 m)					
Branch Selector units			BSVC	236/60P\	/JU: 13.1	ft (4.0 m	), BSVQ	96PVJU:	19.7 ft (6	6.0 m)		
Centralized Branch Selector units					BSV4/6	Q36PVJI	U: 13.1 ft	(4.0 m)				

\* When the equivalent piping length in cooling operation is calculated, the gas pipe size is selected. When the equivalent piping length in heating operation is calculated, the liquid pipe size is selected.

# 4.3 Field Refrigerant Piping

# 4.3.1 Heat Pump Series

# 1. The following materials should be used for all refrigerant piping.

Materials: Deoxidized phosphorous seamless copper pipe or equivalent

# 2. The tips for insulation

- Gas and liquid piping must be insulated.
- Be sure to insulate the liquid-side and gas-side piping for the inter-unit piping and the refrigerant branch kits and always use 18-type or better insulation for the oil pressure equalizer.
- Materials: Glass fiber or heat resistant polyethylene foam. Thickness: 1/2 inch (13 mm) or more depending on National or Local Code. Heat resistance: Be sure to use insulation that is designed for use with HVAC Systems. /
- If you think the humidity around the cooling piping might exceed 86°F (30°C) and RH80%, reinforce the insulation on the cooling piping (at least 1 inch (25.4 mm) thick). Condensation might form on the surface of the insulation.
- Insulation of both liquid and gas pipe



# 4.3.2 Heat Recovery Series

- Suction, HP/LP gas piping, liquid piping must be insulated.
- Example of thermal insulation work
- 3 piping section (between outdoor unit and Branch Selector unit)
   2 piping section (between Branch Selector unit and indoor unit)



# 4.4 **REFNET Joints and Headers**

# 4.4.1 **REFNET Joints**

For gas and liquid branch pipes



■ Make sure that all branch pipes are fitted such that they branch either horizontally or vertically.



When the size of the selected field piping is different from that of branch pipe then the connecting section should be cut with a pipe cutter as shown in the figure below.



When you are cutting an inlet or outlet pipe with a pipe cutter make sure that you make the cut in the center of the connection area.



Branch pipes must be insulated in accordance with the handbook which comes with each kit.



# 4.4.2 **REFNET Headers**

Gas branch pipes	Liquid branch pipes			
Field piping	Field piping			
Field piping	Field piping			
To outdoor unit	To indoor unit			
To outdoor unit	Liquid branch pipe			
(Option)	(Option)			

When the number of indoor units to be connected to the branch pipes is less than the number of branch pipes available for connection then cap pipes should be fitted to the surplus branches.



When the size of the selected field piping is different from that of branch pipe then the connecting section should be cut with a pipe cutter as shown in the figure below.



- When field piping is connected to the B section of the inlet/outlet pipe on the outside unit side of the liquid pipe header.
- Cut the B section with a pipe cutter as shown below and connect it to the A section.
- Connect the flared section of the field pipe to the B section.



Fit the branch pipe so that the branch lies in a horizontal plane.



- The branch pipe must be insulated in accordance with the instruction manual which comes with each kit.
- 1. Use the insulator included in the kit to insulate the header.



2. Joints between insulators included in the kit and those already applied to the field piping should be sealed with the tape which is also included in each kit.



3. Any cap pipes should also be insulated using the insulator provided with each kit and then taped as described above.



# 5. **REFNET Joint and Header**

#### **REFNET Joint (Branch Kit)** 5.1



LIQUID SIDE JOINT

Unit (in.)



C: D3K05234A

**KHRP26A33T9** 





LIQUID SIDE JOINT

Unit (in.)



C: D3K05235B

# KHRP26M72TU9

I.D.1-1/8 O.D.7/8 I.D1-1/8 O.D.7/8

4-3/4

I.D.5/8, O.D.5/8

T

3-15/16

I.D.1/2

3-1/8

- ť



O.D.5/8 I.D.1/2 O.D.1/2 I.D.3/8 0.D.3/8 I.D.1/4 -1-15/16 2-3/8 3-1/8

D3K05572A

O.D.1-3/8

4-3/4

# **KHRP25A22T9**

GAS SIDE JOINT



LIQUID SIDE JOINT

Unit (in.)



#### C: D3K05706

# KHRP25A33T9











Unit (in.)

C: D3K05707

Unit (in.)

# KHRP25M72TU9

SUCTION GAS SIDE 17-5/8 (4-1/4) 13-3/8 I.D \u03c6 1-1/4 / I.D \u03c6 1-1/8 I.D \u03c6 I.D \u00f3 1 3-1/8 I.D \u03et 1/2 I.D \u03et 5/8 I.D \ 1-1/8 I.D \u00f6 7/8 O.D \u00f6 1 I.D \ 5/8 O.D \u00f6 1 0.D \u00f6 1 Ð t t 3-15/16 3-15/16 I.D ¢ 7/8 0.D \u00f3/4 t 3-15/16 DISCHARGE GAS SIDE LIQUID SIDE 0.D \u03c6 5/8 13-1/16 I.D & 7/8 I.D \ 3/4 I.D ¢ 5/8 11-7/16 (1-5/8) I.D \ 3/ I.D \u03e9 3/4 O.D \u03e9 5/8 I.D \ 3/8 O.D \u00f3 1/2 I.D \u00f3 5/8 Ŧ Ť -Ŧ 3-1/8 O.D ¢ 1/2 I.D ¢ 5/8 / I.D ¢ 1/2 E 3-1/8 3-1/8 I.D ¢ 1/2 \ \.D ∳ 1/2 I.D ∳ 5/8 3-1/8 I.D \$ 3/8 3-1/8 I.D \u00f3 1/4 ř 2-3/8 \I.D ¢ 3/8 (1-1/2) 12-11/16 INSULATION \I.D ¢ 1/2

D3K04888B

14-3/16

# KHRP25M73TU9





# KHRP26A22T9 / KHRP26A33T9





C: 2P182411



C: 2P182411

# KHRP25A22T9 / KHRP25A33T9



C: 3P203737



C: 3P203737

# KHRP25M72TU9 / KHRP25M73TU9 / KHRP26M72TU9 / KHRP26M73TU9



3P161697D



# EDUS301214-N

# 5.2 REFNET Header (Branch Kit)

# KHRP26M22H9









C: D3K03630C

Unit (in.)

D3K05574



# KHRP26M73HU9







# KHRP25M33H9





# KHRP25M73HU9



D3K05575

KHRP26M22H9 / KHRP26M33H9 / KHRP26M72H9





C: 3P113151C



C: 3P113151C

# KHRP25M33H9 / KHRP25M72H9



	HIS KIT IN	ICLUDES TH	IE FOLLOWI	NG PARTS.					
			S	HAPE					
(IT NAME	SUCTION GAS SIDE HEADER	DISCHARGE GAS(HP/LP GAS) SIDE HEADER	LIQUID SIDE HEADER	INSULATION FOR HEADER	PLUGGING TUBES	REDUCE	R	INSULATION FOR Gas side Enclosed piping	INSULATION FOR Liquid side piping
KHRP 25M33H Bbranches	* 1 pcs.	1 pcs.	1 pcs.	C LINE CONTRACTOR OF LINE CONTRA	6 each for suction gas/ discharge gas (HP/LP gas)/ liquid sides	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	00 gas side 9) 5pcs, arge gas(HP/LP gas)side 1) Ipcs, 7) 3pcs, id side 5) 2pcs,	1 2 pcs.	8 pcs.
KHRP 25M72H Bbranches	1 pcs.	1 pcs.	1 pcs.	CULTURE 2 pcs, for gas side CULTURE 1 pcs, for liquid side	6 each for suction gas/ discharge ga (HP/LP gas)/ liquid sides	sucti (#15 (#15 (#15 (#15 (#15 (#15 (#12))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))	00 gas 1) [Pcs, 3) 2pcs, arge gas(W/LP gas)side 1) 3pcs, 3) [Pcs, 7) 2pcs, id side 5) 2pcs,	1 2 pcs.	B PCS.
(Lat NTROI	bel for R410A is DUCTION	attached on each attached on each as a refrige	rant branchin	g kit for HEAT RE	COVERY unit	for inst	allation i	n buildi	ngs.
●Betwe	en outdoor unit	and BS unit (ups	tream of BS unit	:), use 3 pipings,	3 pipi	ngs BC unt+	Downetreem of D	2 piping	S cooling-ooly indee
●Betwe HEAD	this kit for suc en BS unit and i ER and cooling-o	n branching appl ndoor unit (down nly indoor unit,	ication, stream of BS un use 2 pipings,	t) and between REFNE	T Discharge gas side piping	ide piping (HP/LP gas)	Gas side pipi Liquid side pip	ng Su Ding	iction gas side pi Liquid side pipin
SELEC	TION PROCED	)URE)			LIQUID SIDE P	Thing			
Accor	ding to the I	NSTALLATION M	ANUAL of outd	oor unit.					
NSTA	LLATION PRO	CEDURE							
<b>T</b> he	pipe size of e	ach parts are s	hown below.						
	01107101								
KIT NAME	SUCTION	GAS SIDE HEADER	1	ISCHARGE GAS(HP/LP GAS)	IDE HEADER	I	IQUID SIDE HEAD	ER	
KHRP 25M33H 8branches	<u>\$000000000000000000000000000000000000</u>	GAS SIDE HEADER	¢ 12, 7X5	4 15,9 4 19,1 4 15,9 4 19,1 4 15,9 72 4 15,9 72 4 15,97 4 15,97 4 15,97 4 15,97 4 15,97 4 15,177 4 15,1777 4 15,1777 4 15,1777 4 15,1777 4 15,1777 4 15	1DE HEADER	¢ <u>12.</u> 7 ¢ <u>9.55</u> ¢ <u>9.5X6</u> ¢ <u>6.4X6</u>	LIQUID SIDE HEAD	¢ 9. 5	-

C: 3P113623D



C: 3P113623D

# KHRP25M73HU9 / KHRP26M73HU9



3P185500



3P185500
# 5.3 Outside Unit Multi Connection Piping Kit

### BHFP22MA56U



Installation of Outside Units

#### BHFP22MA84U



#### BHFP26MA56U



#### BHFP26MA56U, continued



#### BHFP26MA84U



#### BHFP26MA84U, continued





BHFP22MA56U / BHFP22MA84U, BHFP26MA56U / BHFP26MA84U

1P185542



1P185542

# 6. Field Setting

## 6.1 RWEYQ-PTJU/RWEYQ-PYDN



SETTING MODE 1 (COOL/HE	AT selection	sett	ing):H1P is light OFF.		Example of LED indication
Setting procedure Details of COOL/HEAT selection setting			   H1Р	ана сле ртасех Н2Р Н3Р Н4Р Н5Р Н6Р Н7Р	
Druck the SET button When setting CONL/HEAT selection for each outside					
(BS2) and adjust system individually. (factory set)					
the LED indication In case of master unit when setting COOL/HEAT (*1)					
to either one of selection for multiple system together.			_ <b>_</b>	////////////////////////////////////	
right.					
(2) Push the RETURN button(B	S3) and the se	tting	is defined.		
See the service manual	for detail.				
SETTING MODE 2 · H1P is light ON Setting of the following items					Example of LED indication
(A) to (E) can be carried out,				and the places	
Setting procedur	<u>e</u>		Details of setting	HIP	$\frac{1}{1}$
① Push the SET_button(BS2) and		(A) Additional retrigerant charging operation setting (B) Refrigerant recovery operation			(@/)/@/)/@/@/
dajust the LED indication the		/Evacuation mode setting			
according to the require	ed C	)Auto	demand control setting	$ $ $\bigcirc$	
mode( (A) ~ (F) ),	0	)Dema	nd 1 level setting	$\bigcirc$	
	E	)Exter	nal control adapter setting (涨1)		<b>`@^@</b> /``O/``O/``@/``@/
	Œ	)Remo	te controller display		
		when	interlock open setting		
2 Push the RETURN button(B	BS3).(The curr	ent s	etting will be indicated.)		
③ Push the SET button(BS2)	and adjust (	AB	0 N		$\bigcirc \bigcirc $
the LED indication to th	e example	Ð	<u>OFF(factory_set)</u>	1-Ō	
required setting.		$\bigcirc$	<u>OFF(factory set)</u>	$\bigcirc$	<b>0</b>
$/FOR (A), (B), (E) = ON \cdot OF$	F \   (	₩2)	Demand setting 1	[-Ō	
(FUR C) - UFF • Demand FOR C) - LEVEL 1 ~ 3	1~2		Demand setting 2	[_Ō	
$ $ $FOR \oplus - OFF \cdot 5 \sim 35$	minutes / 🛛 🔾		<u>Level 1 </u>	0_	
₩2 "Demand 2" setting is	even more (	₩3)	<u>Level 2(factory set)</u>	0_	
power-saving operati	on than	Ē	Level 3		
→ Demana → Setting ₩3 In setting (1) Auto dema	nd operation		<u> </u>	0_	
can be carried	(	₩4)	<u>5 minutes</u>	<u>_</u>	
Level 1:60% level			_1_Ominutes	0_	
Level 3 : 80% level			_ <u>15_minutes</u>	<u>_</u>	
★4 There are 7 stages in "error indication - ON" setting where you can set the amount of interval time until each error indication.			<u>20 minutes</u>	<u>_</u>	
			<u>25 minutes</u>	<u>_Q</u>	
			<u>30 minutes</u>	<u>_Q</u>	
			35 minutes	$\mid \bigcirc$	
(4) Push the RETURN button(I	<u>353) for defin</u>	ing t	he setting.	1 * = -	
(5) When the KEIUKN button(B	53) is pushed	again,	the system starts the opera	tion (	accurding to the setting.
* See the service manual	TUP SETTING OT	ing t	nam the above. tems can be confirmed	777.	·Example of LED indication
[CUNFIRMATION OF SETTING by SETTING MO]		MODE	1] (H1P : light OFF).		and the places
Confirming item			H1P	H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P	
Indication of the current	●:Normal (	) : Ma	lfunction		
operating state	🕒:Under pre	eparat	ion or under check operation		
Indication of COOL/HEAT	when setting C system individ	UUL/HI Wallv	EAL SELECTION FOR EACH OUTSIDE (factory set)		
selection setting	In case of mas	master unit when setting COOL/HEAT			
selection f		or multiple system together.			
	in case of sla selection for	we un multi	ri when setting CUUL/HEAL ple system together.		



Service mode operation method
1. In case of multiple combination units, do setting and check the LED indication with master
Unit .(see <u>[Caution for multiple combination units</u> ]) 2 After turning on the power supply, the unit cannot be started the operation until the H2P
LED goes off (maximum 12 minutes).
Check operation method • Check the stop valves. (Make sure to open the gas and liquid stop valve.)
• Carry out check operation after installation.
and the unit cannot be operated.
When carrying out check operation, shut the control box cover. ① For the purpose of compressor protection, make sure to turn on the power supply 6 hours
② Set to [SETTING MODE 1] (H1P:light OFF).
③ Press the TEST button(BS4) for 5 seconds or more when the unit is at standstill. Then, the unit starts the check operation.
(If H2P flashes and the remote controller indicates " २०००००००००००००००००००००००००००००००००००
refrigerant uniform before the compressor starts, but this is not a malfunction.
Depending on the situation, the refrigerant running sound or the magnetic sound of a solenoid
The items on the right are automatically checked.
(4) Close the front panel during the check operation. (A misjudgement may be carried out.) (A misjudgement may be carried out.)
(maximum 30 minutes) it automatically stops
Check the operation results by the outside unit LED indication. (See the table shown below.)
Normally finish
Abnormally finish
[Measures to be taken when operation finished by abnormality]] the indoor units individually by normal 1 Confirm the malfunction code by the remote controller   operation using the remote controller
2. Correct what is abnormal. (See the installation manual operation manual and
service manual, or get in contact with the dealer.) • Close the front panel to prevent a false
button(BS3) and reset the malfunction code.
4. Carry out the check operation again and confirm that the abnormality is properly corrected. ≫×If no malfunction code is indicated on the remote controller, it is possible to start
normal operation after 5 minutes.
Additional refrigerant charging method
charge the additional refrigerant by this method. Otherwise, trouble will be caused.
(1) Turn on the power supply for the indoor units and the outside unit. ② Run the pump to circulate water.

③ All stop valves to full open. note) • Heat recovery system : Suction	gas, discharge gas a	nd liquid side	e stop va	lves to fi	ull open.
•Heat pump system : Only dischar	rge gas and liquid si	de stop valve:	to full	open.	
(Suction gas	<u>s side stop valve is</u>	<u>totally shut.</u>	)		
(4) After 10 minutes, fully close liquid si	ide sto <u>p valve and th</u>	<u>e</u> n open the <u>v</u> a	ilve by t	urning 180	)°.
(5) While the unit is at standstill and und	der the <u>SETTING MODE</u>	<u>2</u> ],set the (A)	additio	nal ref <b>r</b> ig	gerant
charging operation to ON.Then,the opera	ation starts,H2P has	flickered and	the remo	te contro	ller
indicates " 💩 " (Test operation) an	nd "(CENTRAD)" (Under c	entralized con	itrol).		
6) Once the appropriate amount of refrigerant is charged, press the RETURN button(BS3) and stop operation.					
/ The operation automatically stops wit	hin approximately 30	minutes.			N N
/ If the refrigerant charge cannot be f	finished within 30 mi	nutes, set the	e (A) add	itional re	efrigerant <sup>\</sup>
charge to ON and restart operation. I	If the operation stop	s immediately	after re	start.the	re is a
possibility of having been overcharge	d. Stop adding refri	gerant and che	eck the a	dded volu	ne again /
If it is difficult to charge the refrig	perant additionally d	ecrease the wa	iter temp	erature o	r warm
the refrigerant tank (Warm the refrig	perant tank with a st	upe or a hot w	ater of	100°E or	less )
$(\mathcal{T})$ After the refrigerant charge has is re	omnved make sure to b	ring the liqu	d side	1001 01	1000, /
stop valve to full open immediately (Ot	herwise the piping m	av hurst due t		( Isaa	
				~~~·· /	
Field setting for antifreeze (	control				
①Hold down the BS1 button for 5 seconds o	or more to go to the "S	SETTING MODE 2"	(H1P is li	ight ON.)	
②Push the BS2 button 58 times to get H	1P H2P H3I	P H4P	H5P	H6P	H7P
the LED indications on the right.			•	0	
③Push the BS3 button once.(The current se	etting will be indicate	ed.)			
(4) Push the BS2 button to get the LED indic	cations below in accord	dance with the	antifreeze	e and conc	entration,
Q(default) Water (			•	•	
2 EG 35% C			•	0	
3 EG 45% - 50%			•	0	
4 EG 30%, PG 30% C			0	•	
5 PG 35% C			0		0
6 EG 40%, PG 40% C			0	0	
7 PG 45% - 50%			0	0	
9 EG 10%, PG 10% C		0	•	۲	
10 EG 15%, PG 15% C		0	•	0	
11 EG 20%, PG 20%				0	
12 EG 25%, PG 25%		0	0		
⑤Push the BS3 button twice to complete th	ne setting.				
6 Push the BS1 button once to go back to t	the "SETTING MODE 1".(I	H1P is light OF	F.)		
EG:Ethylene Glycol, PG:Propylene Glyco					]





3P190475C

## 6.2 RWEYQ-PTJU (In case of manufacturing code: RWEYQ-PTJU9)



SETTING MODE 1 (COOL/HEAT selecti	on setting):H1P is light OFF.	Example of LED indication
Setting procedure Details of C		
① Push the SET button When setting COOL/		
(BS2) and adjust <u>system individual</u>		
to either one of selection for mult		
those shown in the In case of slave u right.	nit when setting COOL∕HEAT (፠1)	
(2) Push the RETURN button(RS3) and the	setting is defined	
See the service manual for detail.		
SETTING MODE 2: H1P is light	ON Setting of the following items	Example of LED indication
Setting procedure	Details of setting	
	Additional refrigerant	
① Push the SET button(BS2) and	(R) Refrigerant recovery operation	
adjust the LED indication to	/Evacuation mode setting	
according to the required	© Auto demand control setting	
mode( (A) ~ (Ē) ).	D Demand 1 level setting	
	(€) External control adapter setting (涨1)	
	Remote controller display	
	when interlock open setting	
② Push the RETURN button(BS3).(The	current setting will be indicate	d.)
③ Push the SET button(BS2) and adjust		
shown in the right according to the	(E) <u>DFF(factory set</u> )	
required setting	$(C) \qquad \qquad$	
$(FOR(C) - OFF \cdot Demand 1 \sim 2)$	$(\Re 2)$ Demand setting	
$\left  \left( FOR \bigoplus_{n=1}^{\infty} - LEVEL \right) - 2Fminutes \right $		
$(FUR(F) - UFF \cdot 5 \sim 35 \text{ minutes})$	(#3) [ evel 2(factory set)	
power-saving' operation than	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}$	
"Demand 1" setting	(F) OFF(factory set)	
★3 In setting(), Auto demand operation can be carried	(**4) 5 minutes	
Level 1:60% [eve]	1 O minutes	
Level 2 : 70% level	[ <u>15_minutes</u>	
₩4 There are 7 stages in	20_minutes	
"error indication - ON" setting	25 minutes	
of interval time until each	<u>30 minutes</u>	
error indication.	35 minutes	
(4) Push the RELURN button(BS3) for	defining the setting.	nation according to the estimation
San the service manual for setting	neu ayarn, ine system starts the OPe Fother than the above	ration according to the setting.
CONCIDENTION OF CETTING THE FOLL	pwing items can be confirmed	Example of LED indication
by SETTING MODE 1 (H1P: light OFF).		and the places
Confirming	item	<u>H1P H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P</u>
Indication of the current  ● : Normal  operating state	• malfunction reparation or under test operation	
Indication of COOL/HEAT When setting	COOL/HEAT selection for each outside	
selection setting	idudily.(tactory_set)	+ <i> </i> -
selection fo	r_multiple_system_together	
In case of s selection fo	lave unit when setting COOL/HEAT — r multiple system together.	



Service mode operation method
1 In case of multiple combination units do setting and check the LED indication with master
unit . (see Caution for multiple combination units )
2. After turning on the power supply, the unit cannot be started the operation until the H2P
LED goes off (maximum 12 minutes).
Check operation method
Cleak the stop values (Make supe to open the gas and Liquid stop value )
• check the stup valves, (make sure to upen the gas and righta stup valve.) • Run the pump to circulate water.
• Carry out check operation after installation.
utherwise the maifunction code of will be shown in the remote controller display and the unit cannot be operated.
When carry out check operation, shut the Electrical Components Box cover.
U For the purpose of compressor protection, make sure to turn on the power supply 6 hours before starting operation
② Set to <u>[Setting mode 1]</u> (H1P: Light OFF).
(3) Press the TEST button(BS4) for 5 seconds or more when the unit is at standstill. Then the unit starts the check operation
/If H2P flashes and the remote controller indicates " $\leq$ " (Test operation) and
("GENTAGED" (Under centralized control), it may take 10 minutes to bring the state of
The check operation is automatically carried out in a cooling mode.
Depending on the situation, the refrigerant running sound or the magnetic sound of a solonoid value may become loud during this proration.
The following items are automatically checked.
• Check of miswiring • Check of stop valve opening
• Check of refrigerant charge (excessive refrigerant charge) • Automatic judgement of piping length
④ Close the front panel during the check operation. (A misjudgement may be carried out.)
(5) After operating the unit for 15 minutes (maximum 30 minutes),
it automatically stops. Check the operation results by the outside unit LED indication. (See the table shown below.)
H1P H2P H3P H4P H5P H6P H7P
Normally finish 🛛 🔿 🔿 🔿 🔿
Abnormally finish 🖉 🔿 🔿 🜑 🜑 🚳
Caution >
check the indoor units individually by normal operation using the remote controller.
• The LED indication during this operation changes, but it is not a malfunction. • Close the front panel to prevent a false judgement during check operation.

[[Measures to be taken when operation finished by abnormality]] 1.Confirm the malfunction code by the remote controller. 2.Correct what is abnormal. (See the installation manual, operation manual and service manual,or get in contact with the dealer.) 3.After the abnormality is corrected press the RETURN button(BS3) and reset the malfunction code.
4 Carry out the check operation again and confirm that the abnormality is properly corrected. ≫ If no malfunction code is indicated on the remote controller, it is possible to start normal operation after 5 minutes.
Additional refrigerant charging method
★If the total refrigerant cannot be charged during the outside unit is at standstill, charge the additional refrigerant by this method. Otherwise, trouble will be caused. ① Turn on the power supply for the indoor units and the outside unit.
(2) Run the pump to circulate water. (3) All stop valves to full open.
note) • Heat recovery system: Suction gas, discharge gas and liquid side stop valves to full open.
• Heat pump system : Only discharge gas and liquid side stop valves to full open.
(a) After 10 minutes fully close liquid side stop valve and then open the valve by turning 180°
(5) While the unit is at standstill and under the Setting mode 2, set the (A) additional refrigerant
charging operation to ON. Then, the operation starts. H2P has flickered and the remote
_ controller indicates " 🦝 "(Test operation) and " <code>(EENTRAD)"(Under centralized control).</code>
(6) Once the appropriate amount of refrigerant is charged, press the RETURN button(BS3) and stop operation.
/ The operation automatically stops within approximately 30 minutes. If the
retrigerant charge cannot be finished within 30 minutes, set the (A) additional
after restart there is a nessibility of having been oversharged
Stop adding refrigerant and check the added volume again
If it is difficult to charge the refrigerant additionally decrease the water temperature
or warm the refrigerant tank.
(Warm the refrigerant tank with a stupe or a hot water of 40 degrees or less.)
⑦ After the refrigerant charge hose is removed, <u>make sure to bring the liquid side</u>
<u>stop valve to full open immediately.</u>
<u>(Utherwise the piping may burst due to liquid seal.)</u>





3P190475C



# 1

- Warning Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install this product. Do not try to install the product yourself. Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
  - Use only those parts and accessories supplied or specified by Daikin. Ask a gualified installer or contractor to install those parts and accessories. Use of unauthorised parts and accessories or improper installation of parts and accessories can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
  - Read the User's Manual carefully before using this product. The User's Manual provides important safety instructions and warnings. Be sure to follow these instructions and warnings.

If you have any enquiries, please contact your local importer, distributor and/or retailer.

#### Cautions on product corrosion

1. Air conditioners should not be installed in areas where corrosive gases, such as acid gas or alkaline gas, are produced.

2. If the outdoor unit is to be installed close to the sea shore, direct exposure to the sea breeze should be avoided. If you need to install the outdoor unit close to the sea shore, contact your local distributor.



DAIKIN AC (AMERICAS), INC. 1645 Wallace Drive, Suite 110 Carrollton, TX75006 info@daikinac.com www.daikinac.com

EDUS301214-R Printed in U.S.A. 02/2013 B AK

© All rights reserved 03/13 FS